

BabyBunting®

## 1H FY24 Investor Presentation

20 February 2024

**Mark Teperson**  
Chief Executive Officer

**Darin Hoekman**  
Chief Financial Officer

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### Pro forma financial information

Pro forma financial results have been calculated to exclude certain items. These are set out in the Appendix of this document and the Directors' Report (dated 20 February 2024).

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Baby Bunting considers that this non-IFRS financial information is important to assist in evaluating Baby Bunting's performance. The information is presented to assist in making appropriate comparisons with prior periods and to assess the operating performance of the business.

For a reconciliation of the non-IFRS financial information contained in this presentation to IFRS-compliant comparative information, refer to the Appendix to this presentation.

All dollar values are in Australian dollars (A\$) unless otherwise stated.





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*Supporting new & expectant parents  
in the early stages of parenthood*

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# 1H FY24 Pro Forma<sup>(1)</sup> Financial Summary

Group Sales

**\$248.5m**

Total sales down 2.5%

Gross Profit %

**37.2%**

flat vs pcip

CODB<sup>(2)</sup>

**\$81.8m**

down \$0.7m vs pcip

Group EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup>

**\$10.6m**

-12.6% vs pcip  
4.3% of sales

Net Debt

**\$6.2m**

Down from  
\$20.3m pcip

Free Cash Flow

**\$7.4m**

improving \$14.6m  
on pcip

4 new stores  
opened

3 x NZ, 1 x AU  
1 x AU store closed

Interim Dividend

**1.8 cps**

LY: 2.7 cps

EPS

**2.6 cps**

LY: 3.9 cps

# First half in review

## Market

- Baby Bunting customers are **economising** in response to acute **cost of living pressures**
- Heightened **price competition** in national brands across key hard-good categories
- 296,000 births for the 12 months ended 30 June 2023, down 4.1% vs pcg
  - 12-week Medicare scans were up 1% vs pcg during 1H FY24

## Business Performance

- **Economising** evident in customers & sales patterns **gravitating towards promotional events**
- **Gross margin of 37.2%** flat year-on-year
- **Working capital improvement** through inventory management program with free cash flow improving \$14.6m vs pcg
- **Private Label & Exclusive sales of 46.2%** of sales (up from 44.4% pcg)
- **CODB well managed**, down \$0.7m vs pcg

## Changes actioned

- **Organisational restructure** executed in July 2023
- **Mark Teperson** (CEO) commenced 2 October 2023, business & strategy review underway
- **Go-to-market:** ramp up of investment in performance & social marketing and amplification of unique selling points (ie. price beat) through all channels
- Targeted **clearance of lower productive stock lines**
- Appointment of **new Executive lead** responsible for Customer Experience and Data & Analytics to join in March 2024

## Green shoots

- **New customer acquisition<sup>(1)</sup> performance improved** (up +6.6% in Q2) on the back of go-to-market changes
- **Retail cost management:** ~8% improvement in store labour productivity
- **New Zealand:** 3 new stores launched in Q2, starting to achieve CODB leverage
- **Net Promoter Score (NPS)** of 75 (up from 73 in 1H FY23)
- **Marketplace** now run-rating at break-even



# CEO insights

- Despite the current challenging macro environment, we have seen a steady improvement in comparable sales performance and new customer acquisition
- Clear leader in the category with a large total addressable market opportunity across AU & NZ, provides scope to grow sales through store roll-out and evolving our merchandise and brand experience to grow customer lifetime value
- Dialling up focus on customer through store & online experience, range innovation and value

## **Significant opportunities to leverage our existing scale to improve trade and business performance:**

- Evolve go-to-market strategy and promotional calendar to drive new customer acquisition & sales
- Innovate stores, range & experience to drive engagement with current Millennial & future Gen Z customers
- Scale online fulfilment from all stores, increasing online stock availability & speed to customer
- Expand Marketplace in core categories to strengthen 1P & 3P sales
- Simplify pricing strategy while continuing to deliver value for customers
- Accelerate Private Label & Exclusive product opportunities to grow margin
- Focus on operational excellence disciplines to deliver productivity improvement
- Scale NZ to positive earnings contribution through store roll-out and operating leverage

