

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

Date of last review and Board approval: 22 August 2021.

The Company is committed to implementing the highest standards of corporate governance. In determining what those high standards should involve the Company has considered the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations*. In line with the above, the Board has set out the way forward for the Company in its implementation of its Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations. The approach taken by the Board was to set a blueprint for the Company to follow as it introduces elements of the governance process. Due to the current size of the Company and the scale of its operations it is neither practical nor economic for the adoption of all of the recommendations approved via the board charter. Where the Company has not adhered to the recommendations, it has stated that fact in this Corporate Governance Statement, whilst also mandating future compliance, when the size of the Company and the scale of its operations warrants the introduction of those recommendations.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance policies and procedures. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.

7	RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
<u>J</u> L	Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
	Recommendation 1.1  A listed entity should have and disclose a charter setting out:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	YES	The Company has a formal Board Charter, which can be located in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, available on the Company's website. Amongst other things, the Company's Board Charter explicitly outlines the separate roles and responsibilities of each of the Company's Board and senior management team.
			To add value to the Company, the Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties. Directors are appointed based on the specific skills required by the Company and on their decision-making and judgment. The Board's role is to govern the Company rather than to manage it. In governing the Company, the Directors must act in the best interests of the Company as a whole. It is the role of senior management to manage the Company in accordance with the direction and delegations of the Board and the responsibility of the Board to oversee the activities of management in carrying out those delegated duties.
			In carrying out its governance role, the main task of the Board is to drive the performance of the Company. The Board must also ensure that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal obligations, including the requirements of any regulatory body. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY EXPLANATION
	Without intending to limit this general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the following.  • Leadership of the Organisation: overseeing the Company and establishing codes that reflect the values of the Company and guide the conduct of the Board.  • Strategy Formulation: to set and review the overall strategy and goals for the Company and ensuring that there are policies in place to govern the operation of the Company.  • Overseeing Planning Activities: the development of the Company's strategic plan.  • Shareholder Liaison: ensuring effective communications with shareholders through an appropriate communications policy and promoting participation at general meetings of the Company as well as ensuring timely and balanced disclosures of all material information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the entity's securities  • Monitoring, Compliance and Risk Management: the development of the Company's risk management, compliance, control and acountability systems and monitoring and directing the financial and operational performance of the Company.  • Company Finances: approving expenses and approving and monitoring acquisitions, divestitures and financial and other reporting along with ensuring the integrity of the Company's financial and other reporting.  • Human Resources: reviewing the performance of Executive Officers and monitoring the performance of senior management in their implementation of the Company's strategy.  • Ensuring the health, safety and well-being of employees: in conjunction with the senior management team, developing, overseeing and reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's occupational health and safety systems to ensure the well-being of all employees.  • Delegation of Authority: delegating appropriate powers to the Managing Director to ensure the effective day-to-day management of the Company and determining the powers and

