

| То | Company Announcements Office | Facsimile | 1300 135 638 |
|---------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Company | ASX Limited | Date | 30 April 2024 |
| From | Helen Hardy | Pages | 23 |
| Subject | March 2024 Quarterly Report | | |

Please find attached a release on the above subject.

Regards

Authorised by: Helen Hardy Company Secretary

02 8345 5000



ASX/Media Release

30 April 2024

Quarterly Report March 2024

Origin Energy Limited (Origin) has released its Quarterly Report for the period to 31 March 2024 covering the performance of its Integrated Gas, Energy Markets and Octopus Energy segments.

Integrated Gas:

- Australia Pacific LNG revenue for the March quarter was 7 per cent higher than the prior quarter, at \$2,553 million with both higher volumes and prices. Revenue for FY2024 to date was 16 per cent lower than the corresponding FY2023 period, primarily due to lower realised oil prices and lower short-term domestic contract prices.
- March quarter production was 5 per cent higher than the prior quarter, which was impacted by the unplanned turndown in production related to an LNG vessel that lost power at the Curtis Island facility in November 2023.
- Production for FY2024 to date was 4 per cent higher compared with the same period in FY2023, driven by increased wells online and effective well and field optimisation activity, partially offset by the unplanned production turndown last November.
- The March quarter Australia Pacific LNG realised average LNG price was US\$12.17/mmbtu (contracted and spot) and the average domestic price was A\$6.90/GJ (legacy and short-term).

Energy Markets:

- Retail electricity sales volumes were steady compared with the March 2023 quarter, with increased demand from warmer weather and higher customer numbers offset by lower household usage due to solar uptake and energy efficiency.
- Gas sales volumes declined 14 per cent compared with the March 2023 quarter, as warmer weather contributed to a reduction in retail volumes and business volumes also declined, reflecting lower short term trading sales and net customer losses. Gas used for power generation rose 34 per cent compared with the March 2023 quarter to support increased electricity demand due to warmer weather.
- Acquired renewable energy developer Walcha Energy¹ and in April Origin signed an agreement to acquire 1.5 GW wind farm project Yanco Delta².
- Signed an offtake agreement for the first stage of 260 MW two-hour Supernode battery in Queensland, with full orchestration rights. The battery is expected to be operational in the second half of 2026.
- Signed an agreement with Superloop³ for the provision of broadband wholesale services, also acquiring an equity interest in Superloop.

¹ Refer to the media release for more details: https://www.originenergy.com.au/about/investors-media/origin-acquires-renewables-developer-walcha-energy/

renewables-developer-walcha-energy/

Refer to the ASX release for more details: https://announcements.asx.com.au/asxpdf/20240412/pdf/062fnpmgh9v5n8.pdf

³ Refer to the media release for more details: https://www.originenergy.com.au/about/investors-media/origin-and-superloop-sign-broadband-services-agreement/



• We remain in discussion with the NSW Government on the closure date for the Eraring Power Station.

Octopus Energy:

- Origin's additional £280 million (~\$530 million) investment in Octopus Energy, announced in December completed on 11 April 2024, with Origin's interest increased to ~23 per cent.
- Octopus continued its strong organic customer growth in the quarter, adding over 400,000 customer accounts in the UK and international retail businesses.
- Completed migration of all 1.3 million Shell customers in two months, beating Octopus' previous industry record by four months.

Origin CEO Frank Calabria said, "Australia Pacific LNG is performing well operationally, continues to be a major supplier to the domestic market, and recently marked the milestone of its one thousandth LNG cargo. Australia Pacific LNG is a world class operation by any measure, and this is a remarkable achievement that is testament to the hard work of so many.

"In Energy Markets, we continue to make significant progress in executing our strategy to grow renewable energy and storage in the portfolio.

"Origin recently signed an agreement to acquire Yanco Delta, one of the largest and most advanced wind and storage projects in New South Wales, and also purchased renewable energy developer Walcha Energy, including its proposed Ruby Hills Wind Farm and Salisbury Solar Farm projects in the New South Wales renewable energy zone.