**Expect 2H FY24 to be a transition period building towards FY25**



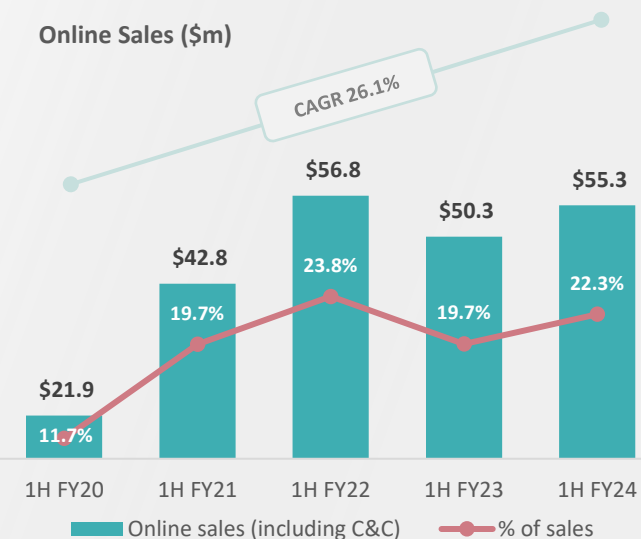
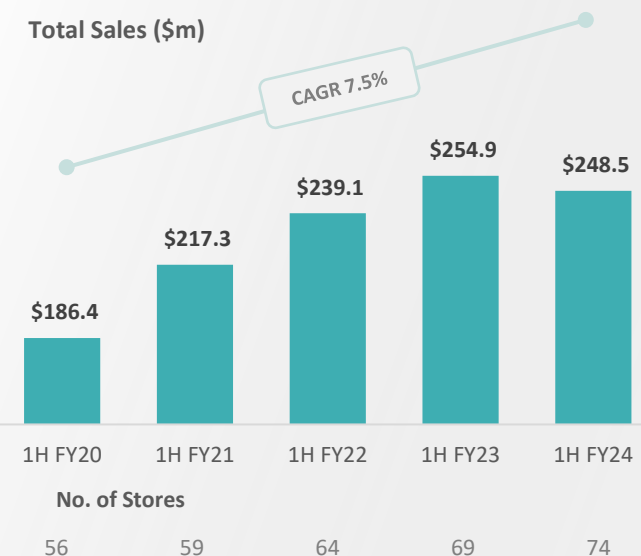
# Sales performance

Change in go-to-market strategy has driven a steady sales improvement

- **Comparable sales of -7.0%**, some recovery on the back of improved customer acquisition since Nov 2023
  - Q1: -8.8%, Q2: -5.3%, last 8 weeks<sup>(1)</sup>: -3.2%
  - **Price deflation** sales impact of \$6m in 1H across car seats & prams
- **New customer acquisition<sup>(2)</sup>** up 6.6% during Q2 & up 3.4% since Boxing Day, after being down -8.4% in Q1
  - New customer acquisition has a positive compounding effect in future periods
- **Our customers are being patient and economising**
  - **Price Beat sales impact** was ~1% of sales in line with prior year, however on lower value items
  - More discerning & patient customer behaviour gravitating towards key promotional events (ie. Black Friday / Boxing Day). **Record Black Friday / Cyber Monday** sales results achieved.
- **4 new stores opened** (less closure of Camperdown (NSW) in Dec '23), as well as annualisation of 7 stores opened in FY23
  - **Australia:** Cranbourne (VIC) late Q1
  - **New Zealand:** Sylvia Park & Manukau in Auckland and Christchurch all opened towards end of 1H
- **Online sales** (including click & collect) grew 9.9%, now making up 22.3% of total sales (19.7% pcp)
  - **Online delivery** has grown 17.3% vs pcp
    - Number of stores enabled for online fulfilment has increased from 29 stores active end of Q1 FY24 to now 37 stores
  - **Click & collect** reduced by -1.8% but 219% higher than 1H FY20 (pre-COVID)

(1) To show a like-for-like comparison with the prior corresponding period, the measurement period has been taken from 26 December 2023. In 1H FY23 the period ended on 26 December 2022

(2) New customer acquisition is measured as uniquely identified customers who have transacted for the first time in a period.