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RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		functions of the Committees of the Board.  • Monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's corporate governance practices.
		Full details of the Board's and Company Secretary's roles and responsibilities are contained in the Board Charter. The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000), to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should:  (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and  (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	YES	(a) Directors are appointed based on the specific governance skills required by the Company. Given the size of the Company and the business that it operates, the Company aims at all times to have at least one Director with experience appropriate to the Company's operations. The Company's current Directors all have relevant experience in the operations. In addition, Directors should have the relevant blend of personal experience in:  (i) Accounting and financial management; and  (ii) Director-level business experience.  Each member of the Board is committed to spending sufficient time to enable them to carry out their duties as a Director of the Company.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
,		In determining candidates for the Board, the Nomination Committee
		follows a prescribed process whereby it evaluates the mix of skills,
		experience and expertise of the existing Board. In particular, the
		Nomination Committee will identify the particular skills that will best
		increase the Board's effectiveness. Consideration is also given to the
		balance of independent directors. Potential candidates are identified
		and, if relevant, the Nomination Committee (or equivalent) recommends an appropriate candidate for appointment to the Board. Any
		appointment made by the Board is subject to ratification by
		shareholders at the next general meeting. Each Non-Executive Director
		has a written agreement with the Company that covers all aspects of
		their appointment including term, time commitment required,
		remuneration, disclosure of interests that may affect independence,
		guidance on complying with the Company's corporate governance
		policies and the right to seek independent advice, indemnity and
		insurance arrangements, rights of access to the Company's information
((//))		and ongoing confidentiality obligations as well as roles on the
		Company's committees. Each Executive Director's agreement with the
		Company includes the same details as the non-executive directors' agreements but also includes a position description, reporting hierarchy
		and termination clauses.
		and termination clauses.
		The Nomination Committee is responsible for implementing a program
		to identify, assess and enhance Director competencies. In addition, the
		Nomination Committee puts in place succession plans to ensure an
		appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity are
		maintained on the Board. Full details of the procedure are contained in
		the Director Selection Procedure.
		(b) All material information (such as biographical details, other material
		directorships, confirmation that relevant background checks have been
		performed, term of office, etc.) relevant to a decision on whether or not
(C//[])		to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the
		Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.
Recommendation 1.3		The Company has a written agreement with each of its Directors and senior
	YES	executives, setting out the terms of each of their respective appointments.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and		
senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		Full day its of the December of Occasion Constraints and account it it is a second
Recommendation 1.4  The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	YES	Full details of the Board's and Company Secretary's roles and responsibilities are contained in the Board Charter.
Recommendation 1.5  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;  (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (i) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (ii) the entity's progress in achieving them; and  (iii) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company recognises and respects the value of diversity at all levels of the organisation. The Company is committed to setting measurable objectives for attracting and engaging women at the Board level, in senior management and across the whole organisation and has implemented a Diversity Policy.</li> <li>(b) The objectives for the employment of women have been set as follows: <ul> <li>(i) to the Board – Nil% by 2022</li> <li>(ii) to senior management – 20% by 2022</li> <li>(iii) to the organisation as a whole – 20% by 2022</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) As at the date of this report, the Company has the following proportion of women appointed: <ul> <li>(i) to the Board – Nil%; to senior management (including Company Secretary) – 25%; to the organisation as a whole – 23%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(ii) The Company recognises that the mining and exploration industry is intrinsically male dominated in many of the operational sectors and the pool of women with appropriate skills will be limited in some instances. The Company recognises that diversity extends to matters of age, disability, ethnicity, marital/family status, religious/cultural background and sexual orientation. Where possible, the Company will seek to identify suitable candidates for positions from a diverse pool. The Company will continue to look at other measures of diversity.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	YES	It is the policy of the Board to conduct evaluation of its performance. The objective of this evaluation is to provide best practice corporate governance to the Company. During the financial year a self-appraisal of the performance of the Board members and Committee members was carried out.



DMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.		For further details, please refer to the Company's Board, Committee and Individuals Performance Evaluation Procure, which can be located in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.
	YES	It is the policy of the Board to conduct evaluation of individuals' performance. The objective of this evaluation is to provide best practice corporate governance to the Company. Due to COVID constraints and a major change of business, involving the recruitment of all senior positions, it was inappropriate to conduct a review during the financial year ended 30 June 2021. The Company anticipates a full review and evaluation in the next financial year.  For further details, please refer to the Company's Board, Committee and
		Individuals Performance Evaluation Procure, which can be located in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.
iple 2: Structure the board to be effective and add value		
ooard of a listed entity should: have a nomination committee which:	YES	The Company's Board has a Nomination Committee, the operations of which are governed by a Nomination Committee Charter, which can be located in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, available on the Company's website.
independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the		The role of the Nomination Committee is to help achieve a structured Board that adds value to the Company by ensuring an appropriate mix of skills are present in Directors on the Board at all times. The Nomination Committee consists of three Non-Executive directors, being Patrick Power, Adrian Griffin, Richard Beresford and the Company Secretary. The Chair of the Nomination Committee is Patrick Power, an independent Director. The Nomination Committee met twice during the year and one member wasn't present for one meeting.
meetings; or if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity		The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee (as per the Nomination Committee Charter) include devising criteria for Board membership, regularly reviewing the need for various skills and experience on the Board and identifying specific individuals for nomination as Directors for review by the Board. The Nomination Committee also oversees management succession plans including the Managing Director and his/her direct reports and evaluate the Board's
	performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.  Immendation 1.7  red entity should:     have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.  Immendation 2.1  Toard of a listed entity should:     have a nomination committee which:     (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and     (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:     (iii) the charter of the committee;     (iv) the members of the committee; and     (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or     if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance	performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.  process or in respect of that period.  Procedentity should:  An and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.  Process or in respect of that period and value of the period in the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance



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to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		performance and make recommendations for the appointment and removal of Directors. Matters such as remuneration, expectations, terms, the procedures for dealing with conflicts of interest and the availability of independent professional advice are clearly understood by all Directors, who are experienced public company Directors. The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000), to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.
Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	YES	The Company has reviewed the skill set of its Board to determine where the skills lie and any relevant gaps in skills shortages. The Company is working towards filling these gaps through professional development initiatives as well as seeking to identify suitable Board candidates for positions from a diverse pool.
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;  (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and  (c) the length of service of each director	YES	The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer. An Independent Director:  • is a Non-Executive Director and; • is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company; • within the last three years has not been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment; • within the last three years has not been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another group member, or an employee materially associated with the service provided; • is not a material supplier or customer of the Company or another group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer; • has no material contractual relationship with the Company or other group member other than as a Director of the Company; • has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; • is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which



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		<ul> <li>could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and</li> <li>does not receive performance based remuneration nor participates in an employee incentive scheme.</li> </ul>
		Materiality for the purposes of the points above is determined on the basis of both quantitative and qualitative aspects with regard to the independence of Directors. An amount over 5% of the Company's expenditure or 10% of the particular Director's annual gross income is considered to be material. A period of more than six years as a Director would be considered material when assessing independence.
		Adrian Griffin (appointed 12 November 2010) is a Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Company and meets the Company's criteria for independence. The Board still forms the opinion that the interest, position or relationship does not interfere with the Adrian Griffin's capacity to bring independent judgment to bear on issues before the Board nor to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole. Adrian Griffin's tenure as Chair of the Company indicates a deep understanding of the Company and its business.
		Patrick Power (appointed 17 September 2019) is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and meets the Company's criteria for independence. His experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board in his position as a Non-Executive Director.
		Richard Beresford (appointed 12 March 2020) is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and meets the Company's criteria for independence. His experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board in his position as a Non-Executive Director.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	YES	The Board has a greater proportion of independent to non-independent Directors.
Recommendation 2.5	YES	The Chairperson is an independent Director who is not the CEO / Managing Director.



The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO		
of the entity.  Recommendation 2.6		It is the policy of the Company that each new Director undergoes an industion
A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	YES	It is the policy of the Company that each new Director undergoes an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company, as per the Director Induction Program. Where possible this includes meetings with key executives, tours of the premises, an induction package and presentations. Information conveyed to new Directors includes:  • details of the roles and responsibilities of a Director;  • formal policies on Director appointment as well as conduct and contribution expectations;  • a copy of the Corporate Governance Statement, Charters, Policies and Memos and  • a copy of the Constitution of the Company.
		a copy of the constitution of the company.
		In order to achieve continuing improvement in Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development. The Board has implemented an Ongoing Education Framework.
Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
Recommendation 3.1		The Company's Statement of Values is available on the Company's website.
A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	YES	As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has established a Code of Conduct for Directors, Senior Executives and Employees to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders and to assist the Board to carry its
(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.  Recommendation 3.3		functions. These stakeholders include employees, clients, customers, government authorities, creditors and the community as whole. In general, the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. It is required to do all things that may be necessary to be done in order to carry out the objectives of the Company.  The Company has a formal Whistleblower Policy, which applies to the



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.		The Company relies on its employees and Disclosers to help maintain and grow its culture of honest and ethical behaviour. It is therefore expected that any discloser who becomes aware of such conduct will make a report.
		As per the Whitsleblower Policy, the Board has oversight over reports made to the Company's Whistleblower Officer, and investigations which are conducted into the reported concerns.
A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	YES	The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees and is available on the Company's website. Directors, employees and associated persons are encouraged to raise any matters of concern in good faith and report material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy to the Board, without fear of retribution.
Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
Recommendation 4.1  The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	NO	The Audit and Risk Committee consists of Barry Woodhouse (Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee), Adrian Griffin and Patrick Power who are independent Non-Executive Directors with experience relevant to being a member of the Audit and Risk Committee. Patrick Power has had experience with audit and financial compliance as part of his responsibilities with various companies. Adrian Griffin's financial experience is limited to practical application as a Director of a number of private and public companies over a period of 30 years. The Audit and Risk Committee met twice during the year and one member at the time wasn't present for each meeting. The Audit and Risk Committee Charter, which is available for review on the Company's website, sets out the responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee.



		COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 4.2		\/E0	The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer provide a declaration to
The board of a listed entity should, before it a financial statements for a financial period, received.		YES	the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act for each financial report and assure the Board that such declaration is founded on a
CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the fina			sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is
entity have been properly maintained and			operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting
statements comply with the appropriate accou			risks.
give a true and fair view of the financial position			
the entity and that the opinion has been formed	ed on the basis of a		
sound system of risk management and inter	nal control which is		
operating effectively.			
Recommendation 4.3			The Board carries out the following processes to independently verify and
A listed entity should disclose its process to veri		YES	safeguard the integrity of its periodic corporate reporting:
periodic corporate report it releases to the mark	et that is not audited		regular review of financial reports;
or reviewed by an external auditor.			variance analysis; and
			CEO and CFO sign-off on quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure			reports.
Recommendation 5.1			The Company has a formal Continuous Disclosure Policy (a copy of which is
A listed entity should have and disclose a written	policy for complying	YES	available on the Company's website), which outlines the policies and procedures
with its continuous disclosure obligations under		5	which the Company has adopted, to ensure that all information which is required
g			to be disclosed under Chapter 3 of the ASX Listing Rules is disclosed on a timely
			basis.
			As outlined in further detail in the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, the
			Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for
D)			overseeing and coordinating disclosure of relevant information to the ASX as
5			well as communicating with the ASX.
Recommendation 5.2  A listed entity should ensure that its board re	anivas anica of all	YES	The Board is on the announcement distribution list.
material market announcements promptly after t		YES	
Recommendation 5.3	ney have been made.		Presentations are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead
	e investor or analyst	YES	of the presentation being given.
/ /			or the presentation being given.
A listed entity that gives a new and substantive			
	entation materials on		
A listed entity that gives a new and substantive presentation should release a copy of the presentation.	entation materials on d of the presentation.		



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A listed entity should provide information about itself and its	YES	Corporate Governance Plan (incorporating the various policies,
governance to investors via its website.		procedures, charters, programs, assessments, codes and frameworks)
		<ul> <li>Names and biographical details of each of its Directors and senior executives</li> </ul>
		Constitution
		Copies of annual, half yearly and quarterly reports
		ASX announcements
		Copies of notices of meetings of security holders
		Media releases
		Overview of the Company's current business, structure and history
		Summary of the terms of the securities on issue
		<ul> <li>Historical market price information of the securities on issue</li> <li>Contact details for the share registry and media enquiries</li> </ul>
Recommendation 6.2		The Company maintains a formal Shareholder Communication Policy (a copy of
A listed entity should have an investor relations program that	YES	which is available on the Company's website), which outlines the Company's
facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		processes and procedures for facilitating effective two-way communication with
		its shareholders .
7		The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the
		effective exercise of those rights the Company is committed to:
		communicating effectively with shareholders through releases to the
		market via ASX, information mailed to shareholders and the general
		meetings of the Company;
		giving shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable     information about the Company and corporate proposals.
		<ul> <li>information about the Company and corporate proposals;</li> <li>requesting the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting</li> </ul>
		and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of
		the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report of
		future Annual Reports.
		The Company also makes available a telephone number and email address for
		shareholders to make enquiries of the Company.
Recommendation 6.3		As per the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy (a copy of which is
A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages	YES	available on the Company's website), the Company encourages full participation
participation at meetings of security holders.		



RE	ECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
			of shareholders at meetings of its shareholders, to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals.
			The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights, the Company is committed to making it easy for shareholders to participate in shareholder meetings of the Company. The
			Company also makes available a telephone number and email address for shareholders to make enquiries of the Company.
A	listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a eeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show hands.	YES	All substantive resolutions, including any resolutions that relate to ASX listing rules, at meetings of its shareholders are decided by a poll.
A	listed entity should give security holders the option to receive emmunications from, and send communications to, the entity and a security registry electronically.	YES	Shareholders are regularly given the option to receive communications electronically or via post.
Pr	inciple 7: Recognise and manage risk		
Re	ne board of a listed entity should:  have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  ) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy	NO	The Board has not established a separate Risk Committee, rather, risk is addressed through the combined Audit and Risk Committee, and therefore it is not structured in accordance with Recommendation 7.1. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Risk Committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a Risk Committee are discussed at a separate meeting of the Audit & Risk Committee where required. When the Board convenes as the Audit and Risk Committee, it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Audit & Risk Committee Charter (a copy of which is available on the Company's website). The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Risk Committee by ensuring that any Director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.  The Audit and Risk Committee met twice during the year. Risk identification and
	(a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		risk management discussions occurred at several Board meetings throughout the year. To assist the Board to fulfil its function as the Risk Committee, the



