

Disclaimer



The material in this presentation is a summary of the results of nib holdings limited (nib) for the six months ended 31 December 2020 and an update on nib's activities and is current at the date of preparation, being 22 February 2021. Further details are provided in nib's half year accounts and results announcement released to ASX on 22 February 2021.

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This presentation should be read in conjunction with other publicly available material. Further information including historical results and a description of the activities of nib is available on our website: nib.com.au/shareholders.

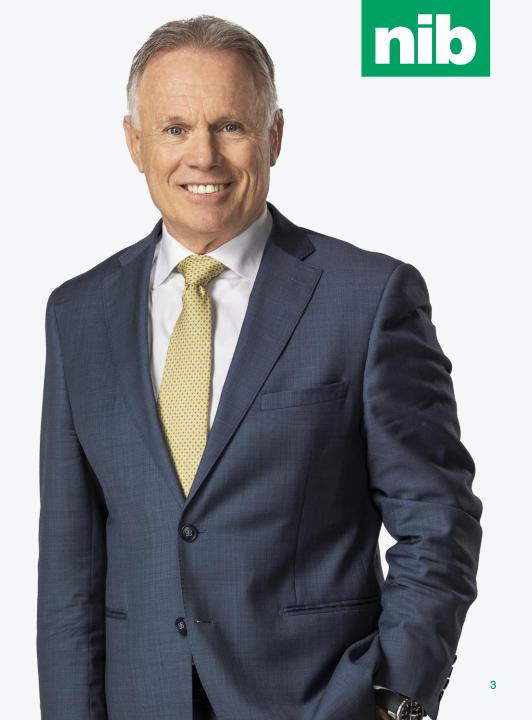
Group, arhi and iihi figures are inclusive of GU Health unless otherwise stated. The GU Health business was acquired on 31 October 2017.

As referenced in this presentation, if there is a percentage increase or (decrease) between 1H20 and 1H21, the change shown is the difference between those two percentages.

Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in this publication are due to rounding.

Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Mark Fitzgibbon



Acknowledgement of country





Image: nib Reflect RAP artwork by proud Barkindji, Malyangapa woman and artist Jasmine Craciun.

nib acknowledges Aboriginal and Torres
Strait Islander peoples as the First
Australians, and pays respect to Elders past
and present across all the lands on which
we operate.

We acknowledge the rich and meaningful contribution they make to life and culture in Australia, and we aim to be a partner in improving the quality of life and health of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

Our purpose: your better health

\$45m+ in CV19 support to date

Population health initiatives, including Ngāti Whātua Ōrākei

~185,000 hospital admissions and 1.9 million ancillary visits during 1H21

Accelerating plans to better predict disease risk and manage illness with ~1,900 members enrolled in Honeysuckle Health management programs in 1H21

>643,000 users engaged with nib's The Check Up, getting the latest information on health insurance, wellbeing and healthy living

\$1m+ committed by nib foundation in 1H21 to community preventative health partnerships



1H21: Group results





\$1.3b

total Group revenue

▼1.1%

Group revenue up ▲2.5% excluding nib Travel



\$86.9m

Group UOP

▲4.4%

Statutory operating profit \$71.6m ▼2.2%



\$28.0m

net investment income

▲ 122.2%



\$66.2m

NPAT

▲ 15.9%, **▲** 27.5%, excluding nib Travel impairment



14.5cps statutory EPS

▲ 15.1%



10.0cps

interim dividend

1H20 10.0cps 2H20 4.0cps



12.2%

ROIC

▼444bps

ROE 16.3% ▼620bps



28.5

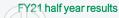
Group NPS¹

1. Excludes nib Travel due to low sales interactions.



\$65.8m

available capital above internal target



1H21: highlights

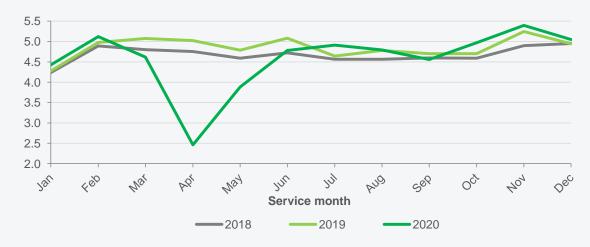
nib

- Strong focus upon member needs in relation to CV19. 1H21 premium relief of \$20.2m in arhi and \$0.2m in NZ and expanded cover for CV19 related treatment.
 - Impressive arhi net membership growth of 2.7%¹. 52.0% of sales <40 with 45.2% of all sales new to category. Net margin of 8.3%.
- Claims outlook remains uncertain with no clear pattern in the "catch-up" of previously deferred treatment and ongoing CV19 implications. \$73.1m provision has been retained in recognition of treatment still deferred.
- Both iihi and nib Travel continue to be materially affected by CV19 restrictions on travel. Rate of decline in iihi members has slowed and some early, albeit small improvement in travel sales.
- New Zealand resident strong net membership growth of 2.6%¹ and net margin of 8.7%. Now cover almost 4,200 lives with Ngāti Whātua Ōrākei initiative.
- Good progress in reducing operating expenses² 1H21: \$172.1m vs 1H20: \$200.3m. Heavy emphasis upon digital engagement, process automation, distributed work force and internal "contestability".
 - Ramping up of Honeysuckle Health and capability around data science and disease prevention/management.
- Government announced a review of industry risk equalisation.
- Net policyholder growth for six months to 31 December 2020.
- Underlying expenses excluding claims handling
- GU Health figures included in all periods and acquired October 2017. December 2019 sales and lapse figures adjusted from reported APRA results due to combining of nib and GU Health APRA reporting.
- Excludes risk equalisation, CV19 provision and state levies.