# Gross Margin

Cost of living & price competition providing headwinds to gross margin improvement

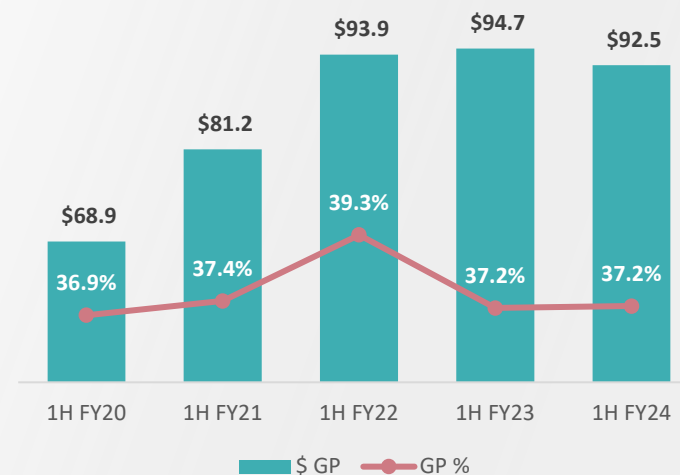
With the million and one things you have to worry about, price won't be one of them



Gross profit % of 37.2% was flat vs pcp, a solid result in the current environment

- **Margin impact of price deflation:** price competition in key hard-good categories intensified during the period
- Offset by **lower sea freight** vs pcp and annualising **refinements to loyalty program** (implemented in Q2 FY23, ie. minimum spend threshold)
- **Private Label & Exclusive Product (PLEX)** sales at 46.2% of sales (44.4% pcp)
  - Private Label sales grew 7.5%, now 9.9% of sales (9.0% pcp)
  - National exclusive brand sales now 36.3% of sales (35.4% pcp)
  - Opportunity to further leverage this to improve margin
- **Targeted clearance** of slow-moving stock (-50 bps impact to gross margin in the half)
  - Focus on productivity of inventory to continue in 2H
  - Invest in newness and better utilisation of store space

Gross Profit (\$m)





# Cost of Doing Business

Focus on operational excellence has driven productivity improvement

**CODB \$81.8m**, down \$0.7m vs pcg (now 32.9% of sales) including:

## Store expenses up \$2.5m vs pcg

- \$3.3m on 4 new stores opened during the half and annualising costs of 7 stores opened in FY23
- \$1.6m on wage increase for store employees due to award rate increase of 5.75% applied
- \$2.4m cost down through labour productivity initiatives