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		Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	The Company's Risk Management Policy (a copy of which is available on the Company's website) states that the Board as a whole is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. The objectives of the Company's Risk Management Policy are to:  • identify risks to the Company; • balance risks against associated rewards; • ensure regulatory compliance is achieved; and • ensure senior executives, the Board and investors understand the risk profile of the Company.  The Board monitors risk through various arrangements, including: • regular Board meetings; • share price monitoring; • market monitoring; and • regular review of financial position and operations.
		The Company has developed a Risk Register in order to assist with the risk management of the Company. The Company's Risk Management Policy is considered a sound strategy for addressing and managing risk. During the year, management regularly reported to the Board on the following categories of risks affecting the Company as part of the Company's systems and processes for managing material business risks: operational, financial reporting, sovereignty and market-related risks. The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. Responsibility for control and risk management is delegated to the appropriate level of management within the Company with the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) having ultimate responsibility to the Board for the risk management and control framework. Arrangements put in place by the Board to monitor risk management include:  • regular reporting to the Board in respect of operations and the financial position of the Company;



	RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
	,		where appropriate the appointment of appropriately skilled consultants to provide independent assessment of operational results, proposals
			and activities; and
			Use of a risk register to assist with risk management.
	Recommendation 7.3		When the Audit and Risk Committee convenes it carries out those functions
	A listed entity should disclose:	YES	which are delegated to it in the Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter
	(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or		which include overseeing the establishment and implementation by management of a system for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the		material risk throughout the Company, which includes the Company's internal
	processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving		compliance and control systems. Due to the nature and size of the Company's
	the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and		operations, and the Company's ability to derive substantially all of the benefits
	internal control processes.		of an independent internal audit function, the expense of an independent internal auditor is not considered to be appropriate.
	Recommendation 7.4		The Company has considered its economic, environmental and social
	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure	YES	sustainability risks by way of internal review and has concluded that it is subject
00	to environmental and social risks and, if it does, how it manages or		to material economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, and that is
	intends to manage those risks.		recognised and managed pursuant to the Company's risk register.
	Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly Recommendation 8.1		The Company's Board has a Nomination Committee, the responsibilities of
	The board of a listed entity should:	YES	whom are outlined in a Remuneration Committee Charter (a copy of which is
	(a) have a remuneration committee which:		available on the Company's website).
	(i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are		
	independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director,		The role of the Remuneration Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in respect of establishing appropriate remuneration levels and
	and disclose:		incentive policies for employees. The Remuneration Committee consists of
90	(iii) the charter of the committee;		three Non-Executive Directors, being Adrian Griffin, Patrick Power, Richard
	(iv) the members of the committee; and		Beresford and the Company Secretary. The Chair of the Remuneration
	(v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of		Committee is Adrian Griffin, an independent Director. The Remuneration
	times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those		Committee met once during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and one member wasn't present. In accordance with the Remuneration Committee
	meetings; or		Charter, the responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include setting
00	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that		policies for senior officers' remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of
	fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and		employment for the Managing Director, reviewing and making recommendations
	composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is		to the Board on the Company's incentive schemes and superannuation arrangements, reviewing the remuneration of both Executive and Non-Executive
<u>a</u>	appropriate and not excessive.		Directors and undertaking reviews of the Managing Director's performance,
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RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		including, setting with the Managing Director goals and reviewing progress in achieving those goals.  The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000), to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	YES	In accordance with the Company's Remuneration Policy (a copy of which is available on the Company's website), Non-Executive Directors are to be paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by shareholders for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. Managing Director remuneration is set by the Board with Managing Director not present. Full details regarding the remuneration of Directors has been included in the Remuneration Report within the Annual Report.
Recommendation 8.3  A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	YES	As per the Company's Remuneration Policy (a copy of which is available on the Company's website), Executive and Non-Executive Directors are prohibited from entering into transactions or arrangements which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements.