

Domino's Pizza Enterprises Limited 1/485 Kingsford Smith Drive Hamilton, QLD, Australia 4007 ACN: 010 489 326 www.dominos.com.au

23 August 2023

The Manager

Market Announcements Office

Australian Securities Exchange

4th Floor, 20 Bridge Street

SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Sir

Market presentation for the year ended 02 July 2023

Please find attached for immediate release the market presentation in relation financial results for the Company for the year ended 02 July 2023.

For further information, contact Nathan Scholz, Head of Investor Relations at investor.relations@dominos.com.au or on +61-419-243-517.

Authorised for lodgement by the Board.

Craig Ryan

Company Secretary

END



FULL YEAR RESULTS

Period Ending 02.07.2023

WE ARE THE DOMINANT SUSTAINABLE DELIVERY QSR

IN EVERY MARKET BY

2050

GROUP - VALUE EQUATION

WHEN DOMINO'S BALANCES THE VALUE EQUATION – FRANCHISEE PARTNERS, CUSTOMERS AND DPE WIN

- In FY23 Domino's increased prices to protect Franchisee Partners' margins in the face of extraordinary inflation
- We did not always get the balance right for value-focused delivery customers
- Volume declines affected franchisee profitability and DPE warehouse sales

IN FY24 DOMINO'S IS **REBALANCING** — LEADING THROUGH PRODUCT, SERVICE, IMAGE

- After passing through appropriate costs: FY24 Sales growth will be through volume
- Franchisees are embracing High Volume Mentality (HVM), to rebuild gross profitability at expanded margins
 - Growing volumes with HVM is key to our growth



PROXIMITY TO CUSTOMERS – allows for quicker, more consistent delivery experience





PROFITABLE FRANCHISEES – continue to open Stores



IMPROVED CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE -

drives Customer Lifetime Value. Lower run times reduce Cost of Delivery





uels Franchisee Profitability





GROUP - FY23 ASSESSMENT vs. OUTLOOK

Same Store Sales Growth

New Organic Store Additions

Net CAPEX⁽²⁾

3-5 Year	FY21	FY22	FY23	
Annual Outlook ⁽¹⁾	Actual	Actual	Actual	
+3-6%	+9.3%	-0.3%	-0.2%	
+8-10% of network	+285 stores +10.7% of network	+294 stores +10.0% of network	+205 stores +6.1% of network	
\$100-150m \$84.3m		\$137.6m	\$159.1m	

- **H2 SSS +0.2%**, in line with Management expectations. Positive H2 SSS in Europe (+3.3%) and ANZ (+0.4%), partly offset by Asia (-4.8%) attributable to lower performance in Japan and Taiwan
- New Store Openings +205 (+6.1%), lower than 3-5 Year Outlook, as foreshadowed at our Trading Update on 13 June. In addition, DPE acquired Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia during FY23 (+287 stores acquired, +8.5%)
- CAPEX \$159.1m, higher than our 3-5 year outlook, primarily as a result of capital expenditure relating to Malaysia and
 Singapore, and lower store sale proceeds which Management anticipates will normalise as store unit economics lifts

^{1) 3-5} Year Outlook, as presented at previous Market Presentation

¹

GROUP - TRADING UPDATE

	Full Year	Results	Trading Update First Weeks of Trade			
	FY22 FY23		FY23	FY24		
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual		
	4.6%	+2.2%	-2.4%	+12.6%		
	-0.3%	-0.2%	-1.1%	+2.8%		
S	+294 stores +10.0% of network	+205 stores +6.1% of network	+13 stores	+9 stores		

New Organic Store Additions

Network Sales Growth

Same Store Sales Growth

Trading Update for first 7 weeks of FY24 and FY23

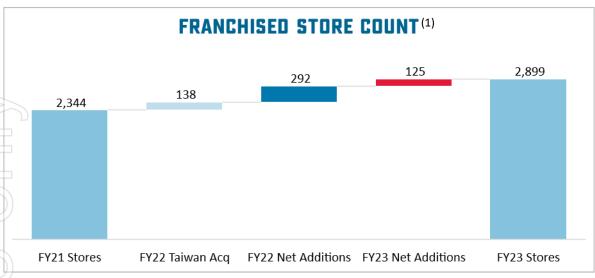
- *Network Sales growth* +12.6%, including the benefit of Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia acquisitions
- **Same Store Sales +2.8%**: Europe +6.6%, ANZ +6.6% largely through rebuilding customers with new products and targeted promotions. Asia -7.8% SSS, with Japan & Taiwan requiring additional time due to lower ordering frequency
 - **New Store Openings +9 stores**. As advised at our June trading update, new store openings will be below our 3-5 year outlook until franchisee profitability increases though stronger sales and volume recovery
 - Whilst margin recovery is starting in Europe and ANZ, Management anticipates that FY24 earnings growth will come from structural savings. DPE is cautiously optimistic on further margin recovery and will update on this progress

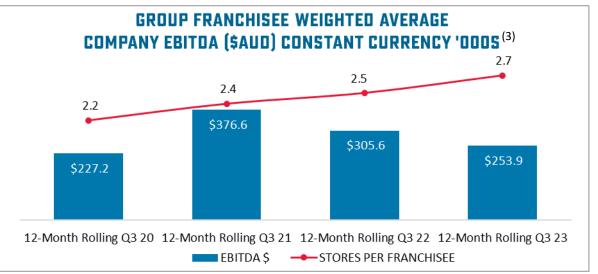
GROUP - KEY METRICS

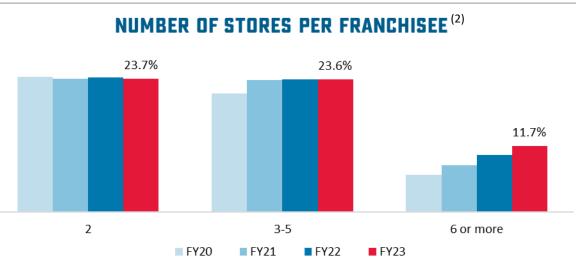
	FY22 Actual	FY23 ⁽¹⁾ Actual	Growth vs.	FY22
Network Sales	\$3,918.0m	\$4,005.6m	+\$87.6m	+2.2%
Online Sales	\$3,059.6m	\$3,132.8m	+\$73.2m	+2.4%
Same Store Sales Growth	-0.3%	-0.2%		
Network Store Count	3,387 stores	3,782 stores	+395 stores	+11.7%
EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$396.5m	\$347.2m	-\$49.3m	-12.4%
EBIT ⁽³⁾	\$262.9m	\$201.7m	-\$61.2m	-23.3%
NPAT (after Minority Interest) (3)	\$165.0m	\$122.6m	-\$42.3m	-25.7%
EPS ⁽³⁾	190.6 cps	139.4 cps	-51.3 cps	-26.9%
Dividend	156.5 cps	110.0 cps	-46.5 cps	-29.7%
Net CAPEX ⁽⁴⁾	\$137.6m	\$159.1m		
Free Cash Flow ⁽⁵⁾	(\$7.5m)	\$38.6m		

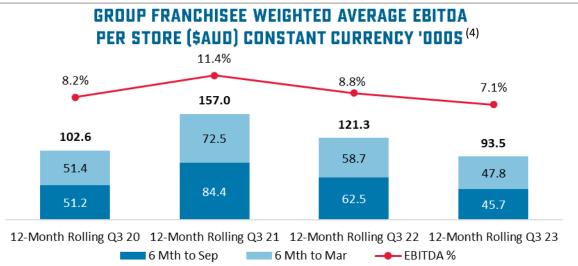
- Network Sales growth +4.3% excluding FX⁽²⁾
 - NPAT growth -23.6% excluding FX⁽²⁾
- 1) FY23 included one less trading week than FY22 (52 weeks vs. 53 weeks)
- FX Network Sales FX translation headwind c. \$79m vs. FY22, NPAT FX translation headwind c. \$5m vs. FY22
- FY23 underlying compared to FY22 underlying, excluding significant charges see Slides 14, 15 & 52 for further details
 - Excluding capital expenditure relating to acquisitions of \$328.9m
 - Free Cash Flow excluding capital expenditure relating to acquisitions, including Net lease principal payments see slide 16 for further details

GROUP - FRANCHISEE DASHBOARD









- Franchised Store Count is based on closing period store counts as per Slide 51
- Number of stores per Franchisee, including Taiwan for all periods
- Group Franchisee company EBITDA is calculated on the basis of multiplying Group weighted average store EBITDA submitted to DPE, by Group average number of stores per franchisee, excluding Taiwan
- 4) Franchisee profitability includes 72% of stores that have submitted P&Ls during Q3 23 12-month rolling period, 77% of stores for Q3 22 12-month rolling period, 74% of stores for Q3 21 12-month rolling period and 77% of stores for Q3 20 12-month rolling period, excluding Taiwan
- 5) On preliminary P&Ls July EBITDA in ANZ and Europe is increasing vs prior year

GROUP - PERFORMANCE

- In the face of extraordinary inflation, management moved to protect franchisee partners by increasing menu prices
- The scale and pace of inflation meant not all menu price initiatives could be tested in the usual manner
- The <u>size</u> of some^{*} increases, or the <u>manner</u> (e.g. Delivery Service Fees) reduced frequency largely for delivery
- Frequency reduction was not immediately apparent but became clear over repeat purchases at the end of H1
- DPE stabilised this frequency decline in H2, including through initiatives such as Flex pricing
- Growing volumes and customer frequency will continue to be significant focus for FY24
- Franchisee partners showed extraordinary resilience despite these challenging conditions

Strong, sustainable Franchisee Partner profitability is vital to our business

Domino's

^{*} This was particularly apparent where price increases, such as bundled meals, were greater than the market's inflation rate.

GROUP - RESTRUCTURING: COSTS & BENEFITS UPDATE

Domino's has taken steps to deliver material, near-term, cost savings



Closure of the loss-making Danish market (27 stores)

FY24 NETWORK SAVINGS FORECAST TO BE \$30-31M

1/3 OF THESE SAVINGS TO BE SHARED WITH FRANCHISEE PARTNERS (~\$20M EBIT IMPROVEMENT TO DPE IN FY24)



Closure of 56 stores across the group (provision for additional 18 store closures)

These stores were not expected to reach sustainable levels of sales or profitability in the short-term

FY23 Non-Recurring Costs arising from these initiatives are \$105m



Refranchising turnaround corporate stores
One-off impairment, which will accelerate refranchising

These initiatives will deliver improved efficiency and a stronger
 foundation for future growth



Delivering on planned commissary closures in S.E. Asia

Benefits arising from the acceleration of re-franchising are anticipated to ramp-up over time as experienced Franchisee Partners grow volumes in these stores



Accelerated amortization of legacy IT assets
All new geographies were successfully integrated onto new generation
Online Ordering Platform during FY23

GROUP - STREAMLINING OPERATIONS

BUILDING THE STRUCTURE FOR DOMINO'S 2030 AND BEYOND

DPE ANNOUNCED A PLAN IN JUNE TO REALIGN & STREAMLINE ITS OPERATIONS

Key changes expected include:

- Realigning Reporting lines to a functional structure vs. geographic structure ensuring decision making is streamlined and aligned
- **Establishing 'centres of expertise'** areas of specialist knowledge that will be applied across all markets (e.g. aggregator marketing)
- Centralising some responsibilities in shared services centres using the same systems across all 12 markets
 - DPE CONFIRMS ~\$20-29M SAVINGS IN FY24, WHICH WILL INCREASE IN FY25

 ONCE PROJECTS ARE COMPLETED
 - ~1/3RD OF THESE SAVINGS ARE TO BE REINVESTED INTO FRANCHISEE PARTNERS ~\$13-20M EBIT IMPROVEMENT TO DPE IN FY24

- Group CEO/CFO taking dual Global and local roles
 (Responsibility for Group and ANZ, similar dual roles in other selected roles)
- CEOs more capacity to focus on in market activity
 With greater support from shared services and global Centres of Expertise
- 3 Shared services delivering activities for every function
- Unified Marketing & Digital function
 Previously two separate functions and reporting lines to CEO
- Centres of Expertise (CoEs) Providing functional services to markets, such as Marketing & Digital, Procurement, Development
- One strategic Group People function supported by shared services

 Previously two direct reports to CEO

"reviewing business units to identify efficiencies including realignment of business structures, simplification of systems and removal of operational areas that are not core to our future growth" (ASX announcement 13/6/2023)

GROUP FINANCIALS



GROUP - FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (INCLUDING FX)

	FY22 Underlying	FY23 Underlying	Growth vs. FY22	
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%
Network Sales	3,918.0	4,005.6	87.6	2.2%
Revenue	2,289.3	2,366.8	77.5	3.4%
EBIT	262.9	201.7	-61.2	-23.3%
NPAT	165.0	122.6	-42.3	-25.7%
EPS (basic)	190.6 cps	139.4 cps	-51.3 cps	-26.9%
Dividend Per Share	156.5 cps	110.0 cps	-46.5 cps	-29.7%
Euro average FX Yen average FX	0.644 85.115	0.643 92.450		

- Network Sales growth +2.2% (+4.3% excluding FX)⁽¹⁾
- NPAT growth -25.7% (-23.6% excluding FX)⁽¹⁾
- Full Year Dividend 110.0 cents per share (-29.7%), includes dilution from capital raising H2 dividend 42.6 cents per share (unfranked), fully underwritten DRP activated

GROUP - GEOGRAPHIC SUMMARY (INCLUDING FX)

	FY20 Underlying	FY21 Underlying	FY22 Underlying	FY23 Underlying		th vs. '22
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%
Revenue						
Europe	560.1	665.1	704.2	751.0	+46.8	+6.6%
ANZ	693.4	756.6	782.5	800.7	+18.2	+2.3%
Asia	651.8	777.4	802.6	815.1	+12.5	+1.6%
Total Revenue	1,905.3	2,199.1	2,289.3	2,366.8	+77.5	+3.4%
EBIT						
Europe	61.3	88.5	78.8	52.9	-26.0	-33.0%
ANZ	102.4	117.9	121.2	112.4	-8.8	-7.2%
Asia	79.8	110.5	85.0	60.2	-24.8	-29.1%
Global	(13.1)	(23.3)	(22.1)	(23.8)	-1.7	-7.5%
Total EBIT	230.4	293.7	262.9	201.7	-61.2	-23.3%
EBIT Margin %						
Europe	10.9%	13.3%	11.2%	7.0%		
ANZ	14.8%	15.6%	15.5%	14.0%		
Asia	12.2%	14.2%	10.6%	7.4%		
Total EBIT Margin %	12.1%	13.4%	11.5%	8.5%		
Euro average FX	0.607	0.626	0.644	0.643		
Yen average FX	72.564	79.458	85.115	92.450		

OPTIMISING THE STORE NETWORK & DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

- Total Non-Recurring Costs (including costs arising due to discontinued operations) were \$116.6m
 - Non-Recurring Costs arising from cost initiatives and discontinued operations were \$105.0m (see next slide)
 - Additional Non-Recurring costs of \$11.6m, primary relating to:
 - ANZ Fast Food Industry Award Class Action \$5.9m
 - Malaysia and Singapore acquisition and integration costs \$3.6m
 - Pizza Sprint legal proceedings \$3.6m
 - Asia -\$1.5m, including the change in fair value of contingent consideration in relation to the acquisition of Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia

RESTRUCTURING: COSTS AND BENEFITS FURTHER DETAIL

	FY23 Actual	FY24 Forecast	FY25 Target
Region - \$m	Non Recurring Costs	Network Savings	Network Savings
Denmark Market Closure	\$26.2m	\$12m	\$12m
Optimising the Corporate Store Network	\$68.1m	\$16m	\$30-35m
Planned commissary closures & Legacy IT Assets	\$10.7m	\$2-3m	\$5-7m
Streamlining Operations	-	\$20-29m	\$33-40m
Total	\$105m	\$50-60m	\$80-94m

Per 13 June Announcement						
Non Recurring Costs	Annualised Network Savings					
\$20-26m	\$12m					
\$50-55m	\$16-20m					
\$10-12m	\$5-7m					
To be determined	\$20m					
\$80-93m	\$53-59m					

- Total FY23 Non-Recurring Costs arising from the above initiatives are \$105m:
 - Relating to: closure of 83 stores (including 27 stores in Denmark), plus the provision for an additional 18 stores (to close in FY24), impairment of a number of stores to accelerate re-franchising, and accelerated amortisation of legacy IT assets
- Further Non-Recurring Costs are anticipated during FY24 which are yet to be fully determined:
 - Relating to: re-franchising of stores in Europe, SE Asia Commissary closure, and associated employee costs arising from store closures & Head Office restructuring
- Management anticipates \$50-60m network savings in FY24 resulting from the above
- Cumulative Network <u>savings of \$80-94m</u> targeted during FY25 as these projects are completed
- Approximately one third of these savings will be shared with our Franchisees
- ~\$33-40m EBIT improvement to DPE in FY24⁽¹⁾, with DPE are targeting ~\$53-63m EBIT improvement in FY25

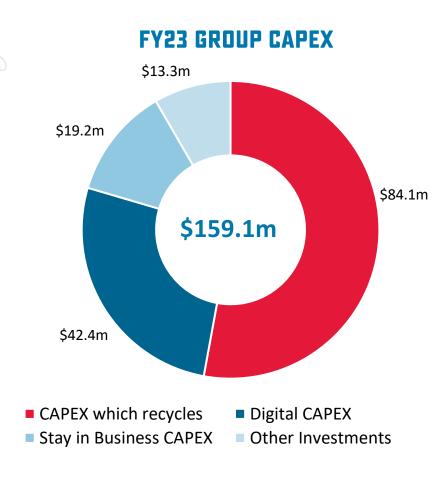
GROUP – FREE CASH FLOW

		FY22	FY23	
		Statutory	Statutory	
		\$ mil	\$ mil	
	Underlying EBITDA	396.5	347.2	
	Change in working capital	(77.5)	36.5	Working Capital is \$36.5m
	Profit on sale of non-current assets	(28.1)	(19.0)	Australia, Malaysia/Singap
	Other movements	(7.2)	(7.3)	
	Operating cash flow before interest & tax	283.7	357.3	
	Non-recurring costs	(8.8)	(19.4)	Non-Recurring cash costs
	Net interest paid	(11.6)	(20.9)	 Net interest paid increase
	Tax paid	(73.2)	(56.1)	·
	Net operating cash flow	190.1	260.8	 Net Operating Cash Fl
	Capital expenditure	(210.6)	(205.8)	
	Proceeds from sale of PP&E & intangibles	35.5	21.2	Proceeds from sale of stor
	Loans repaid by franchisees	37.5	25.6	
	Net cash used in investing activities	(137.6)	(159.1)	 Higher Net CAPEX, in line
7				
	Net lease principal payments	(60.0)	(63.1)	
	Free cashflow hafara Associations	(7 F)	39 C	
	Free cashflow before Acquisitions	(7.5)	38.6	
	Acquisitions	(95.7)	(328.9)	 Net cash for acquisition of
		(33.7)		
	Free cashflow	(103.2)	(290.3)	

- Working Capital is \$36.5m favourable, predominately due to positive movement in payables in Japan, Australia, Malaysia/Singapore acquisition (timing)
- Non-Recurring cash costs relate to restructuring, acquisition and legal costs
- Net interest paid increase is predominately due to recent acquisitions and increase in base rates
- Net Operating Cash Flow up +37.2%, to \$260.8m
- Proceeds from sale of stores excludes non-cash loans of \$36.5m
- Higher Net CAPEX, in line with prior-year and 3–5-year outlook, excluding Malaysia & Singapore

Net cash for acquisition of Malaysia and Singapore \$205.8m and Germany Minority Interest \$123.1m

GROUP - INVESTING ACTIVITIES (CAPEX)



- FY23 Net CAPEX excluding acquisitions \$159.1m (Prior Year \$137.6m)
- CAPEX which Recycles \$84.1m (Prior Year \$59.5m)
 - Gross CAPEX \$130.9m (prior-year \$132.5m), including investment in new corporate stores (primarily Japan), franchisee loans for new and existing stores and franchisee acquisitions (predominantly Europe and ANZ)
 - Cash inflows \$46.8m (prior-year \$73.0m), with lower proceeds compared to prior-year in all markets
- Digital CAPEX \$42.4m (Prior Year \$43.0m)
 - Investment in digital platforms, such as: full roll-out of new Native
 Ordering app to all markets, launch of Next Generation Future Order
 Screen, onboarding of Singapore to OneDigital platform, introduced
 OneStore App for Franchisees and Store Managers, launched Domino's
 Wallet, unveiled Next Generation Web Ordering platform in Japan, and
 continued enhancements to GPS
- "Stay in Business" CAPEX \$19.2m (Prior Year \$11.8m)
 - Including investment in corporate store refurbishments and upgrades
- Other Investments \$13.3m (Prior Year \$23.3m)
 - Including Head Office, operational initiatives & logistics and back-of-house systems

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GROUP - BALANCE SHEET

					
		FY22	FY23	vs. FY22	
		\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	- Not Dobt of CO10m in average by C2F2m vs. FV22(1) as a result of the Malaysia
	Cash & cash equivalents	76.9	159.9	83.0	■ Net Debt of \$819m increases by \$252m vs. FY22 ⁽¹⁾ , as a result of the Malaysia,
	Trade and other receivables	163.6	176.2	12.6	Singapore and Cambodia acquisitions (\$206m) and higher capital expenditure
	Inventories	30.9	43.1	12.3	
	Other current assets	139.9	210.8	70.9	 Other current asset increase due to tax receivable increasing by \$42.1m due
	Total Current Assets	411.3	590.1	178.8	to non-recurring costs impacting statutory NPAT
	Property, plant & equipment	273.5	324.7	51.2	
	Goodwill	485.7	551.6	65.9	
	Intangible assets	450.4	638.9	188.6	
	Other non-current assets	810.9	774.2	-36.7	
	Total Non-current Assets	2,020.4	2,289.4	269.0	 Total Non-current assets increase, largely due to recent acquisitions
	Total Assets	2,431.7	2,879.4	447.7	
	Trade & other payables	304.0	379.0	75.0	Payables higher, primarily due to the acquisitions of Malaysia & Singapore
7	Current tax liabilities	17.6	24.2	6.7	
	Borrowings	32.0	0.0	-32.0	
	Other current liabilities	287.0	190.9	-96.1	 Other current liabilities decrease due to settlement of the German put/call
	Total Current Liabilities	640.6	594.1	-46.5	liability, offset by an increase in provisions due to store closure obligations
	Borrowings	612.1	978.6	366.5	
	Deferred tax liabilities	85.2	118.8	33.5	 Deferred tax liabilities increase due to the acquisition of MSK \$43.0m
	Other non-current liabilities	671.9	667.4	-4.4	
	Total Non-current Liabilities	1,369.2	1,764.8	395.6	
	Total Liabilities	2,009.8	2,358.9	349.2	
	Net Assets	422.0	520.5	98.6	
	Spot FX rates	0.653	0.610		
	EUR/AUD JPY/AUD	0.653 92.200	0.610 95.920		18
	3. 17.105	32.200	33.320		1) Not Dobt, calculated as Current and Non Current Porrowings, loss Cash and Cash Equivalents

GROUP - CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

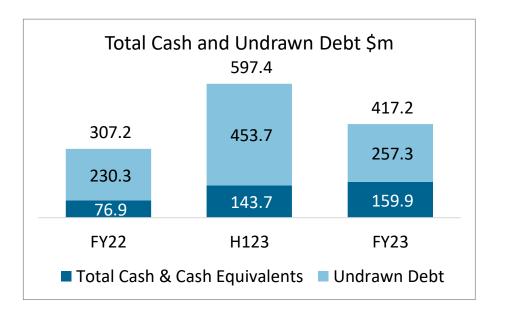
LEVERAGE RATIO AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- Total available cash and cash equivalents of \$159.9m, with multicurrency undrawn debt facilities of \$257.3m
- June Net Leverage Ratio (NLR) 2.9x, at the upper end of our covenant, due to:
 - Challenging FY23 trading conditions
 - Additional debt raising relating to the acquisition of developing markets, with long-term growth outlook
- On a pro-forma FY23 basis, NLR would reduce to 2.6x alone if discontinued operations & store closure costs are removed
- DPE has deployed capital management initiatives to accelerate a reduction in gearing levels to our targeted range of <2.0x, including:
 - Tighter management of capital expenditure, with net CAPEX expected be at the lower end of 3-5 year outlook
 - Dividend Reinvestment Plan, fully underwritten

Dominos

 In addition, cost saving initiatives, and closure of underperforming Corporate stores, will deliver an uplift in FY24 EBIT of \$33-\$40m

Banking Covenant Ratios (1)	FY22	H123	FY23
12 Month Rolling EBITDA (ex AASB 16)	\$339.7m	\$310.8m	\$287.1m
Total Debt	\$647.5m	\$810.2m	\$998.6m
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$76.9m	\$143.7m	\$159.9m
Net Debt	\$570.7m	\$666.5m	\$838.7m
Interest Coverage Ratio	33.7x	24.8x	15.7x
Net Leverage Ratio	1.7x	2.1x	2.9x



GROUP - KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

FY22	H123	FY23
Underlying	Underlying	Underlying
42.3%	29.3%	26.5%
16.8%	13.0%	11.6%
71.6%	86.6%	102.9%
33.7x	24.8x	15.7x
\$570.7m	\$666.5m	\$838.7m
1.7x	2.1x	2.9x
	42.3% 16.8% 71.6% 33.7x \$570.7m	Underlying Underlying 42.3% 29.3% 16.8% 13.0% 71.6% 86.6% 33.7x 24.8x \$570.7m \$666.5m

- ROE lower, as a result of lower profits & dilution from \$163.2m net capital raising
- ROCE lower, due to lower EBIT, combined with investment in new and existing international markets, and Corporate stores
- Cash Conversion higher, as a result of higher operating cash flows, due to favorable working capital movement
- Interest Coverage Ratio lower, due to lower EBITDA & higher interest costs
- **Net Debt increases** by \$268.0m vs. FY22, as a result of the Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia acquisitions (\$206m) and higher capital expenditure
- Net Leverage ratio increases, primarily as a result of an increase in net debt (above), coupled with lower EBITDA on a 12-month rolling basis

DPE key financial ratios including AASB16 – see Slides 53 & 54 for further details Banking Covenant Ratios excluding AASB16 – see Slide 55 for further details

OUTLOOK

GENERAL TRADING CONDITIONS 1

- Asia SSS currently negative due to Japan and Taiwan lower than expectations (SSS -7.8%)
 - Taiwan continues to roll high COVID-related sales, continuing until end of Q1 FY24
 - Japan is focused on executing proven volume growth strategies from other markets to rebuild order counts
 - Growth plans are in place: lower ordering frequency may delay customer response with ongoing inflation a headwind due to weaker local currency
 - Malaysia/Singapore/Cambodia are embedding successful technology/marketing plans from other markets
- Europe management is cautiously confident as customer counts rebuild (SSS +6.6%)
 - BENELUX most successfully balanced the value equation during high inflation
 - France has delivered recent growth through a more consistent national approach to marketing
 - Germany is experiencing strong SSS growth led by new products and aggregator engagement
- ANZ Franchisees are highly engaged with sales growth initiatives (SSS +6.6%)
 - New product launches, including My Domino's Box and the More Campaign, are growing occasions and customers
 - Sales performance is through rebuilding customer counts, including from higher margin products
 - Recent record sales weeks flowed through to higher franchisee profitability vs FY23

AGGREGATORS: A MARKETPLACE, NOT COMPETITOR

- Aggregator marketplaces continue to be a source of incremental customer growth
- These partnerships build delivery volumes for Domino's stores, with existing team members facilitating the delivery
- The size of aggregator markets allows Domino's to win share from other QSR
- Aggregator customers are frequently lower ticket, but higher frequency customers with lower acquisition costs
- The global Uber partnership (announced by DPZ in July) will improve unit economics in multiple DPE markets through lowered fees and higher volumes
- Domino's recent operational and marketing tactics have delivered aggregator sales growth above traditional sales channels

DOMINO'S INTENDS TO 'PLAY TO WIN' INSIDE AGGREGATORS, THROUGH SUPERIOR CUSTOMER RATINGS AND DELIVERY TIMES



The recently announced international partnership with Uber Eats will deliver savings at a store level in multiple markets



The partnership gives more access to high-frequency Uber One subscribers — an additional source of incremental order volumes

GROWTH THROUGH HIGH VOLUME MENTALITY

- Management believes pricing now appropriately balances input costs with customer value
- The key to rebuilding DPE and franchisee profitability in FY24 is volume
- New low-cost products to be launched have higher contribution margins
- Commodity price relief will <u>accelerate</u> improvement in unit economics
- Customer count and volume growth drive higher profitability and margins
- Everyday value can deliver for customers, franchisees and DPE

VOLUME-DRIVING SPECIAL OCCASIONS DRIVE SALES, PROFITS <u>AND</u> UNIT MARGINS

 Domino's will grow share in FY24 through providing exceptional value vs QSR and non-QSR competitors



Volume-driving events were a core part of DPE marketing pre-COVID, and are returning to boost Franchisee Partner profitability



VALUE EQUATION UPDATE

VALUE = PRODUCT + SERVICE + IMAGE / AFFORDABLE PRICE

- Product: New product planning is producing some of the highest rated new products since pre-COVID – growing customers and occasions
 - This includes new loaded fries (Europe) the My Domino's Box (Asia) and new pizza ranges (ANZ) with more to come
- Service: Higher product quality ratings (as measured by customers) are a key sales driver and remain a focus, particularly in ANZ
- Image: Domino's intends to reinforce the strength of its brand through initiatives from technology (including the new app) through to distinctive new packaging
- Affordable price: In FY24 Domino's will be the home of everyday value

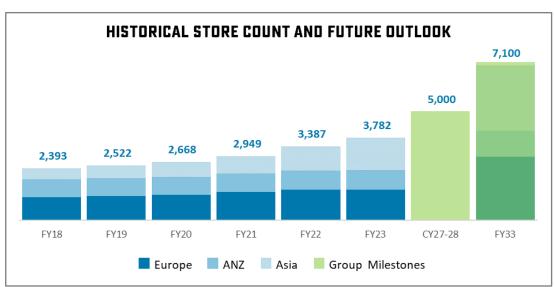
MANAGEMENT DOES NOT EXPECT CUSTOMERS TO PAY MEANINGFULLY HIGHER PRICES THIS YEAR

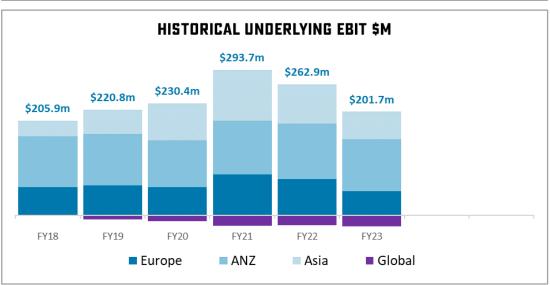






GROUP - FUTURE OUTLOOK 2025-2033





Domino's

ASIA MILESTONE 3,000 STORES BY 2033

- Asia 2.0x current market size
- ANZ TARGET 1,200 STORES BY 2027-2028
 - ANZ 1.3x current market size
- EUROPE MILESTONE 2,900 STORES BY 2033
 - Europe 2.1x current market size
- GROUP MILESTONE 7,100 STORES BY 2033
 - Group 1.9x current market size
- Management has extended its 5,000-store mediumterm outlook by one year, to Calendar Year 2027-28, due to: store closures (including the exit of Denmark), and recent underperformance in store unit economics which has slowed store growth

GROUP 3-5 YEAR OUTLOOK

	FY21	FY22	FY23	3-5 Year
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Annual Outlook
Same Store Sales Growth	+9.3%	-0.3%	-0.2%	+3-6%
New Organic Store Additions	+285 stores +10.7% of network	+294 stores +10.0% of network	+205 stores +6.1% of network	+7-9% of network
Net CAPEX ⁽¹⁾	\$84.3m	\$137.6m	\$159.1m	\$100-150m

- Management reaffirms its 3-5 year Group Outlook for SSS
- Our 3-5 year Group Outlook for new store additions has been <u>reduced to 7-9%</u>, from 8-10%
- As announced in June, new store openings are expected to be below the 3-5 year outlook in FY24. New store openings will increase in line with improvements in unit economics, which are improving in all regions
- CAPEX expected to be at the lower end of our 3-5 year outlook for FY24
- Management Outlook provides an illustration of our medium-term annual growth expectations, but does not constitute specific earnings guidance

CONCLUSION - PERFORMANCE

DPE's response to inflation did not reach initial expectations – franchisee partners were able to trade through,
 however lower volumes affected both unit economics and DPE earnings

DOMINO'S IS WORKING THROUGH ITS VALUE EQUATION: Product + Service + Image / Affordable price

- Affordable Pricing: DPE has implemented targeted pricing changes, incl. removing some surcharges and repricing some delivery bundles
- Overall DPE has retained higher pricing vs pcp, while still offering extraordinary value relative to other QSR choices
- **Product**: New product launches have been some of the strongest since pre-COVID including new sides (e.g. loaded fries, chocolate brownies), new pizzas (e.g kebab pizzas in EU) and new occasions (e.g. My Domino's Box)
- Service: Customer ratings driven by industry-leading delivery times –remain an ongoing focus, particularly in ANZ
- **Image:** Product quality scores, as rated by customers, are a key focus to <u>earn</u> the price quality new products deserve

CONCLUSION – OUTLOOK

DOMINO'S DOES NOT EXPECT CUSTOMERS TO PAY MORE IN FY24

- Management's focus in all markets is winning more customers, on more occasions
- The pricing structures for stores is in place now every market is focused on growing volumes
- High Volume Mentality: DPE's experience shows increased store volumes deliver higher earnings and expand margins
- Domino's intends to win share and order volumes through Value (Product + Service + Image at an affordable price)
- Strategies to rebuild order volumes are well progressed in ANZ, benefiting unit economics and DPE
- Similar approaches are being applied in other markets, with positive early signs in Europe, and Asia (largely Japan and Taiwan) expected to benefit from significant management focus on marketing execution
- Strategic restructuring initiatives and overhead reductions are well underway: \$50-60m network savings anticipated
 during FY24
- Resulting savings allow more investment into franchisee partners (incl. NAFs*), building a stronger DPE for the future

* National Advertising Funds

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CONCLUSION – OUTLOOK

DPE IS OPTIMISTIC OF THE SHORT-TERM AND RESOLUTE IN THE MEDIUM- AND LONG-TERM OUTLOOK

- Domino's is rebuilding customer order counts through proven strategies while this is underway management is
 optimistic on the short-term outlook, provided momentum continues
- However, the flow-through to DPE earnings will face headwinds including higher wages in support offices and corporate stores, and the reinvestment of strategic initiatives into franchisee partners
- DPE expects FY24 to deliver material sales and earnings improvements (based on current momentum vs H2 23)
- At this stage, these earnings improvements are anticipated to come from structural savings. While margin recovery is starting in Europe and ANZ - management is cautiously optimistic and will provide further updates on this progress
- Half on Half: Improvements in H1 24 vs H1 23 will depend on improvement in Asia and the timing of savings from the strategic initiatives underway

THE GLOBAL QSR TREND CONTINUES TO BE TOWARDS THE AGE OF DELIVERY

- The past Financial Year has reinforced the importance of balancing the value equation for customers
- DPE has the people, the technology, global footprint, and the experience, to deliver for customers, franchisee partners, and shareholders

APPENDICES

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

ANZ - FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AUD - CONSTANT CURRENCY

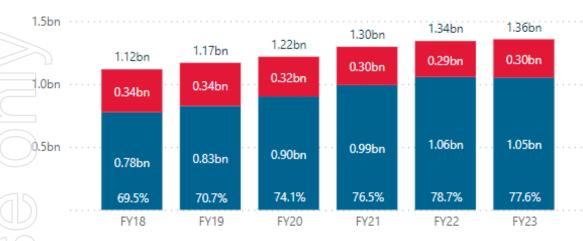
	FY22 Underlying	FY23 Underlying	Growth vs. FY22	
ANZ	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%
Network Sales	1,337.7	1,355.9	+18.3	+1.4%
Revenue	780.2	800.7	+20.4	+2.6%
EBITDA	156.1	150.0	-6.1	-3.9%
EBIT	120.8	112.4	-8.3	-6.9%
EBITDA on Revenue	20.0%	18.7%		
EBIT on Revenue	15.5%	14.0%		

- *Network Sales growth* +1.4% (+\$18.3m)
 - **EBIT growth** -6.9% (-\$8.3m)

ANZ – DASHBOARD AUD – CONSTANT CURRENCY

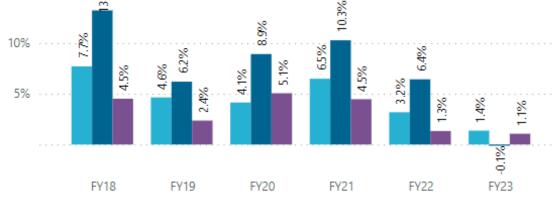
NETWORK SALES – KEY METRICS

Online Sales ● In-store Sales ● Sales Online %



SALES GROWTH - KEY METRICS





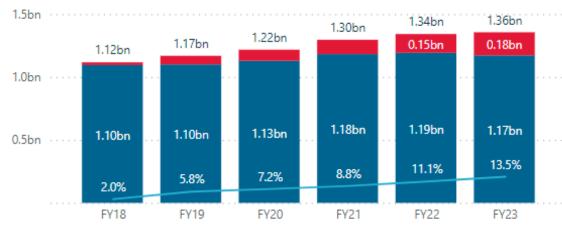
NETWORK STORE COUNT



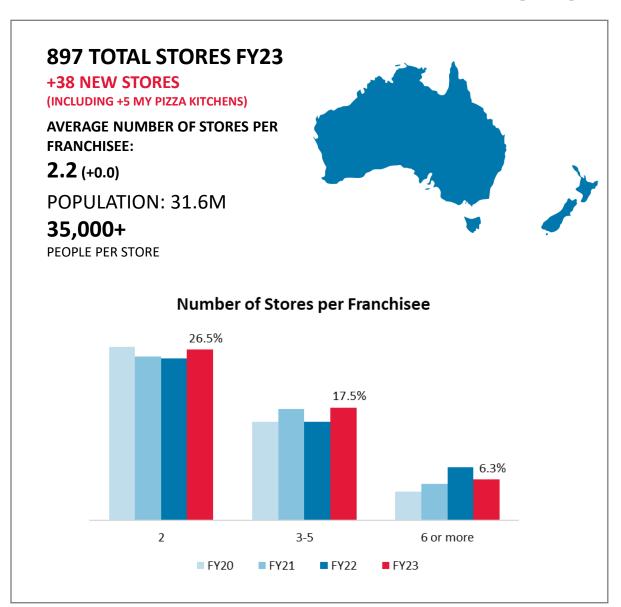


EXISTING AND NEW NETWORK SALES

Existing StoresNew StoresNew Store %



ANZ – REGION IN FOCUS



EUROPE

EUROPE – FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AUD – CONSTANT CURRENCY(1)

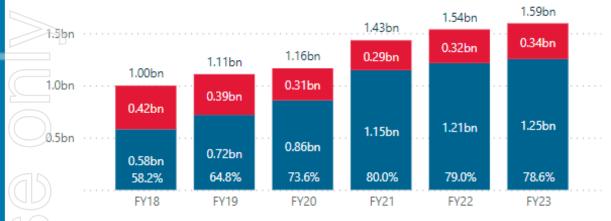
	FY22 Underlying	FY23 Underlying	Growth vs. FY22	
Europe	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%
Network Sales	1,536.8	1,594.9	+58.2	+3.8%
Revenue	704.8	751.0	+46.2	+6.6%
EBITDA	120.3	95.5	-24.8	-20.6%
EBIT	78.9	52.9	-26.1	-33.0%
EBITDA on Revenue	17.1%	12.7%		
EBIT on Revenue	11.2%	7.0%		

- *Network Sales growth* +3.8% (+\$58.2m)
 - EBIT growth -33.0% (-\$26.1m)

EUROPE – DASHBOARD AUD – CONSTANT CURRENCY

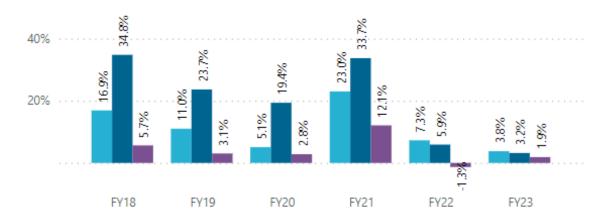
NETWORK SALES - KEY METRICS

Online Sales
 In-store Sales
 Sales Online



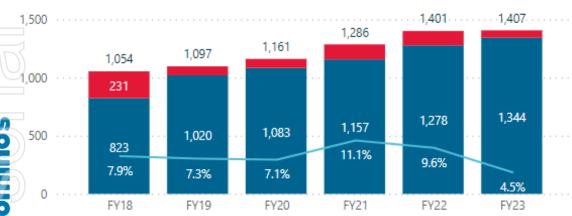
SALES GROWTH - KEY METRICS

■ Sales Growth ■ Sales Online Growth ■ Same Store Sales Growth



NETWORK STORE COUNT

● Existing Stores ● New & Acquired Stores ● New Store %



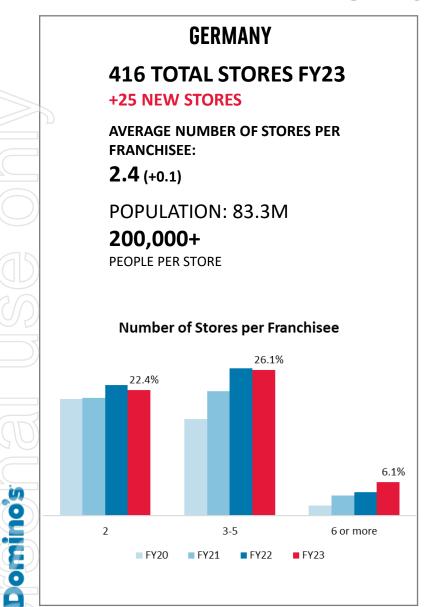
EXISTING AND NEW NETWORK SALES

■ Existing Stores ■ New Stores ■ New Store %

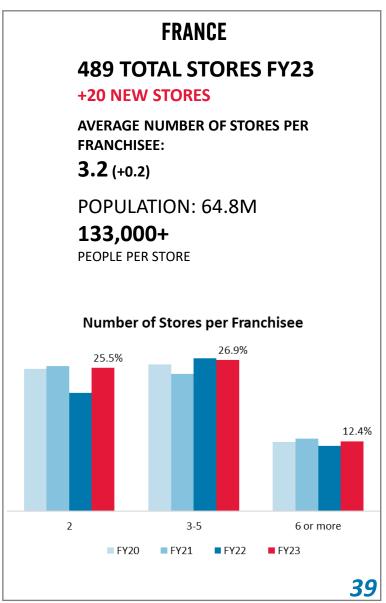


- FX translation headwind has been removed from the above by re-translating figures for prior-periods using FY23 FX rates
- Where applicable, prior-period Online Sales and Online Sales Growth figures have been re-stated, reflecting updated internal Management Reporting

EUROPE – REGION IN FOCUS







ASIA

ASIA – FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AUD – CONSTANT CURRENCY 10

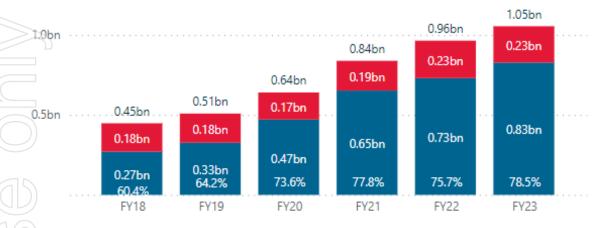
	FY22 Underlying	FY23 Underlying	Growth vs. FY22	
Asia	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%
Network Sales	964.5	1,054.7	+90.3	+9.4%
Revenue	742.5	815.1	+72.6	+9.8%
EBITDA	129.8	122.3	-7.5	-5.8%
EBIT	78.6	60.2	-18.4	-23.4%
EBITDA on Revenue	17.5%	15.0%		
EBIT on Revenue	10.6%	7.4%		

- *Network Sales growth* +9.4% (+\$90.3m)
 - EBIT growth -23.4% (-\$18.4m)

ASIA – DASHBOARD AUD – CONSTANT CURRENCY (1,2)

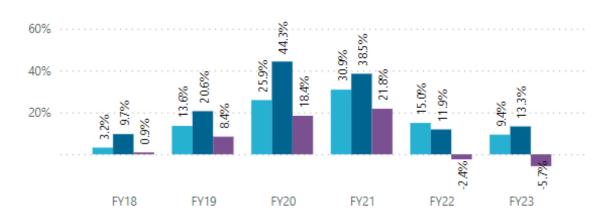
NETWORK SALES – KEY METRICS

Online Sales
 In-store Sales
 Sales Online



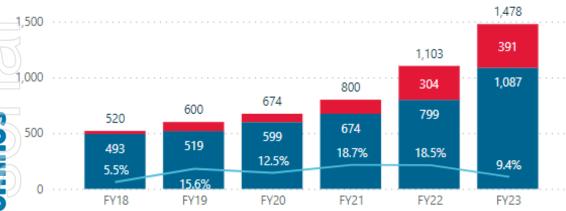
SALES GROWTH - KEY METRICS

■ Sales Growth ■ Sales Online Growth ■ Same Store Sales Growth



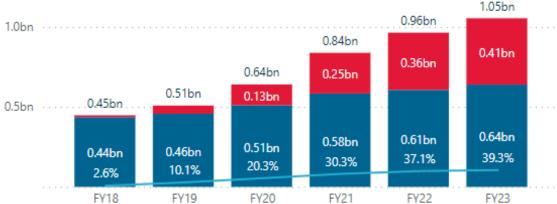
NETWORK STORE COUNT

● Existing Stores ● New & Acquired Stores ● New Store %



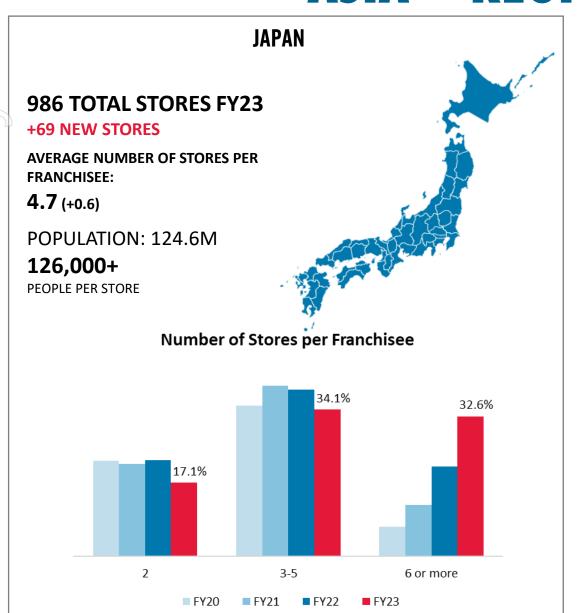
EXISTING AND NEW NETWORK SALES

● Existing Stores ● New Stores ● New Store %

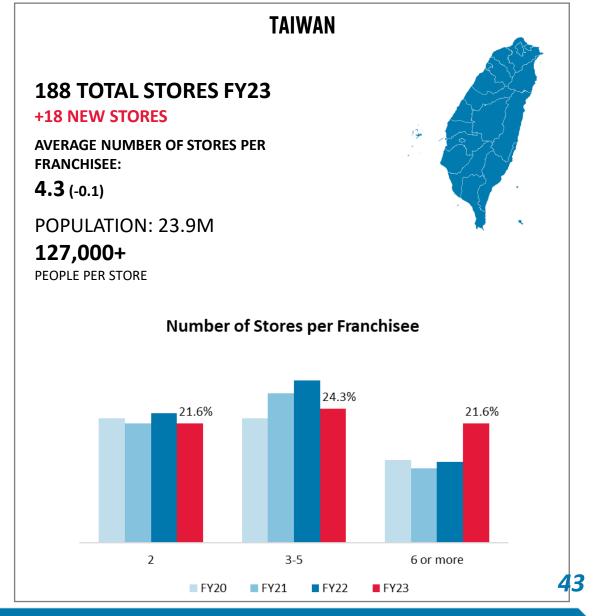


- FX translation headwind has been removed from the above by re-translating figures for prior-periods using FY23 FX rates
- Where applicable, prior-period Online Sales and Online Sales Growth figures have been re-stated, reflecting updated internal Management Reporting