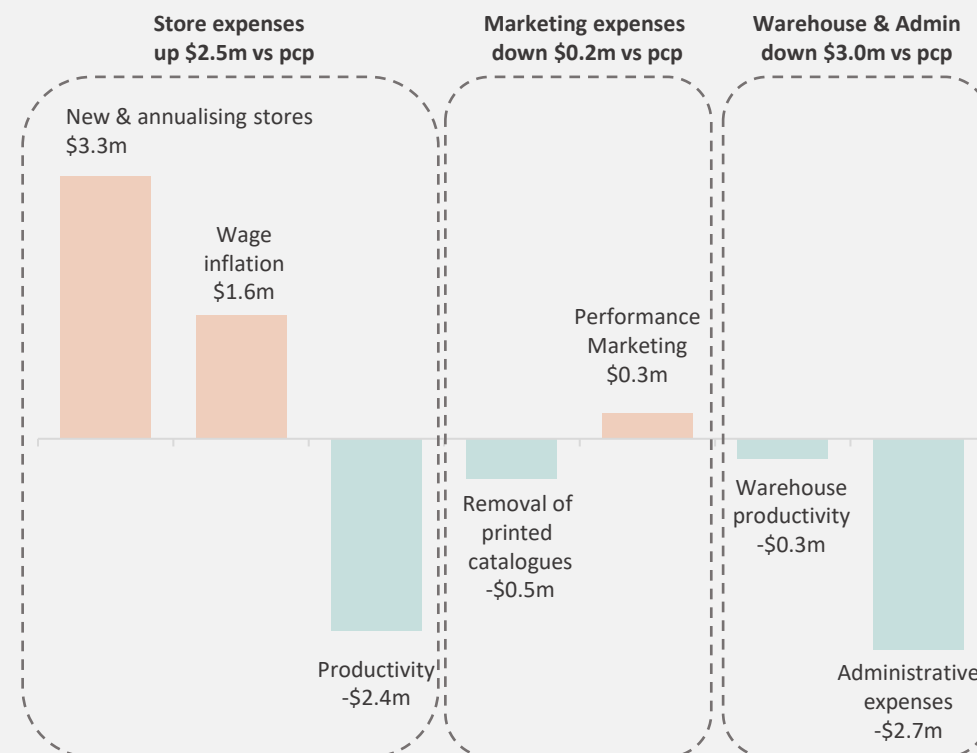
## Marketing expenses down \$0.2m

- Previously communicated a \$1m annual benefit from removal of printed catalogue distribution, now being re-invested in digital & social marketing to drive customer acquisition and sales

**Administrative expenses down \$2.7m** driven by organisational restructure executed in July 2023

**Warehouse expenses down \$0.3m** on the back of labour productivity initiatives to align to reduced sales volumes

## Cost of Doing Business Movement (\$m)



# Profit & Loss

| \$million                                    | 1H FY24       | 1H FY23       | Change        |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Sales</b>                                 | <b>248.5</b>  | <b>254.9</b>  | <b>-2.5%</b>  |
| <i>Comp growth %</i>                         | <i>-7.0%</i>  | <i>0.4%</i>   |               |
| Cost of sales                                | (156.0)       | (160.2)       |               |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>                          | <b>92.5</b>   | <b>94.7</b>   | <b>-2.4%</b>  |
| <i>Gross Profit Margin</i>                   | <i>37.2%</i>  | <i>37.2%</i>  |               |
| <b>Cost of doing business <sup>(1)</sup></b> | <b>(81.8)</b> | <b>(82.5)</b> | <b>-0.9%</b>  |
| <i>Cost of doing business %</i>              | <i>32.9%</i>  | <i>32.4%</i>  |               |
| <b>EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup></b>                 | <b>10.6</b>   | <b>12.2</b>   | <b>-12.6%</b> |
| <i>EBITDA margin %</i>                       | <i>4.3%</i>   | <i>4.8%</i>   |               |
| <i>Impact of AASB 16 application</i>         |               |               |               |
| - Reverse operating leases expenses          | 18.0          | 16.8          |               |
| - Add ROU Asset Depreciation & Interest      | (18.5)        | (17.5)        |               |
| Depreciation - Plant & Equipment             | (4.1)         | (3.5)         |               |
| Finance costs - Borrowings                   | (0.9)         | (0.7)         |               |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                     | <b>5.1</b>    | <b>7.1</b>    |               |
| Income tax expense                           | (1.6)         | (2.0)         |               |
| <b>Net profit after tax <sup>(2)</sup></b>   | <b>3.5</b>    | <b>5.1</b>    | <b>-31.3%</b> |
| <i>Net profit after tax margin %</i>         | <i>1.4%</i>   | <i>2.0%</i>   |               |

(1) Pre AASB 16 application (ie excluding the impact of lease accounting)