"We continue to progress large-scale batteries under development at Eraring and Mortlake power stations, and recently announced our first storage offtake agreement from the Supernode battery in Queensland, taking Origin's storage portfolio to around 1 GW of capacity once these batteries come online," Mr Calabria said.

| | Unit | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 | % Change |
|--|------------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Integrated Gas – AP | LNG 100% | | | | | | | | |
| Production | PJ | 176.2 | 167.4 | 5% | 165.0 | 7% | 518.5 | 498.0 | 4% |
| Sales | PJ | 167.6 | 160.4 | 4% | 158.2 | 6% | 488.4 | 480.4 | 2% |
| Commodity revenue | \$m | 2,553 | 2,380 | 7% | 2,764 | (8%) | 7,279 | 8,716 | (16%) |
| Average realised LNG price | US\$/mmbtu | 12.17 | 11.88 | 3% | 14.50 | (15%) | 11.90 | 14.87 | (20%) |
| Average realised Domestic gas price | \$/GJ | 6.90 | 6.39 | 8% | 6.17 | 12% | 7.19 | 9.11 | (21%) |
| Energy Markets | | | | | | | | | |
| Electricity sales | TWh | 8.9 | 9.0 | (0%) | 9.1 | (2%) | 27.0 | 27.2 | (1%) |
| Natural gas sales | PJ | 35.5 | 46.2 | (23%) | 38.1 | (7%) | 140.7 | 161.8 | (13%) |
| Consolidated Origin | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Capex | \$m | 193 | 156 | 24% | 72 | 168% | 495 | 341 | 45% |
| Investments | \$m | 17 | 84 | (79%) | 20 | (13%) | 169 | 192 | (12%) |



For further information:

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Quarterly Report March 2024

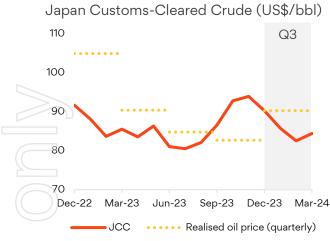


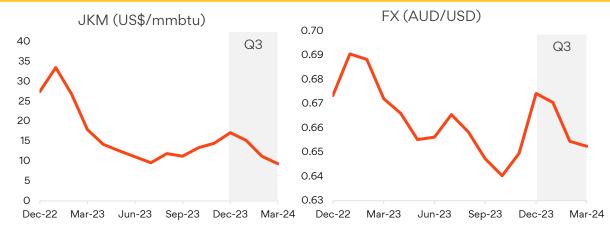


Integrated Gas

Oil and LNG markets







Source: Petroleum Association of Japan and Bloomberg forward pricing

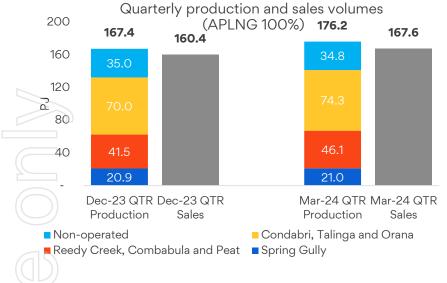
Source: ICE

- APLNG's realised oil price in the Mar-24 quarter, prior to Origin hedging, was US\$90/bbl (A\$137/bbl), up from US\$83/bbl (A\$127/bbl) in the Dec-23 quarter
- Compared to the Mar-23 quarter, realised oil prices are down from US\$105/bbl (A\$153/bbl)

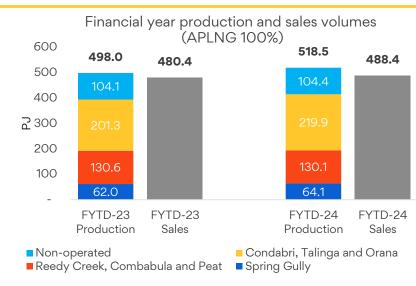
- North Asian LNG market prices (JKM) delivered in the quarter averaged ~US\$12/mmbtu, down from ~US\$15/mmbtu in the Dec-23 quarter and down from ~US\$26/mmbtu in the Mar-23 quarter
- Average fx was 0.66 for the quarter, up slightly from 0.65 in the Dec-23 quarter and down from 0.68 in the Mar-23 quarter

Production up 4% from prior year





- Production up 5% or 8.8PJ in Mar-24 quarter due to LNG vessel power outage incident at Curtis Island in Nov 2023 (~9PJ)
- Increased Mar-24 quarter sales volume reflecting higher production

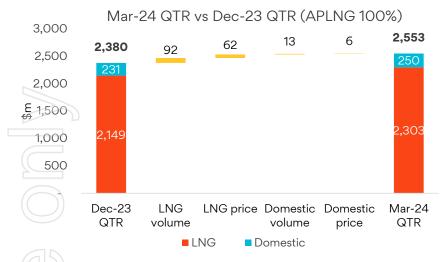


- FY2024 production up 4% compared to FY2023:
 - Effective well and field optimisation activities, fewer maintenance disruptions and ongoing benefit of reducing workover backlog resulting in more wells online
 - Partially offset by turndown from the LNG vessel power outage
- FY2024 sales volume higher reflecting higher production partially offset by banking and gas swap arrangements



APLNG revenue up 7% on prior quarter

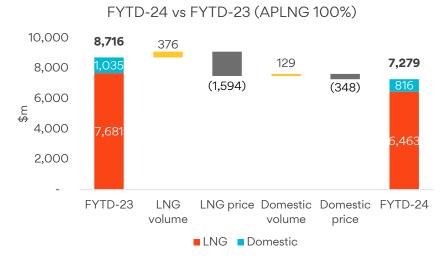




APLNG revenue up 7% in Mar-24 quarter:

LNG revenue up 7% driven by higher LNG sales volumes and higher realised average LNG prices

Domestic revenue up 8% primarily driven by higher short-term contract volumes and higher realised prices for gas delivered into the domestic market

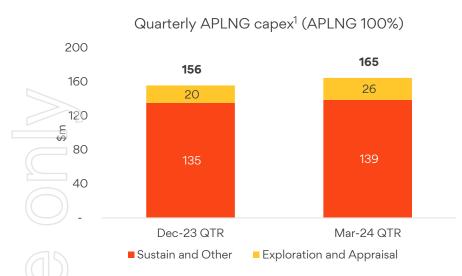


- APLNG revenue down 16% on FY2023:
 - LNG revenue down 16% primarily driven by lower realised export oil linked prices, partially offset by higher LNG volumes
 - 10 spot cargoes delivered in FY2024
 - Domestic revenue down 21% primarily driven by lower market linked short-term contract prices



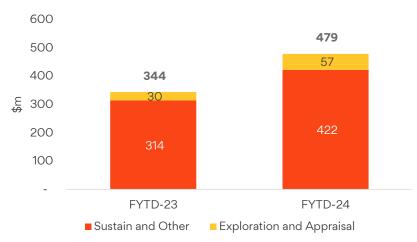
APLNG capital expenditure





Sustain and other capex in Mar-24 quarter increased \$4 million primarily driven by development infrastructure spend focused on Spring Gully water upgrade program





 Sustain and other capex up \$108 million in FYTD 2024 primarily driven by an increase in operated well delivery activity due to improved field access, along with an increase in non-operated development activities





Energy Markets

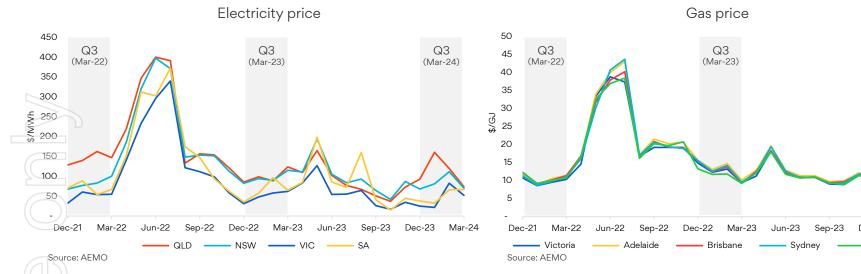
Electricity and natural gas markets



Q3

(Mar-24)