Annual arhi net policyholder growth nib v industry³



arhi incurred claims4 per person per workday (\$)





Officer

Group Chief Financial

Nick Freeman



Group income statement



| (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---|-----------|---------|----------------|
| Net premium revenue | 1,253.3 | 1,227.6 | ▲2.1% |
| Net claims incurred ¹ | (1,003.0) | (994.2) | ▲0.9% |
| Other underwriting revenue | 1.7 | 1.5 | ▲ 13.3% |
| Underwriting expenses | (151.9) | (148.2) | ▲2.5% |
| Underwriting result ² | 100.1 | 86.7 | ▲ 15.5% |
| Other income | 9.4 | 50.0 | ▼81.2% |
| Other expenses | (20.2) | (52.1) | ▼61.2% |
| Share of net profit/(loss) of associates and joint ventures | (2.4) | (1.4) | ▲ 71.4% |
| Underlying operating profit | 86.9 | 83.2 | ▲ 4.4% |
| Amortisation of acquired intangibles | (4.1) | (5.3) | ▼22.6% |
| Impairment of intangibles | (7.0) | - | n/a |
| One-off transactions, M&A and business implementation costs | (4.2) | (4.7) | ▼ 10.6% |
| Statutory operating profit | 71.6 | 73.2 | ▼ 2.2% |
| Finance costs | (3.7) | (6.0) | ▼38.3% |
| Net investment income | 28.0 | 12.6 | ▲122.2% |
| Profit before tax | 95.9 | 79.8 | ▲20.2% |
| Tax | (29.7) | (22.7) | ▲30.8% |
| Net profit after tax | 66.2 | 57.1 | ▲ 15.9% |

Key drivers of result

- 2020 arhi six month premium increase postponement offset by buoyant policyholder sales and retention.
- Border restrictions and claims/margin pressure impacting 1H21 iihi performance.
- Low claims incurred due to CV19 including risk equalisation.
- Underwriting expenses ▲ 2.5%, includes upfront investment in Payer to Partner (P2P).
- Reduction in other income and other expenses due to nib Travel.
- Total expenses³ ▼14.1%, largely driven by nib Travel.
- Change in other income and other expenses primarily due to nib Travel.
- \$7.0m non-cash impairment charge against nib Travel intangible assets due to CV19.
- One-off transactions mainly restructure costs (~\$4.0m).
- Finance costs ▼38.3% reflecting lower rate environment.
- Rebound of investment markets.
- Excluding impairment 1H21 NPAT would be \$72.8m up 27.5%.

^{1.} Net claims incurred including claims handling.

^{2.} Underlying underwriting result.

^{3.} Underlying expenses excluding claims handling.

Group gross profit drivers 1H20 – 1H21



| 1H20 Group gross profit (\$m) | | 242.3 |
|---|--------|-------|
| Policyholder growth | | 3.6 |
| Premium revenue | 25.2 | |
| Claims expense | (21.7) | |
| Product and scale mix | | (9.8) |
| Premium revenue | (31.3) | |
| Claims expense | 21.6 | |
| Rate variances | | 7.2 |
| Premium revenue (excluding price deferral) | 52.6 | |
| Claims expense | (45.5) | |
| Prior year impacts - OSC development | | 3.6 |
| 1H20 | (0.8) | |
| 1H21 | 4.4 | |
| Risk equalisation | | 22.5 |
| Lower industry experience | 29.9 | |
| Allowance for ineligible claims | (7.5) | |
| COVID-19 | | (9.7) |
| Savings | 17.1 | |
| Claims catch-up | (31.3) | |
| Suspension/waiver impact | (0.7) | |
| Release of provision (including RE component) | 25.6 | |
| Price increase deferral | (20.4) | |
| 1H21 Group gross profit ¹ | | 259.7 |

- Premium revenue growth impacted by postponement of price increases due to CV19 and shifting product mix.
- Policyholder growth benefit lower than normal with strong arhi growth offset by slower than prior period policyholder growth in NZ and impacts of CV19 on iihi and nib Travel growth.
- Price increase (excluding deferral) covered claims increase maintaining margins.
- Strong benefit from lower risk equalisation due to low industry claims experience.
- Review of risk equalisation claims identified some that may be ineligible. \$7.5m has been allowed for this.
- CV19 impact positive on claims primarily due to savings realised to date in risk equalisation and reducing assumption for deferred claims, offset by impact of price increase deferral.

| Calculation of gross profit (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Net premium revenue per income statement | 1,253.3 | 1,227.6 |
| Net claims incurred per income statement | (1,003.0) | (994.2) |
| Exclude claims handling expenses | 9.4 | 8.9 |
| Gross profit | 259.7 | 242.3 |

^{1.} As gross profit excludes the impact of claims handling expense, the CV19 claims and deferral impacts shown exclude the impact of claims handling expense (1%). Refer to table above for reconciliation.