(2) Post AASB 16 application

## Total sales of \$ 248.5m, down 2.5% vs pcg

- Comparable store sales decline of 7.0%

**Gross margin of 37.2%** was flat year-on-year, a solid result in the current environment

**Cost of doing business of \$81.8m** reduced by \$0.7m vs pcg including:

- **New and annualising stores** added \$3.3m
- Wage inflation in stores more than offset by **labour productivity**
- Savings from printed catalogues re-invested in **digital & social marketing**
- Administrative and Warehouse **cost savings** of \$3.0m

# Statement of Financial Position

Balance sheet continues to be in a strong position with plenty of headroom for growth

| \$ million                   | 1H FY24      | 1H FY23       |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents    | 6.8          | 10.8          |
| Inventories                  | 98.7         | 112.9         |
| Plant and equipment          | 29.8         | 30.8          |
| Goodwill & Intangibles       | 52.7         | 51.8          |
| Right of Use assets          | 146.7        | 148.0         |
| Other assets                 | 16.1         | 16.6          |
| <b>Total Assets</b>          | <b>350.9</b> | <b>370.9</b>  |
| Payables                     | 56.5         | 60.3          |
| Borrowings                   | 12.9         | 31.2          |
| Lease liability              | 168.6        | 167.1         |
| Other liabilities            | 9.6          | 8.4           |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>     | <b>247.6</b> | <b>267.0</b>  |
| <b>Net Assets</b>            | <b>103.2</b> | <b>103.9</b>  |
| <b>Net Cash / (Debt)</b>     | <b>(6.2)</b> | <b>(20.3)</b> |
| <b>Debt Covenant Ratio</b>   |              |               |
| Financial Charge cover ratio | 1.9          | 2.4           |
| Operating leverage ratio     | 0.4          | 0.8           |

- **Inventory** reduction of \$14.2m vs pcg driven by focus on inventory productivity
- **Net debt** of \$6.2m improved by \$14.1m vs pcg due to improved working capital management
- **Debt covenant ratios** remain within compliance requirements



# Cash Flow

## Free cash flow up \$14.6m vs pcg

| \$ million                                     | 1H FY24       | 1H FY23      |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| <b>EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup></b>                    | <b>10.6</b>   | <b>12.2</b>  |
| Movement in working capital                    | 4.3           | (10.1)       |
| Tax Paid                                       | (0.9)         | (2.0)        |
| Restructuring costs                            | (1.1)         | 0.0          |
| <b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b> | <b>12.9</b>   | <b>0.1</b>   |
| <i>Cash conversion ratio</i>                   | <i>120.9%</i> | <i>1.2%</i>  |
| <br>   |               |              |
| New store capex                                | (3.4)         | (2.8)        |
| Capex (excluding new stores)                   | (1.6)         | (2.1)        |
| <br>   |               |              |
| Transformation program investments             |               |              |
| - Capital                                      | (0.0)         | (0.2)        |
| - Non-Capital                                  | (0.5)         | (2.2)        |
| <b>Net cash flow from investing activities</b> | <b>(5.4)</b>  | <b>(7.4)</b> |
| <br>   |               |              |
| <b>Free cash flow</b>                          | <b>7.4</b>    | <b>(7.2)</b> |
| <br>   |               |              |
| Dividends paid                                 | (6.5)         | (11.9)       |
| Borrowings (net)                               | 1.7           | 18.2         |
| Finance costs – borrowings                     | (0.9)         | (0.5)        |
| <b>Net cash flow</b>                           | <b>1.8</b>    | <b>(1.4)</b> |

(1) Pre AASB 16 application (ie excluding the impact of lease accounting)

**Working capital management** improved driven by better inventory management including expanded clearance activities on less productive SKUs

**Restructuring costs** to simplify some elements of our operating model including closure of Camperdown (NSW)

**Investment expenditure** includes:

- \$3.4m on opening 4 new stores
- \$1.6m in ongoing operational, IT and digital spend
- \$0.5m in transformation projects

### Dividends

- FY23 final dividend of 4.8 cents per share paid in September
- **1H FY24 interim dividend of 1.8 cents per share** with a payment date of 19 March 2024 (70% of pro forma NPAT)