Wallumbilla



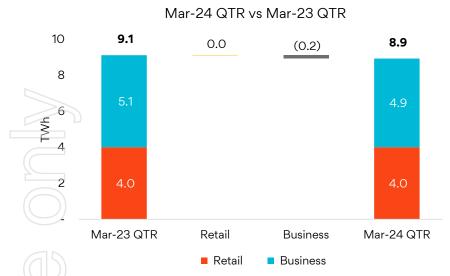
Average NEM spot electricity price for Mar-24 quarter was \$78/MWh:

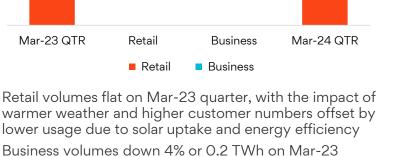
- \$30/MWh higher than Dec-23 quarter, reflecting higher demand from warmer weather and increased interconnector and baseload generator outages
- \$5/MWh lower than Mar-23 quarter, reflecting stronger baseload generator availability and higher renewable generation

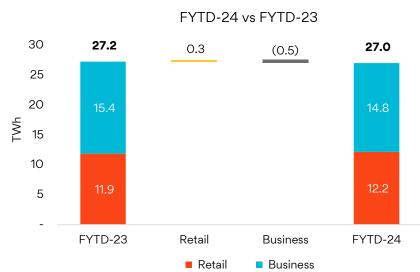
 Average domestic spot gas price for Mar-24 quarter was \$12/GJ, relatively flat on both Dec-23 quarter and Mar-23 quarter

Energy Markets - Electricity sales volumes









- Retail volumes up 3% or 0.3 TWh on prior year driven by:
 - Net impact of warmer weather (+0.3 TWh)
 - Higher customer numbers (+0.2 TWh)
 - Continued uptake in solar and energy efficiency (-0.2 TWh)
- Business volumes down 4% or 0.5 TWh on prior year due to net customer losses



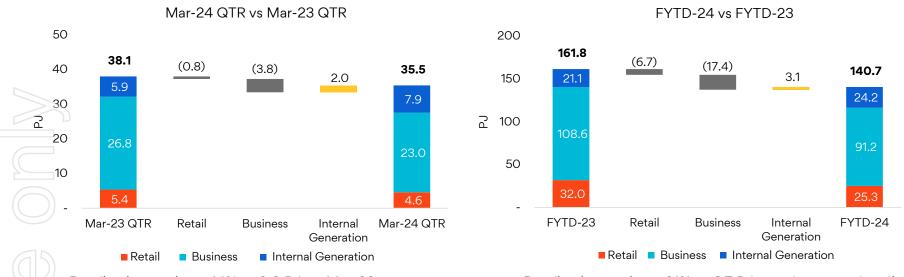


quarter due to net customer losses

Business volumes down 4% or 0.2 TWh on Mar-23

Energy Markets - Natural gas sales volumes



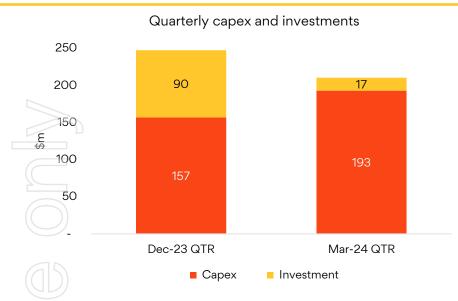


- Retail volumes down 14% or 0.8 PJ on Mar-23 quarter primarily due to warmer weather. Impact of higher customer numbers largely offset by lower usage Business volumes down 14% or 3.8 PJ on Mar-23 quarter due to lower short term trading sales and net customer losses
- Gas to generation up 34% or 2 PJ driven by higher
 electricity demand due to warmer weather, particularly in Queensland

- Retail volumes down 21% or 6.7 PJ on prior year primarily driven by warmer weather. Impact of higher customer numbers largely offset by lower usage
- Business volumes down 16% or 17.4 PJ on prior year primarily due to lower short-term trading sales and net customer losses
- Gas to generation up 15% or 3.1 PJ driven by higher gas generation output in Dec-23 quarter to cover Eraring outages and higher electricity demand in Mar-24 quarter