ASIA - REGION IN FOCUS



Domino's



ASIA - REGION IN FOCUS CONTINUED

MALAYSIA

253 TOTAL STORES FY23

+13 NEW STORES

POPULATION: 34.3M

136,000+

Domino's

PEOPLE PER STORE



SINGAPORE

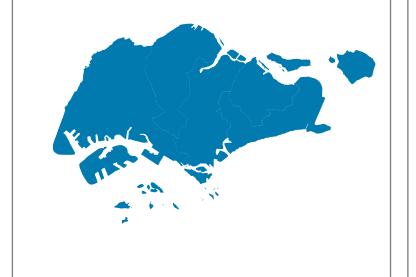
42 TOTAL STORES FY23

+4 NEW STORES

POPULATION: 6.0M

143,000+

PEOPLE PER STORE



CAMBODIA

9 TOTAL STORES FY23

NIL NEW STORES

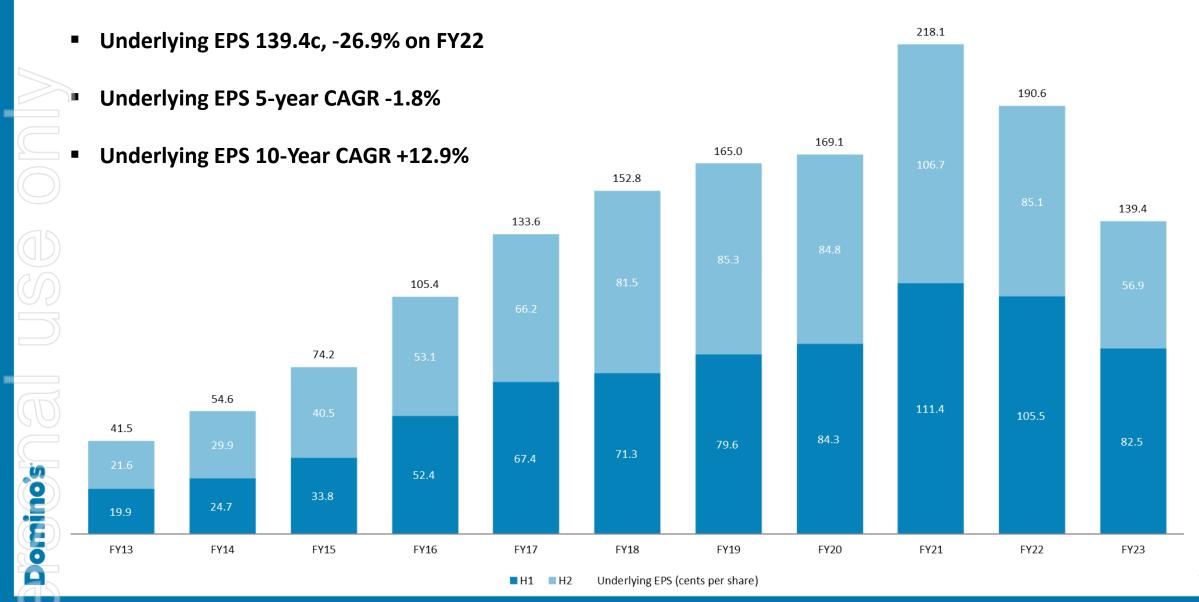
POPULATION: 16.9M

1,900,000+ PEOPLE PER STORE



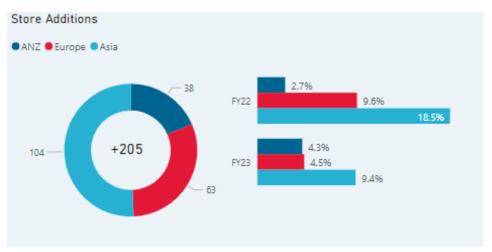
GROUP

GROUP - UNDERLYING EPS



GROUP - FY23 DASHBOARD (AUD)



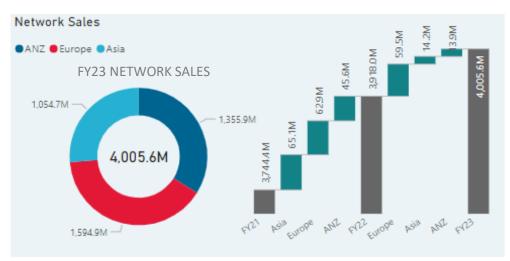


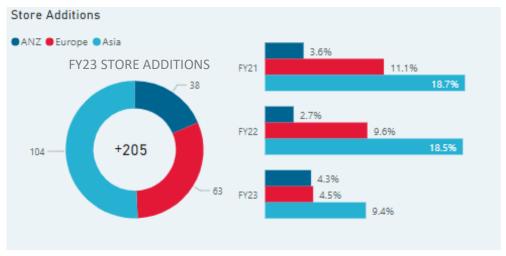


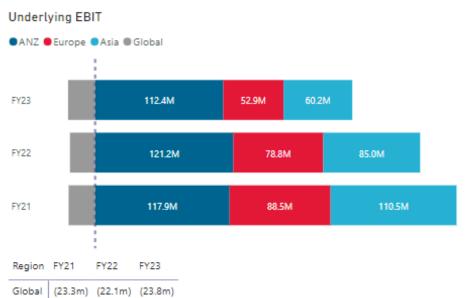
Domino's



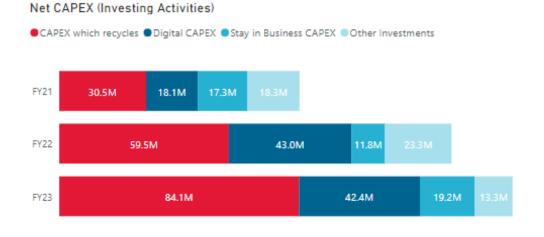
GROUP - 3-YEAR PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD (AUD)







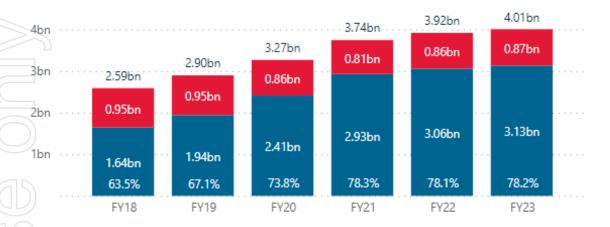
Domino's



GROUP - NETWORK SALES (AUD) (1-5)

NETWORK SALES - KEY METRICS

Online Sales
 In-store Sales
 Sales Online



SALES GROWTH - KEY METRICS

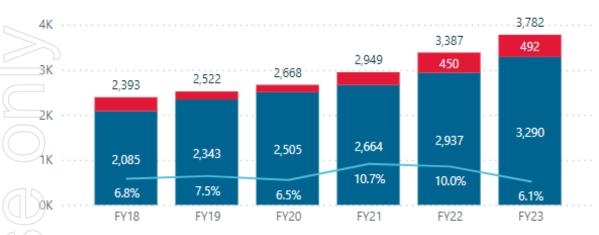


- Network Sales +2.2% (+\$87.6m) DPE is cycling an additional trading week and an FX translation headwind of c. \$79m vs. FY22 (Network Sales +4.3% in constant currency)
- Group Online Sales +2.4%, noting a shift in ordering from delivery to carry-out
- Same Store Sales -0.2% primarily attributable to lower performance in Japan and Taiwan
- 1) FY23 included one less trading week than FY22 (52 weeks vs. 53 weeks)
 - Total Network Sales growth is calculated using Full Year average FX rates, as reported during the respective periods
- 3) SSS % is calculated in constant currency and excludes the benefit of the additional trading week in FY22
- Online Sales including sales via aggregator platforms
- Online Sales % is calculated as total Online Sales divided by total Network Sales (including acquisitions)

GROUP – STORE ADDITIONS(1,2)

NETWORK STORE COUNT

■ Existing Stores ■ New & Acquired Stores ■ New Store %



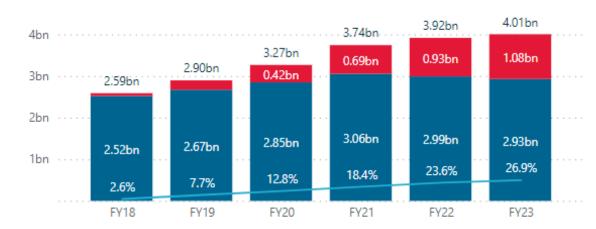
- **Group**: +492 stores added to the network during FY23 (+205 organic stores and +287 acquired stores)
- **Asia**: +104 new stores, plus +287 stores acquired from Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia acquisitions
- ANZ: +38 new stores

Domino's

• Europe: +63 new stores

EXISTING AND NEW NETWORK SALES

■ Existing Stores ■ New Stores ■ New Store %



 Continued significant store growth, from both new and existing stores

New Stores & Acquisitions - including acquisitions in Germany (FY18), Taiwan (FY22), Malaysia, Singapore and Cambodia (FY23)

New organic stores include all new stores opened after 02 July 2018

GROUP – NETWORK STORE COUNT

		FY20	H1 21	FY21	H1 22	FY22	H1 23	FY23
	European stores							
	Franchised stores	1,060	1,105	1,174	1,198	1,267	1,278	1,314
	Corporate stores	101	102	112	123	134	135	93
	European Network Stores	1,161	1,207	1,286	1,321	1,401	1,413	1,407
	Net stores added in period	64	46	125	35	115	12	6
	ANZ stores							
	Franchised stores	714	736	763	782	813	812	813
	Corporate stores	119	110	100	81	70	94	84
	ANZ Network Stores	833	846	863	863	883	906	897
	Net stores added in period	8	13	30	0	20	23	14
	Asia stores							
	Franchised stores	308	357	407	597	694	733	772
	Corporate stores	366	385	393	446	409	684	706
	Asia Network Stores	674	742	800	1,043	1,103	1,417	1,478
	Net stores added in period	74	68	126	243	303	314	<i>375</i>
7	Consolidated number of stores							
	Franchised stores	2,082	2,198	2,344	2,577	2,774	2,823	2,899
	Corporate stores	586	597	605	650	613	913	883
	Total Network Stores	2,668	2,795	2,949	3,227	3,387	3,736	3,782
	Corporate store %	22.0%	21.4%	20.5%	20.1%	18.1%	24.4%	23.3%
	Net stores added in period	146	127	281	278	438	349	395
	Europe as % of total stores	43.5%	43.2%	43.6%	40.9%	41.4%	37.8%	37.2%
	Asia as % of total stores ANZ as % of Total Stores	25.3% 31.2%	26.5% 30.3%	27.1%	32.3% 26.7%	32.6% 26.1%	37.9% 24.3%	39.1%
	AINZ as % of foldi stores	31.2%	30.3%	29.3%	20.7%	20.1%	24.3%	23.7%

+395 net stores added to the Group during FY23

- +287 stores acquired in Malaysia (+240 stores),
 Singapore (+38 stores) and Cambodia (+9 stores)
- +200 new store openings across the Group
- +5 new My Pizza Kitchens in Australia
- -83 store closures across the Group, as planned, including -27 store closures in Denmark
- -14 low-trading stores closed during FY23 (6 additional in H2, primarily in Europe)