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*Follow the customer and you'll never  
have to look for growth*



# 2H Priorities

| Area of Focus       | What?  | Impacts |        |      |    |
|---------------------|--|---------|--------|------|----|
|                     |  | Sales   | Margin | CODB | CX |
| Trade               | Change in go-to-market approach              | ✓       |        |      | ✓  |
|                     | Drive New Zealand momentum                   | ✓       | ✓      | ✓    |    |
| Productivity        | Aged inventory                               | ✓       | ✓      |      | ✓  |
|                     | Operational Excellence                       |         |        | ✓    |    |
| Customer Experience | Omni-channel fulfilment                      | ✓       | ✓      |      | ✓  |
|                     | Simplify pricing & loyalty program re-design | ✓       | ✓      |      | ✓  |

## Building out our capability platform

- **Appointment of new Executive** in dual role of **Chief Customer Officer & Chief Data & Analytics Officer** (commencing March 2024)
- Commence **new store re-design** to drive engagement with Millennial & Gen Z customers
- **Expand Marketplace offering** in core categories



# Looking to the future

Our goal remains to return the business to 10% EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> margin

- **Elevated focus on customer**
  - Adapt to the evolving preferences and behaviours of Millennial & Gen Z parents
  - Transform the in-store & online experience to provide our customers with a more reassuring and memorable journey into and through the world of parenthood
- **Harnessing the power of data & technology**
  - Further investment in our data & analytics capability platform
  - Enhance decision-making and customer engagement through data-driven insights
- **Leverage the store network as a force multiplier**
  - Strengthen the role of physical stores in an omnichannel eco-system
  - All stores fulfilling online, as well as introducing same-day delivery
  - Explore different store formats best suited to different catchments and demographics
- **Private Label & Exclusive product expansion**
  - Differentiate our brand through exclusive offerings and further grow gross margin
  - Identify potential investment opportunities
- **Growth potential in core and non-core high-margin categories**
  - Capitalise on untapped opportunities within existing core categories
  - Maximise growth potential in higher margin soft-good categories



# Trading update

Trading performance since Boxing Day<sup>(1)</sup> until 16 February 2024:

- Total sales down 1.4%
- Comparable store sales down 3.2%
- New customers acquired up 3.4% vs pcp
- Online sales up 14.0% vs pcp

## Store roll-out

Our next store will be Maroochydore (Qld) to open in Q1 FY25

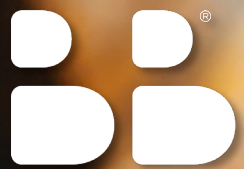
## FY24 outlook

Cost of living pressures affecting our customers unlikely to abate in the short-term, with economising likely to continue

Under current circumstances, **FY24 earnings guidance will not be given at this time**







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*Appendices*





# Appendix 1: Statutory – Pro Forma Income Statement Reconciliation

|                                 | 1H FY24              |                                     |                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                                 | Statutory<br>1H FY24 | Add<br>Pro Forma Adj <sup>(1)</sup> | Pro Forma<br>1H FY24 |
| <b>\$ million</b>               |                      |                                     |                      |
| <b>Sales</b>                    | <b>248.5</b>         |                                     | <b>248.5</b>         |
| Cost of sales                   | (156.0)              |                                     | (156.0)              |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>             | <b>92.5</b>          |                                     | <b>92.5</b>          |
| Other income                    | 0.4                  | (0.4) <sup>(b)</sup>                | 0.0                  |
| Store expenses                  | (40.0)               |                                     | (40.0)               |
| Marketing expenses              | (4.5)                |                                     | (4.5)                |
| Warehouse expenses              | (4.0)                |                                     | (4.0)                |
| Administrative expenses         | (14.8)               | (0.4) <sup>(a)</sup>                | (15.2)               |
| Transformation project expenses | (0.9)                | 0.9 <sup>(b)</sup>                  | 0.0                  |
| Restructuring costs             | (1.1)                | 1.1 <sup>(c)</sup>                  | 0.0                  |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                   | <b>27.5</b>          | <b>1.2</b>                          | <b>28.7</b>          |
| Depreciation and amortisation   | (19.1)               |                                     | (19.1)               |
| <b>EBIT</b>                     | <b>8.4</b>           | <b>1.2</b>                          | <b>9.6</b>           |
| Net finance costs               | (4.5)                |                                     | (4.5)                |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>        | <b>3.9</b>           | <b>1.2</b>                          | <b>5.1</b>           |
| Income tax expense              | (1.3)                | (0.4) <sup>(d)</sup>                | (1.6)                |
| <b>Net profit after tax</b>     | <b>2.7</b>           | <b>0.8</b>                          | <b>3.5</b>           |