Movement in COVID-19 provision



| 30 June 2020 (\$m) | arhi | NZ | Group |
|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Est hospital savings | 58.3 | | |
| Est risk equalisation savings | 14.5 | | |
| Est ancillary savings | 40.7 | | |
| Lower than expected claims due to CV19 | 113.5 | 9.4 | 122.9 |
| % deferred | 79.6% | 90.0% | 80.4% |
| Balance sheet – CV19 claims liability | 90.4 | 8.4 | 98.8 |

| 31 December 2020 (\$m) | arhi | NZ | Group |
|--|--------|-------|--------|
| Est hospital savings | 75.6 | | |
| Est risk equalisation savings | 35.7 | | |
| Est ancillary savings | 49.5 | | |
| Lower than expected claims due to CV19 | 160.8 | 9.4 | 170.2 |
| % deferred | 59.7% | 90.0% | 61.4% |
| Catch-up to date | (25.3) | (6.1) | (31.4) |
| Balance sheet – CV19 claims liability | 70.7 | 2.3 | 73.1 |

- Lower than expected claims increased from 30 June 2020 principally due to Victorian lockdowns and favourable risk equalisation results.
- Group deferred claims now assumed at ~61% (60% arhi, 90% nz) down from ~80% (80% arhi, 90% nz).
- 81% (85% June) arhi non-risk equalisation hospital deferred claims assumption and 65% (70% June) ancillary deferred claims assumption.

Australian residents health insurance



| Financial performance (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Premium revenue | 1,067.8 | 1,044.4 | ▲2.2% |
| Claims expense ¹ | (874.5) | (881.3) | ▼0.8% |
| Other underwriting revenue | 0.8 | 1.0 | ▼20.0% |
| Management expenses | (105.1) | (101.0) | ▲ 4.1% |
| UOP ² | 89.0 | 62.6 | ▲42.2% |
| Key metrics (%) | | | |
| Net promoter score (NPS) ³ | 26.7 | 33.1 | ▼6.4 |
| Lapse ⁴ | 11.9 | 13.1 | ▼120bps |
| Net policyholder growth ⁵ | 3.2 | 2.5 | ▲70bps |
| Gross margin | 18.1 | 15.6 | ▲250bps |
| Management expense ratio | 9.8 | 9.7 | ▲10bps |
| Marketing MER | 3.7 | 3.8 | ▼10bps |
| Other MER | 6.1 | 5.9 | ▲20bps |
| Net margin | 8.3 | 5.9 | ▲240bps |

Double digit earnings growth driven by policyholder growth as well as favourable nib and industry claims experience

- Premium revenue ▲2.2% driven by 1 October 2020 premium increase and policyholder growth (▲3.2%) vs pcp.
- Premium revenue increase would have been 4.2% if 1 April 2020 premium increase not postponed.
- 1H21 experiencing greater policy upgrades (51%) to downgrades (49%) (1H20: 42% v 58%). First time since FY15 proportion of product movements have shifted towards upgrades³.
- Claims expense benefit from lower risk equalisation due to industry experience, and CV19 provision release.
- Other MER (6.1%) does not include benefit of reduction in property footprint (occupancy costs subleases included in other income) and includes higher P2P investment.
- NPS impacted by multiple pricing member notifications during CV19 (April deferral and October resumption).

^{1.} Includes risk equalisation, CV19 provision and state levies.

^{2.} Includes share of net profit/loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method

^{3.} Excludes GU Health.

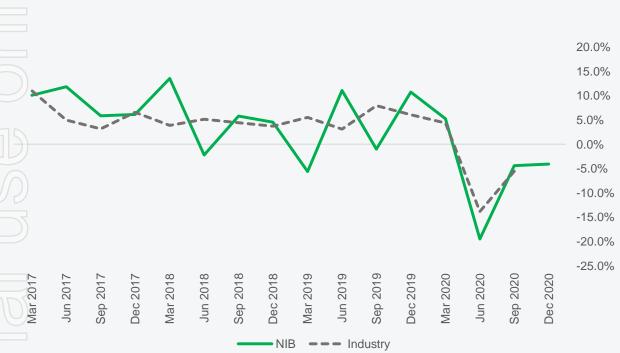
^{4.} Lapse for 12 months to 31 December 2020 (1H21: 5.0%). Includes impact of CV19 suspensions and resumptions, excluding these lapse would be 10.2% and net policyholder growth 3.4%.

^{5.} Net policyholder growth for 12 months to 31 December 2020. Net policyholder growth for six months to 31 December 2020 of 2.7%, includes impact of CV19 suspensions and resumptions, excluding these net growth would be 1.8%.

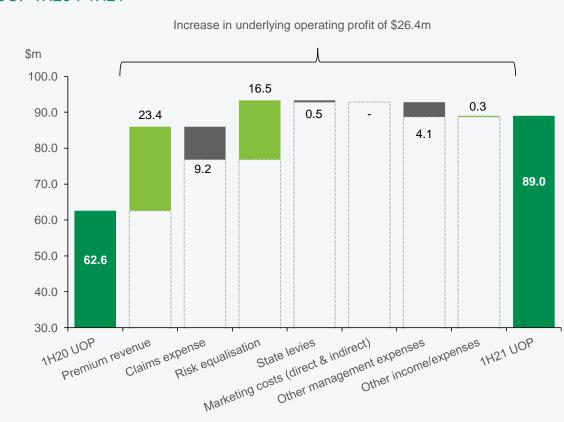
arhi: UOP and risk equalisation trends







UOP 1H20 v 1H21



1. Industry risk equalisation data not available for December 2020 quarter at time of publishing.

International (inbound) health insurance



| Financial performance (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|------------------|
| Premium revenue | 58.3 | 61.5 | ▼5.2% |
| Claims expense | (39.8) | (30.3) | ▲31.4% |
| Other underwriting revenue | 0.9 | 0.6 | ▲ 50.0% |
| Management expenses | (19.1) | (19.5) | ▼2.1% |
| UOP | 0.3 | 12.3 | ▼97.6% |
| Key metrics (%) | | | |
| iwhi net promoter score ¹ | 40.5 | 48.8 | ▼8.3 |
| ishi net promoter score | 46.0 | 40.5 | ▲ 5.5 |
| Net policyholder growth ² | (6.9) | 17.4 | ▼2430bps |
| Gross margin | 31.7 | 50.7 | ▼1900bps |
| Management expense ratio | 32.8 | 31.7 | ▲110bps |
| Marketing MER | 7.9 | 8.0 | ▼10bps |
| Other MER | 24.9 | 23.7 | ▲120bps |
| Net margin | (1.0) | 19.0 | ▼ 2000bps |

1H21 performance a tale of two businesses

- iihi business impacted by negative policy growth due to border restrictions and higher claims in international students.
- International students business impacted by:
 - Travel restrictions significantly reducing new international student sales and top line growth.
 - Gross margin decline driven by a combination of changes in policyholder and tenure mix (lack of new sales to refresh), increase in medical treatment costs and utilisation, shift in periods of stay (remain on-shore for visa duration) as well as decline in voluntary repatriation for treatment (eg. child birth) and higher incidence of high-cost claims (▲\$3.6m).
 - Initiatives underway include expanding preferred provider arrangements and rollout of telehealth/online healthcare alternatives, particularly GPs as well as pricing adjustments.
- International workers segment holding up and, while policyholder growth impacted by CV19, sales activity seen from arrival of seasonal workers.
- iihi business remains well positioned for future growth and recovery when travel restrictions are relaxed or borders re-open:
 - Student visas still being processed by Department of Home Affairs indicating potential pipeline of new students.
 - nib recently selected as the preferred insurer for the Australian Government's Pacific Labour Scheme and Seasonal Worker Programme.

^{1.} Excludes GU Health.

^{2.} Net policyholder growth for 12 months to 31 December 2020. Net policyholder growth for 6 months to 31 December of (6.4)% (1H20: 7.0%)

New Zealand



| Financial performance (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---|--------|--------|-----------------|
| Premium revenue | 126.9 | 119.0 | ▲ 6.6% |
| Claims ¹ | (79.3) | (73.7) | ▲ 7.6% |
| Management expenses | (36.6) | (34.1) | ▲ 7.3% |
| UOP | 11.0 | 11.1 | ▼0.9% |
| Key metrics (%) | | | |
| Net promoter score | 34.0 | 34.3 | ▼0.3 |
| Net policyholder growth ² | 1.6 | 11.4 | ▼ 980bps |
| NZ residents net policyholder growth | 2.8 | 6.8 | ▼400bps |
| NZ international students net policyholder growth | (26.0) | n/a | n/a |
| Gross margin | 37.5 | 38.1 | ▼ 60bps |
| Management expense ratio | 28.8 | 28.7 | ▲10bps |
| Marketing MER | 14.4 | 15.2 | ▼80bps |
| Other MER | 14.4 | 13.5 | ▲90bps |
| Net margin | 8.7 | 9.4 | ▼70bps |

Track record of top line growth and stable margins

- Premium revenue ▲6.6% a combination of policyholder growth, price adjustments and FX.
- Resident net policyholder growth (excluding underwriting agreement for international students) of 2.8%.
- CV19 claims catch-up consistent with NZ expectations.
- Claims expense ▲ 7.6% due to increased utilisation offset by reduction in service cost inflation aided by First Choice Network.
- Management expenses ▲ 7.3% driven by IT investment in key business platforms.
- Population health initiative with Ngāti Whātua Ōrākei now includes almost 4,200 lives, with opportunities being progressed with other iwi.
- Net margin (8.7%) within 8% 10% target range.

^{1.} Includes movement in premium payback liability.

^{2.} Net policyholder growth for 12 months to 31 December 2020. Net policyholder growth for six months to 31 December 2020 of 0.0% (1H20: 5.7%). 1H20 net policyholder growth reflects commencement of international students partnership.

nib Travel



| Financial performance (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---|---------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Operating income | 4.4 | 47.8 | ▼90.8% |
| Acquisition costs | (0.3) | (22.2) | ▼98.5% |
| Underwriting result | (0.2) | 0.2 | ▼ 200.0% |
| Operating expenses | (11.2) | (24.1) | ▼53.6% |
| UOP | (7.3) | 1.7 | ▼529.4% |
| Key metrics | | | |
| Sales (#) | 25,450 | 605,635 ¹ | ▼95.8% |
| Domestic | 6,698 | 404,325 | ▼98.3% |
| International | 28,650 | 202,238 | ▼85.8% |
| Refunds domestic & international | (9,898) | (928) | ▲966.6% |
| Gross written premium (GWP) ² (\$m) | 2.8 | 100.3 | ▼97.2% |
| Gross profit after commissions ³ (\$m) | 3.3 | 24.2 | ▼86.4% |

Challenging operating environment with focus on keeping acquisition channels ready for new environment, brands healthy and rightsizing the cost base

- Sales excluding cancellations of 35,348, GWP excluding cancellations of \$6.7m.
- FY21 Q1 sales ▼96%, Q2 sales ▼93% (Dec ▼88%), 1 Jan-16 Feb ▼85% on pcp.
- Recently updated policies and recommenced travel insurance sales to include cover for some coronavirus related events.
- Operating expenses ▼53.6% reflecting management response to operating environment.
- UOP loss of \$7.3m line with expectations (2H20 UOP loss of \$21.4m).
- nib received \$3.2m in JobKeeper subsidy during 1H21.
- Non-cash impairment charge of \$7.0m against nib Travel intangible assets reflecting ongoing impact of CV19.

3. GPAC includes other marketing costs.

^{1. 1}H20 total sales figure restated for immaterial adjustment associated with policy amendments after original sale.

Znib Travel is a distributor of travel insurance and earns a commission for policies sold, however, GWP is shown as it is a key performance metric of the business noting GWP excludes other sources of income such as emergency travel assistance and managing general agent fees.

Investments, gearing and capital



| (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---|-------|-------|----------------|
| Net investment income (\$m) | 28.0 | 12.6 | ▲122.2% |
| Net investment return (%) | 2.7 | 1.3 | ▲140bps |
| Funds invested (\$m) | 928.2 | 865.9 | ▲ 7.2% |
| Debt (\$m) | 233.0 | 234.3 | ▼0.6% |
| Finance costs (\$m) | (3.7) | (6.0) | ▼38.3% |
| Finance costs (\$m) | (1.7) | (3.0) | ▼ 43.3% |
| Finance costs – interest on lease liabilities (\$m) | (2.0) | (3.0) | ▼33.3% |
| Interest ratio cover | 35:1 | 28:1 | n/a |
| Effective tax rate (%) | 31.0 | 28.4 | ▲260bps |
| Gearing ratio (%) | 26.7 | 27.9 | ▼120bps |
| Available capital above internal targets ¹ (\$m) nib Group | 65.8 | 69.2 | ▼ 4.9% |
| Surplus assets for capital adequacy nib health funds limited | 407.1 | 400.4 | ▲ 1.7% |

Increase in net investment income reflects strong returns in the growth portfolio across domestic and global equities and global listed property.

Low finance costs reflective of low interest rate environment.

Available capital increases despite increase in capital targets due to growth in business and allowance for additional claims catch up.

1. Allowing for payment of final dividend but does not include impact of any dividend reinvestment plan.

| (\$m) | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| Opening available capital 30 June 2020 | | 57.0 |
| Sources of capital: | | 22.6 |
| NPAT | 66.2 | |
| Other increases in equity | 2.1 | |
| Allowance for interim dividend | (45.7) | |
| Changes in capital employed: | | (13.8) |
| Increase in nib health fund internal capital target | (25.4) | |
| Increase in nib nz internal capital target | (5.1) | |
| Write down in intangibles already excluded from available capital | 7.0 | |
| Reduction in capital required for non-regulated entities | 9.7 | |
| Closing available capital as at 31 December 2020 | | 65.8 |
| | | |

Cash flow



| Consolidated cash flow (\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Receipts from policyholders and customers | 1,272.6 | 1,298.6 | ▼ 2.0% |
| Payments to policyholders and customers | (1,029.3) | (1,011.5) | ▲1.8% |
| Net outwards reinsurance contracts | (13.5) | (7.3) | ▲84.9% |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | (219.7) | (252.4) | ▼13.0% |
| Subtotal | 10.1 | 27.4 | ▼63.1% |
| Other operating activities | 0.6 | 2.4 | ▼ 75.0% |
| Income taxes paid | (52.2) | (35.7) | ▲ 46.2% |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | (41.5) | (5.9) | ▲603.4% |
| Investing cash outflows – PPE & intangibles | (13.2) | (11.4) | ▲15.8% |
| Investing cash outflows – other assets | (5.7) | - | n/a |
| Lease payments | (5.2) | (5.3) | ▼ 1.9% |
| Dividends paid | (18.3) | (59.2) | ▼ 69.1% |
| Free cash flows | (83.9) | (81.8) | ▲2.6% |
| Net proceeds from investments | 28.0 | 62.6 | ▼55.3% |
| Movement in shares | 0.4 | 0.9 | ▼55.6% |
| Effects of exchange rate changes | (0.2) | (0.1) | ▲100.0% |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (55.7) | (18.4) | ▲202.7% |

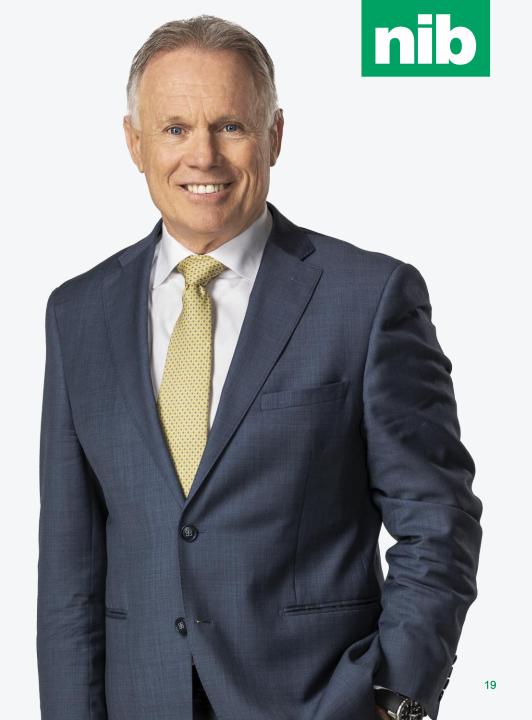
Net operating cash impacted by:

- Deferral of price increase to October 2020.
- Cash vs incurred claims increase due to CV19 (cash benefit in 2H20) and hospital contracting finalisation.
- nib Travel and ishi.
- Increased tax (higher FY20 true up and tax on increased investment gains).
- Operating cash flow seasonally biased to 2H given timing of price increases, rate locks, claims experience.



Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Mark Fitzgibbon



Sustainability at nib



Included in the 2021 Bloomberg
Gender Equality Index for the
second year running

Reflect Reconciliation Action Plan published

Transition to 100% renewable energy procurement for all nib controlled locations by end of FY21

Commitment that nib operations to be carbon neutral by end of FY22

Continued partnership with Māori iwi, Ngāti Whātua Ōrākei

Placed 87th globally in the Refinitiv 2020 Diversity and Inclusion Index (was one of only 9 Australian companies included)



Population health



Natural environment



Economic development & employment



Community spirit & cohesion



Leadership & governance

Business strategy







Personalised healthcare



Affordability and sustainability



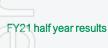
Grow the core (arhi)



Economies of scope



Racing the Red Queen (RRQ)



Key focus areas

- arhi and NZ membership growth (organic, partnerships, M&A).
- New product development associated with P2P.
- Active and targeted disease prevention and management.
- Digital health ecosystem.
 - Continued investment in Honeysuckle Health.
 - Redressing high claims experience in iihi.
 - Limiting loss making in nib Travel while modernising business fundamentals.
- Tight Group cost control.



Outlook

arhi

- Strong sales and improved retention throughout FY21 and beyond. Target 3-4% annual net policyholder growth.
- Relatively modest claims growth given ongoing CV19 risk in near term with medium to longer term reversion to trend.
- Growing acceptance of PHI role and capability to help improve health outcomes.

iihi

- Gradual return of international students in FY22 and less restriction on international workers.
- Improved profitability through claims and cost control as well as pricing.

Honeysuckle Health

- Continued building of capability with new clients in FY22.
- Further capital investment in business model.

New Zealand

- Strong sales and improved retention throughout FY21 and beyond.
- Relatively modest claims growth given ongoing CV19 risk in near term with medium to longer term reversion to trend.
- Growing acceptance of PHI role and capability to help improve health outcomes. Additional iwi coverage.

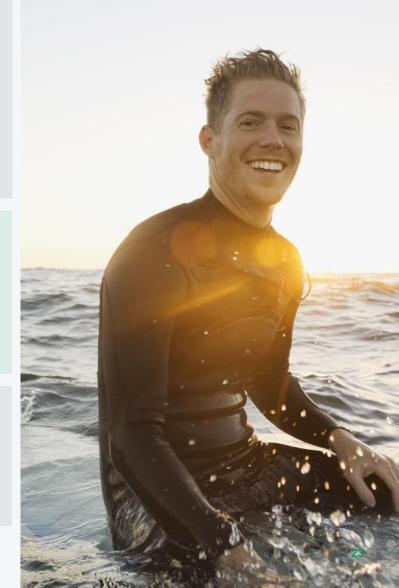
nib Travel

- Slow return to travel over the course of FY22.
- Short term cost and loss minimisation.

China joint venture

Business anticipated to commence selling health insurance (critical illness) in 1H22.





Honeysuckle Health & China JV



Honeysuckle Health

- Joint venture between nib and Cigna
- Newcastle
- CEO Rhod McKensey (formerly Group Executive arhi)
- 57 employees
- Healthcare data science and insight
- Contracting platform for provider networks
- Disease prevention and management
- Digital health platform
- Data science technology built
- Inaugural health management programs (hospital discharge, chronic condition case management, mental health)
- Seeking ACCC authorisation for joint contracting
- Capital invested to date \$10.0m (carrying value \$7.0m)

China JV (Flying Tiger)

- Joint venture between nib and Tasly Group
- Tianjin/Shanghai
- CEO Wu Jun
- 25 employees

- Corporate health management
- Health and living benefits insurance

- 40 corporate clients with A\$5.3m in revenue CY20¹
- Acquisition of licence to sell insurance near completion
- Capital invested to date \$16.4m (carrying value \$13.2m)

About

Purpose

^{1.} Represents 100% of revenue. nib has 50% investment in joint venture.



Progress





Policyholder and other data



| nib Group health insurance | 1H21 | 1H20 | FY20 | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Total persons covered ¹ | 1,629,784 | 1,614,838 | 1,616,263 | | |
| Australian residents health insurance | 1,211,264 | 1,186,159 | 1,186,805 | | |
| International (inbound) health insurance ¹ | 189,288 | 203,143 | 202,533 | | |
| New Zealand | 229,232 | 225,536 | 226,925 | vs PCP | vs HOH |
| Total policyholders ¹ | 926,480 | 917,694 | 921,717 | 1.0% | 0.5% |
| Australian residents health insurance | 635,600 | 615,871 | 619,079 | 3.2% | 2.7% |
| International (inbound) health insurance ¹ | 172,651 | 185,475 | 184,379 | (6.9)% | (6.4)% |
| New Zealand | 118,229 | 116,348 | 118,259 | 1.6% | 0.0% |
| arhi | | | | | |
| Market share | ** | 9.2% | 9.2% | | |
| Average age of hospital persons covered (years) ² | 41.0 | 40.5 | 40.8 | | |
| arhi sales by channel ² | | | | | |
| Corporate | 8.8% | 11.1% | 10.8% | | |
| Direct to consumer | 39.6% | 34.8% | 35.9% | | |
| Retail brokers | 34.7% | 29.4% | 29.9% | | |
| Whitelabel partners | 16.9% | 24.6% | 23.4% | | |

^{**} Industry data to 31 December 2020 not available at time of publishing. nib market share as at 30 September 2020 was 9.3%.

^{1.} Immaterial adjustment to 1H20 and FY20 figures associated with allocation between segments.

^{2.} Immaterial adjustment to FY20 figure associated with calculation.

^{3.} Immaterial adjustment to FY20 figures associated with allocation between channels.

Detailed Group gross underwriting result

| _(\$m) | 1H21 | 1H20 | Change |
|--|---------|--------------------|----------|
| Net premium revenue | 1,253.3 | 1,227.6 | 2.1% |
| - arhi | 1,067.8 | 1,044.4 | 2.2% |
| iihi | 58.3 | 61.5 | (5.2)% |
| nz | 126.9 | 119.0 | 6.6% |
| nib Travel | 0.3 | 2.7 | (88.9)% |
| Net claims expense | (866.4) | (841.5) | 3.0% |
| - Hospital claims paid (arhi) | (518.7) | (513.7) | 1.0% |
| - Ancillary claims paid (arhi) | (228.3) | (218.0) | 4.8% |
| - OSC provision movement (arhi) | (15.7) | (5.5) | 187.0% |
| - Claims CV19 provision (arhi) | 16.2 | - | n/a |
| - arhi claims incurred | (746.5) | (737.3) | 1.2% |
| - iihi claims incurred | (39.8) | (30.3) | 31.4% |
| - Claims incurred (nz) | (86.1) | (73.9) | 16.6% |
| - Claims CV19 provision (nz) | 6.0 | - | n/a |
| - nz claims incurred | (80.1) | (73.9) | 8.4% |
| - nib Travel claims incurred | - | - | - |
| Risk equalisation levy | (110.0) | (126.5) | (13.0)% |
| - OSC risk equalisation margin | 0.1 | (1.1) | (107.1)% |
| - Provision for ineligible claims | (7.5) | - | n/a |
| - Gross deficit` | 233.0 | 252.6 ¹ | (7.8)% |
| - Calculated deficit | (339.0) | $(378.0)^2$ | (10.3)% |
| CV19 risk equalisation provision | 3.4 | - | n/a |
| State levies | (18.0) | (17.5) | 2.9% |
| Decrease / (increase) in premium payback liability | 0.8 | 0.2 | 300.0% |
| Net claims incurred (excluding claims handling) | (993.6) | (985.3) | 0.8% |
| Gross underwriting result | 259.7 | 242.3 | 7.2% |
| - arhi | 193.3 | 163.1 | 18.5% |
| - jihi | 18.5 | 31.2 | (40.7)% |
| Uf nz | 47.6 | 45.3 | 5.1% |
| _ nib Travel | 0.3 | 2.7 | (88.9)% |



- 1. Gross deficit is consistent with 1H20 investor presentation. During the year a change in accounting process has occurred eliminating gross-ups in risk equalisation. After eliminating gross-ups, the comparable number to 1H21 becomes \$232.4 million.
- 2. Calculated deficit is consistent with 1H20 investor presentation. During the year a change in accounting process has occurred eliminating gross-ups in risk equalisation. After eliminating gross-ups, the comparable number to 1H21 becomes \$(357.8) million. (There is no difference in the net of gross deficit less calculated deficit of \$(125.4) million.

Management expenses: arhi, iihi and nz



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| | (\$m) | Marketing (direct) | Marketing indirect (commissions paid) | Marketing indirect (commissions deferred) | Marketing indirect (commissions amortised) | Total marketing | Other management expenses | Total management expenses | MER underwriting expenses | Amortisation of acquired intangibles | Total operating expenses | MER |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------|
| A | ustralian resid | dents health insu | urance | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1H20 | 11.9 | 27.1 | (17.1) | 17.2 | 39.1 | 61.9 | 101.0 | 9.7% | 1.0 | 102.0 | 9.8% |
| | 1H21 | 10.7 | 27.4 | (16.0) | 17.0 | 39.1 | 66.0 | 105.1 | 9.8% | 1.0 | 106.1 | 9.9% |
| International (inbound) health insurance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 1H20 | 0.6 | 4.3 | (3.2) | 3.2 | 4.9 | 14.6 | 19.5 | 31.7% | 0.8 | 20.3 | 33.0% |
| | 1H21 | 0.4 | 3.7 | (2.5) | 3.0 | 4.6 | 14.5 | 19.1 | 32.8% | 0.4 | 19.5 | 33.4% |
| Ne | ew Zealand | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1H20 | 2.7 | 17.3 | (8.5) | 6.5 | 18.1 | 16.0 | 34.1 | 28.7% | 1.7 | 35.8 | 30.0% |
| | 1H21 | 2.2 | 20.4 | (12.2) | 7.9 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 36.6 | 28.8% | 1.7 | 38.3 | 30.2% |

Risk equalisation: how it works



The current Risk Equalisation Trust Fund (RETF), which has been in place since 1 April 2007, consists of two elements:

- Gross deficit (what we 'get back' from the pool).
 - Consists of the Age Based Pool (ABP) and the High Cost Claims Pool (HCCP). The ABP makes up around 97% of the RETF.
 - The ABP is calculated based on the patient's age (for example, we receive 15% of the hospital, medical and/or prosthesis claims payments back for a 57 year old).

| Customer age (at date of service) | Claims attributed to RETF |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <55 | 0.0% |
| 55 – 59 | 15.0% |
| 60 – 64 | 42.5% |
| 64 – 69 | 60.0% |
| 70 – 74 | 70.0% |
| 75 – 79 | 76.0% |
| 80 - 84 | 78.0% |
| 85 + | 82.0% |

- Calculated deficit (what we 'pay into' the pool).
 - The gross deficit amounts for each fund are aggregated and divided by the total number of hospital SEUs (single equivalent units) in the industry (by state).
 - The "state average deficits" are then multiplied by the number of hospital SEUs in each state for each fund to determine the amount payable to the pool for each fund.