GROUP – STATUTORY TO UNDERLYING RECONCILIATION

	Statutory Pro	<u>ofit</u>		Non-Recurring	g Costs ^(1,2)		Statutory to	Underlying Pro	ofit Reconciliat	tion_	
	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	FY23	. // \ EV22	
	Continuing Operations	Discontinued Operations	Total	Denmark Non- Recurring Costs	Significant Charges	Non-Recurring Costs - Total	Total	Non-Recurring Costs - Total	Underlying - Total	+/(-) FY22 Underlying	
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil	%	
Network Sales	4,005.6		4,005.6				4,005.6		4,005.6	2.2%	
Revenue	2,351.5	15.3	2,366.8				2,366.8		2,366.8	3.4%	
EBITDA	273.9	(34.2)	239.7	26.2	81.2	107.4	239.7	107.4	347.2	(12.4%)	
Depreciation & Amortisation	(150.9)	(3.7)	(154.6)	0.0	9.2	9.2	(154.6)	9.2	(145.5)	(8.9%)	
EBIT	123.0	(37.9)	85.1	26.2	90.4	116.6	85.1	116.6	201.7	(23.3%)	
EBIT Margin	5.2%		3.6%				3.6%		8.5%		
Interest	(22.4)	(0.1)	(22.5)				(22.5)		(22.5)	(66.9%)	
NPBT	100.6	(38.0)	62.6	26.2	90.4	116.6	62.6	116.6	179.2	(28.1%)	
Tax Expense	(31.6)	11.6	(20.0)	(8.0)	(26.6)	(34.6)	(20.0)	(34.6)	(54.6)	28.6%	
NPAT before Minority Interest	69.0	(26.4)	42.6	18.2	63.8	82.1	42.6	82.1	124.7	(27.9%)	
Minority Interest	(2.0)		(2.0)				(2.0)		(2.0)	74.7%	
NPAT	67.0	(26.4)	40.6	18.2	63.8	82.1	40.6	82.1	122.6	(25.7%)	

¹⁾ Denmark closure costs, excluding FY23 operating losses

Significant Charges per DPE's Annual Report

GROUP - FINANCIAL RATIOS

	FY22	H123	FY23
Return on Equity	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying
12 Month Rolling NPAT (Before Minority Interest)	\$ mil 173.0	\$ mil 150.4	\$ mil 124.7
Shareholders equity ⁽¹⁾	408.5	512.8	471.2
ROE	42.3%	29.3%	26.5%

Summary	/
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ROE lower, as a result of lower profits & dilution from \$163.2m capital raising

	FY22	H123	FY23
Return on Capital Employed ⁽¹⁾	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil
12 Month Rolling EBIT	262.9	232.1	201.7
Total Assets	2,392.1	2,691.8	2,655.6
Less: Investment in Lease Assets	(431.2)	(455.7)	(449.3)
Total Assets (Net of Investment in Lease Assets)	1,960.9	2,236.1	2,206.3
Trade and other payables	(325.1)	(326.8)	(341.5)
Other financial liabilities	(21.2)	(77.3)	(77.3)
Current tax liabilities	(23.3)	(21.3)	(20.9)
Provisions	(21.5)	(21.3)	(26.5)
Contract liabilities	(3.1)	(3.2)	(3.3)
Less: Current Liabilities	(394.1)	(449.9)	(469.5)
Capital Employed	1,566.8	1,786.1	1,736.8
ROCE	16.8%	13.0%	11.6%

Summary

ROCE lower, due to lower EBIT, combined with investment in new and existing international markets, and Corporate stores

Shareholders equity is based on the average balance during respective periods

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Balance Sheet figures are based on the average balance during respective periods

GROUP - FINANCIAL RATIOS

	FY22	H123	FY23
Cash Conversion	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil
Operating cash flow before interest & tax	283.7	157.9	357.3
EBITDA	396.5	182.3	347.2
Cash conversion	71.6%	86.6%	102.9%

Movement in Working Capital	FY22	H123	FY23
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil
Trade and other receivables	(16.0)	(11.5)	(7.3)
Trade and other payables	(44.0)	24.0	51.1
Inventories	(3.7)	(16.7)	(4.7)
Other current assets	(13.8)	(7.4)	(2.7)
Total Change in Working Capital	(77.5)	(11.6)	36.5

Summary

Cash Conversion higher, as a result of higher operating cash flows, due to lower working capital position vs. FY22

Summary

 Working Capital \$36.5m improvement, due to unwinding of equipment build-up and food inventories in Europe and Japan

GROUP - BANKING COVENANT RATIOS

Interest Coverage	FY22 Underlying Pre AASB16	H123 Underlying Pre AASB16	FY23 Underlying Pre AASB16
12 Month Rolling EBITDA (ex AASB16)	\$ mil 339.7	\$ mil 310.8	\$ mil 287.1
12 Month Rolling Interest (ex AASB16)	(10.1)	(12.5)	(18.3)
Interest Coverage (multiple)	33.7x	24.8x	15.7x
Banking Covenant			> 3.0x

	FY22	H123	FY23
Net Debt ⁽¹⁾	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying
	Pre AASB 16	Pre AASB 16	Pre AASB 16
	\$ mil	\$ mil	\$ mil
Non-current borrowings	622.6	711.8	988.5
Plus: Current borrowings	38.0	110.5	5.5
Plus: Capitalised borrowing costs	3.8	5.2	4.5
Less: DPG MI borrowings	(16.9)	(17.3)	0.0
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(76.9)	(143.7)	(159.9)
Net Debt	570.7	666.5	838.7
		242.0	20T 4
12 Month Rolling EBITDA (ex AASB16)	339.7	310.8	287.1
Net Leverage Ratio (x)	1.7x	2.1x	2.9x
Banking Covenant			< 3.0x

Summary

Interest Coverage Ratio lower, due to lower EBITDA & higher interest costs

Summary

- Net Debt increases by \$268.0m vs. FY22, as a result of the Malaysia,
 Singapore and Cambodia acquisitions (\$206m) and higher capital expenditure
- Net Leverage ratio increases, primarily as a result of an increase in net debt (above), coupled with lower EBITDA on a 12-month rolling basis
- Current and Non-current borrowings include historic Finance leases under legacy leasing standard, per banking covenant facilities arrangement

NETWORK & SAME-STORE SALES CALCULATION

- Same Store Sales are calculated weekly, measured in local currency
 - ✓ Same Store Sales is the process of comparing year-on-year growth of existing, mature, stores
 - ✓ Stores are included after two years of trading (either two years of DPE, or one year pre-acquisition plus one year of DPE)
 - ✓ Where a delivery territory is fortressed by the opening of a new store, both the existing and new store(s) are excluded until two years of like-for-like trading data is collected
 - ✓ <u>During COVID-19</u> stores that were closed for greater than a week are not included in Same Store Sales calculations for the period of their closure
 - ✓ The above provides a normalised estimate of performance from a like-for-like group of stores that continued to trade at a point in time
- Network Sales are calculated in both local currency and AUD
 - ✓ Network Sales growth includes sales for all stores
 - ✓ Stores are included from the first day of trading
 - ✓ Where a delivery territory is fortressed, the Network Sales from both stores are included at all times
 - ✓ <u>During COVID-19</u> closed stores have zero Network Sales

DISCLAIMER & IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- Domino's Pizza Enterprises Limited (Domino's) advises that the information in this presentation contains forward looking statements which
 may be subject to significant uncertainties outside of Domino's control
- Domino's does not undertake any obligation to provide recipients of this presentation with further information to either update this presentation or correct any inaccuracies
- While due care has been taken in preparing these statements, no representation or warranty is made or given as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of forecasts or the assumptions on which they are based
- Actual future events may vary from these forecasts and you are advised not to place undue reliance on any forward looking statement
- A number of figures in the tables and charts in this presentation pack have been rounded to one decimal place. Percentages (%) and variances have been calculated on actual figures

Statutory Profit and Underlying Profit:

- Statutory profit is prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards (AASB), which comply with
 International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
 - Underlying profit is the Statutory profit contained in Appendix 4E of the Domino's Financial Report, adjusted for significant items specific to the period. Comparisons to prior periods in financial statements are generally made on an underlying basis, rather than statutory. Where highlighted in this document, Statutory results have been adjusted for significant items (as shown in previous Market Presentations)
 - Underlying Profit after tax is reported to give information to shareholders that provides a greater understanding of the performance of the Company's operations. DPE believes Underlying Profit after tax is useful as it removes significant items thereby facilitating a more representative comparison of financial performance between financial periods. Underlying Profit is a non-IFRS measure which is not subject to audit or review