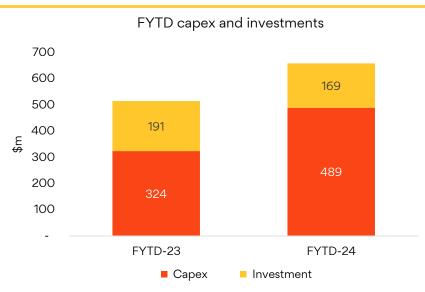
Energy Markets capital expenditure





Mar-24 capex is higher due to growth spend on the Eraring and Mortlake Battery projects

Mar-24 quarter investment primarily includes the acquisition of renewables developer Walcha Energy



- FYTD-24 capex is higher due to higher spend on the Eraring and Mortlake Battery projects, higher spend on generation maintenance as well as other pre-FID wind and storage projects
- FYTD-24 investment primarily includes investments in the retail customer aggregator channel and acquisition of Walcha Energy





Integrated Gas - APLNG 100%



| APLNG | Unit | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 | % Change |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Total production | PJ | 176.2 | 167.4 | 5% | 165.0 | 7% | 518.5 | 498.0 | 4% |
| Total sales | PJ | 167.6 | 160.4 | 4% | 158.2 | 6% | 488.4 | 480.4 | 2% |
| LNG | | | | | | | | | |
| Production | PJ | 133.9 | 120.3 | 11% | 127.4 | 5% | 373.4 | 368.5 | 1% |
| LNG contract sales | PJ | 120.3 | 105.3 | 14% | 120.5 | (0%) | 337.3 | 347.5 | (3%) |
| LNG spot sales | PJ | 11.1 | 18.9 | (41%) | 8.2 | 35% | 37.6 | 19.2 | 95% |
| Total LNG sales | PJ | 131.4 | 124.2 | 6% | 128.7 | 2% | 374.9 | 366.8 | 2% |
| Commodity revenue | \$m | 2,303 | 2,149 | 7% | 2,583 | (11%) | 6,463 | 7,681 | (16%) |
| Average realised price | US\$/mmbtu | 12.17 | 11.88 | 3% | 14.50 | (15%) | 11.90 | 14.87 | (20%) |
| Domestic gas | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | PJ | 36.2 | 36.2 | (0%) | 29.4 | 23% | 113.5 | 113.6 | (0%) |
| Commodity revenue | \$m | 250 | 231 | 8% | 182 | 37% | 816 | 1,035 | (21%) |
| Average realised price | \$/GJ | 6.90 | 6.39 | 8% | 6.17 | 12% | 7.19 | 9.11 | (21%) |
| APLNG capex ¹ | | | | | | | | | |
| E&A | \$m | 26 | 20 | 26% | 9 | 188% | 57 | 30 | 90% |
| Sustain and Other | \$m | 139 | 135 | 3% | 120 | 16% | 422 | 314 | 34% |

APLNG capex is reported on an accrual basis.





APLNG sources of gas - APLNG 100%



| Production volumes | Units | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
|---|-------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Operated | | | | | | | | |
| Spring Gully | PJ | 21.0 | 20.9 | 0% | 21.1 | (0%) | 64.1 | 62.0 |
| Reedy Creek, Combabula and Peat | PJ | 46.1 | 41.5 | 11% | 43.3 | 6% | 130.1 | 130.6 |
| Condabri, Talinga and Orana | PJ | 74.3 | 70.0 | 6% | 67.9 | 10% | 219.9 | 201.3 |
| Total operated production | PJ | 141.4 | 132.4 | 7% | 132.3 | 7% | 414.1 | 393.9 |
| Non-operated | | | | | | | | |
| GLNG | PJ | 10.6 | 10.6 | 1% | 10.1 | 5% | 31.6 | 30.6 |
| QGC | PJ | 24.2 | 24.4 | (1%) | 22.6 | 7% | 72.8 | 73.6 |
| Total non-operated production | PJ | 34.8 | 35.0 | (1%) | 32.7 | 6% | 104.4 | 104.1 |
| Total upstream production | PJ | 176.2 | 167.4 | 5% | 165.0 | 7% | 518.5 | 498.0 |
| Natural gas purchases / swaps | PJ | 7.2 | 0.9 | 663% | 2.6 | 178% | 9.3 | 16.7 |
| Changes in Upstream gas inventory/other | PJ | (2.7) | (1.6) | 64% | (0.2) | 1190% | (10.7) | (2.5) |
| Total sources of natural gas | PJ | 180.7 | 166.7 | 8% | 167.3 | 8% | 517.1 | 512.2 |