Investment asset allocation



| | | Consolidated | Australian investment portfolio | | | New Zealand investment portfolio | | | nib foundation investment portfolio | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | Balance at 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Allocation at 31/12/2020 (%) | Net return 6 months to 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Balance at 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Allocation at 31/12/2020 (%) | Net return 6 months to 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Balance at 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Allocation at 31/12/2020 (%) | Net return 6 months to 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Balance at 31/12/2020 (\$m) | Allocation at 31/12/2020 (%) | Net return 6 months to 31/12/2020 (\$m) |
| Cash ¹ | 100.9 | 10.9 | 0.5 | 71.6 | 9.0 | 0.4 | 19.6 | 17.2 | - | 9.7 | 59.0 | 0.1 |
| Fixed interest/short maturity | 642.0 | 69.2 | 2.4 | 544.9 | 68.3 | 1.7 | 94.0 | 82.8 | 0.7 | 3.1 | 18.6 | - |
| Total defensive | 742.9 | 80.0 | 2.9 | 616.5 | 77.2 | 2.1 | 113.6 | 100.0 | 0.7 | 12.8 | 77.6 | 0.1 |
| Australian shares | 74.4 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 71.6 | 9.0 | 10.4 | - | - | - | 2.8 | 16.7 | 0.62 |
| Global shares – hedged | 20.4 | 2.2 | 6.9 | 20.4 | 2.6 | 6.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Global shares – unhedged | 55.2 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 54.3 | 6.8 | 4.8 | - | - | - | 0.9 | 5.7 | - |
| Listed property | 10.5 | 1.1 | - | 10.5 | 1.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Global property | 24.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 24.8 | 3.1 | 2.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total growth | 185.3 | 20.0 | 25.1 | 181.6 | 22.8 | 24.5 | - | - | - | 3.7 | 22.4 | 0.6 |
| Total | 928.2 | 100.0 | 28.0 | 798.1 | 100.0 | 26.6 | 113.6 | 100.0 | 0.7 | 16.5 | 100.0 | 0.7 |

Excludes operating cash of \$49.6m, noting total cash is split between cash and cash equivalents of \$142.3m and short term deposits of \$8.2m included in Financial Assets. Net return for nib foundation Growth Portfolio grouped under Australian shares.

Glossary



| Term | Definition |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1H | Six months ended/ending 31 December of the relevant financial year |
| 2H | Six months ended/ending 30 June of the relevant financial year |
| APRA | Australian Prudential Regulation Authority |
| arhi | Australian residents health insurance, inclusive of GU Health unless otherwise stated |
| AUD | Australian dollar |
| bps | Basis points (1.0% = 100 bps) |
| cps | Cents per share |
| DRP | Dividend reinvestment plan |
| CV19 | COVID-19 |
| DTC | Direct to consumer |
| EPS | Earnings per share |
| FX | Foreign exchange |
| FY | Financial year ended/ending 30 June |
| Group | nib holdings Group |
| GPAC | Gross profit after commissions, includes other marketing costs |
| GWP | Gross written premium |
| iihi | International inbound health insurance (ishi & iwhi combined), inclusive of GU Health unless otherwise stated |
| IMAN | IMAN Australia Health Plans – OVHC health insurance by nib |
| ishi | International students health insurance |
| iwhi | International workers health insurance |
| JV | Joint venture |
| Lapse | Lapse is determined by dividing the average of opening and closing policyholder counts |
| MER | Management expense ratio |
| MGA | Managing general agent |
| Net claims expense | Claims expense net of reinsurance |
| Net margin | Gross profit less management expenses as percentage of net premium revenue |
| Net policyholder growth | Total policies as at the end of the reporting period less total policies as at 30 June of the prior financial year |
| Net premium revenue | Premium revenue net of reinsurance |

| Term | Definition |
|---------------------------------|--|
| nib | nib holdings limited |
| nib Travel | nib Travel is a travel insurance distributor |
| niss | nib international student services |
| NPAT | Net profit after tax |
| NPS | Net promoter score (service) (number of promoters less number of detractors) |
| NZD | New Zealand dollar |
| OSC | Outstanding claims liability |
| Other underwriting revenue | Revenue from underwriting activities excluding premium revenue |
| P2P | Payer to partner |
| PCP | Prior comparative period |
| PHI | Private health insurance |
| PPB | Premium payback liability relates to previously offered products, where customers are entitled to receive a refund (or partial refund) of premiums paid less any claims made, once the policy has been in force for a specified period. It is determined based on the discounted value of accumulated excess of premiums over claims at an individual policy level |
| Sales NPS | A measure of the likelihood of a new customer to recommend the brand immediately following a sales interaction |
| Shared services | Refers to nib Group shared service functions including finance and corporate services, people and culture, IT, benefits and provider relations as well as legal, risk and governance and executive management |
| Underlying underwriting revenue | Net premium revenue and other underwriting revenue |
| UOP | Underlying operating profit - comprised of underwriting result, other income and expenses including non-underwriting businesses. It excludes amortisation of acquired intangibles, one-off transactions (integration of acquired business, establishment of business costs as well as extraordinary legal fees), merger and acquisition costs, finance costs, net investment income and income tax |