|                                 | 1H FY23              |                                     |                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                                 | Statutory<br>1H FY23 | Add<br>Pro Forma Adj <sup>(1)</sup> | Pro Forma<br>1H FY23 |
| <b>Sales</b>                    | <b>254.9</b>         |                                     | <b>254.9</b>         |
| Cost of sales                   | (160.2)              |                                     | (160.2)              |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>             | <b>94.7</b>          |                                     | <b>94.7</b>          |
| Other income                    | 0.0                  |                                     | 0.0                  |
| Store expenses                  | (38.8)               |                                     | (38.8)               |
| Marketing expenses              | (4.7)                |                                     | (4.7)                |
| Warehouse expenses              | (4.3)                |                                     | (4.3)                |
| Administrative expenses         | (18.2)               | 0.3                                 | (17.9)               |
| Transformation project expenses | (2.2)                | 2.2                                 | 0.0                  |
| Restructuring costs             | 0.0                  |                                     | 0.0                  |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                   | <b>26.5</b>          | <b>2.5</b>                          | <b>28.9</b>          |
| Depreciation and amortisation   | (17.6)               |                                     | (17.6)               |
| <b>EBIT</b>                     | <b>8.9</b>           | <b>2.5</b>                          | <b>11.3</b>          |
| Net finance costs               | (4.2)                |                                     | (4.2)                |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>        | <b>4.7</b>           | <b>2.5</b>                          | <b>7.1</b>           |
| Income tax expense              | (2.0)                | (0.1)                               | (2.0)                |
| <b>Net profit after tax</b>     | <b>2.7</b>           | <b>2.4</b>                          | <b>5.1</b>           |

1. Pro forma financial results have been calculated to exclude the following items (refer Directors' Report (dated 20 February 2024) for further details):

(a) Expense reflects the cost amortisation of performance rights (LTI) on issue in the current reporting period (\$0.523 million). This also includes a recovery of prepaid payroll tax on the plans as the CAGR hurdles as defined under the LTI plan were not achieved.

(b) The Company incurred (\$0.858 million) non-capital costs for transformation projects. This was offset by a \$0.400 million cash settlement received in December 2023 from the vendor of order management software following a dispute in relation to that software and its implementation.

(c) The Company incurred restructuring costs (\$1.138 million) which included make good costs relating to the closure of one store.

(d) Tax impact from pro forma adjustments.

## Appendix 2: AASB 16 Transition Impact – Pro Forma Income Statement

|                                 | 1H FY24              |   |                                 |                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|
|                                 | Pro Forma<br>1H FY24 | Reversal of AASB 16<br>Depreciation and<br>Interest | Add Operating Lease<br>Expenses | Pre-AASB 16<br>1H FY24 |
| <b>\$ million</b>               |                      |   |                                 |                        |
| <b>Sales</b>                    | <b>248.5</b>         |   |                                 | <b>248.5</b>           |
| Cost of sales                   | (156.0)              |   |                                 | (156.0)                |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>             | <b>92.5</b>          |   |                                 | <b>92.5</b>            |
| Other income                    | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| Store expenses                  | (40.0)               |   | (16.0)                          | (56.0)                 |
| Marketing expenses              | (4.5)                |   |                                 | (4.5)                  |
| Warehouse expenses              | (4.0)                |   | (1.9)                           | (5.9)                  |
| Administrative expenses         | (15.2)               |   | (0.2)                           | (15.4)                 |
| Transformation project expenses | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| Restructuring costs             | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                   | <b>28.7</b>          |   | <b>(18.0)</b>                   | <b>10.6</b>            |
| Depreciation and amortisation   | (19.1)               | 14.9  |                                 | (4.1)                  |
| <b>EBIT</b>                     | <b>9.6</b>           | <b>14.9</b>   | <b>(18.0)</b>                   | <b>6.5</b>             |
| Net finance costs               | (4.5)                | 3.6   |                                 | (0.9)                  |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>        | <b>5.1</b>           | <b>18.5</b>   | <b>(18.0)</b>                   | <b>5.6</b>             |
| Income tax expense              | (1.6)                | (5.6)   | 5.4                             | (1.8)                  |
| <b>Net profit after tax</b>     | <b>3.5</b>           | <b>13.0</b>   | <b>(12.6)</b>                   | <b>3.9</b>             |

|                                 | 1H FY23              |   |                                 |                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|
|                                 | Pro Forma<br>1H FY23 | Reversal of AASB 16<br>Depreciation and<br>Interest | Add Operating Lease<br>Expenses | Pre-AASB 16<br>1H FY23 |
| <b>Sales</b>                    | <b>254.9</b>         |   |                                 | <b>254.9</b>           |
| Cost of sales                   | (160.2)              |   |                                 | (160.2)                |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>             | <b>94.7</b>          |   |                                 | <b>94.7</b>            |
| Other income                    | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| Store expenses                  | (38.8)               |   | (14.7)                          | (53.5)                 |
| Marketing expenses              | (4.7)                |   |                                 | (4.7)                  |
| Warehouse expenses              | (4.3)                |   | (1.9)                           | (6.2)                  |
| Administrative expenses         | (17.9)               |   | (0.2)                           | (18.1)                 |
| Transformation project expenses | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| Restructuring costs             | 0.0                  |   |                                 | 0.0                    |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                   | <b>28.9</b>          |   | <b>(16.8)</b>                   | <b>12.2</b>            |
| Depreciation and amortisation   | (17.6)               | 14.1  |                                 | (3.5)                  |
| <b>EBIT</b>                     | <b>11.3</b>          | <b>14.1</b>   | <b>(16.8)</b>                   | <b>8.6</b>             |
| Net finance costs               | (4.2)                | 3.5   |                                 | (0.7)                  |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>        | <b>7.1</b>           | <b>17.5</b>   | <b>(16.8)</b>                   | <b>7.9</b>             |
| Income tax expense              | (2.0)                | (5.3)   | 5.0                             | (2.3)                  |
| <b>Net profit after tax</b>     | <b>5.1</b>           | <b>12.3</b>   | <b>(11.7)</b>                   | <b>5.7</b>             |

# Glossary

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Comparable Store Sales Growth</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Calculated as a percentage change of the total sales generated from stores (including the online store) in a relevant period, compared to the total sales from the same set of stores in the prior financial year, provided the stores were open at the beginning of the prior financial year</li></ul> |
| <b>Cost of Doing Business (CODB)</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Includes store, administrative, marketing and warehousing expenses (excluding the impact of AASB 16 depreciation and amortisation)</li></ul>  |
| <b>Exclusive Products</b>            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Products sourced by Baby Bunting for sale on an exclusive basis (so that those products can only be purchased from Baby Bunting stores). Historically, exclusive supply arrangements have been arranged with suppliers in relation to selected products and for varying lengths of time</li></ul>       |
| <b>New Customer Acquisition</b>      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>New customer acquisition is measured as uniquely identified customers who have transacted for the first time in a period</li></ul>  |
| <b>Private Label</b>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Products sold by Baby Bunting under its own brand (Baby Bunting currently markets its private label products under the "4baby", "Bilbi" and "JENGO" brand names)</li></ul>  |