Operated drilling and production



APLNG Operated Production Wells

| | | | Develop | ment Wells |
|---------------------------------|---|------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | Avg daily production (APLNG share) Mar-24 QTR | | Wells drilled | Wells commissioned |
| Construe Coulle | 001 T 1/ 1 | Mar-24 QTR | 1 | - |
| Spring Gully | 231 TJ/d | FYTD-24 | 6 | - |
| Reedy Creek, Combabula and Peat | 506 TJ/d | Mar-24 QTR | - | 13 |
| Reedy Creek, Combabula and Peat | 506 137d | FYTD-24 | 26 | 62 |
| Condabri, Talinga and Orana | 817 TJ/d | Mar-24 QTR | 16 | - |
| Condabri, Talinga and Orana | 617 1J/G | FYTD-24 | 34 | 3 |
| Tatal | 1 FFA T 1/J | Mar-24 QTR | 17 | 13 |
| Total | 1,554 TJ/d | FYTD-24 | 66 | 65 |





APLNG uses of gas - APLNG 100%



| Uses of gas | Units | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| LNG feed gas | PJ | 144.8 | 130.6 | 11% | 137.7 | 5% | 403.9 | 398.7 |
| Domestic sales | PJ | 36.2 | 36.2 | 0% | 29.4 | 23% | 113.5 | 113.6 |
| Total uses of natural gas | PJ | 181.0 | 166.8 | 9% | 167.2 | 8% | 517.4 | 512.3 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| LNG | Units | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
| LNG production | PJ | 133.9 | 120.3 | 11% | 127.4 | 5% | 373.4 | 368.5 |
| Changes in LNG inventory | PJ | (1.8) | 3.8 | (147%) | 1.2 | (250%) | 2.1 | (1.8) |
| Total LNG sales volume | PJ | 132.1 | 124.1 | 6% | 128.6 | 3% | 375.5 | 366.7 |
| LNG cargos sold | # | 34 | 32 | 6% | 33 | 3% | 97 | 95 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| APLNG commodity revenue | Units | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
| LNG | \$m | 2,303 | 2,149 | 7% | 2,583 | (11%) | 6,463 | 7,681 |
| Domestic gas | \$m | 250 | 231 | 8% | 182 | 38% | 816 | 1,035 |
| Total commodity revenue | \$m | 2,553 | 2,380 | 7% | 2,764 | (8%) | 7,279 | 8,716 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Sales – APLNG average realised prices | Units | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
| LNG | \$/GJ | 17.53 | 17.31 | 1% | 20.06 | (13%) | 17.24 | 20.94 |
| Domestic gas | \$/GJ | 6.90 | 6.39 | 8% | 6.17 | 12% | 7.19 | 9.11 |
| Average commodity price | \$/GJ | 15.24 | 14.84 | 3% | 17.48 | (13%) | 14.90 | 18.14 |



Integrated Gas - Origin share



| APLNG (ORG share) | Unit | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Total production (ORG share) | PJ | 48.5 | 46.0 | 5% | 45.4 | 7% | 142.6 | 137.0 |
| Total sales (ORG share) LNG (ORG share) | PJ | 46.1 | 44.1 | 4% | 43.5 | 6% | 134.3 | 132.1 |
| Production | PJ | 36.8 | 33.1 | 15% | 35.0 | 8% | 102.7 | 101.3 |
| Sales | PJ | 36.1 | 34.1 | 6% | 35.4 | 2% | 103.1 | 100.9 |
| Commodity revenue | \$m | 633 | 591 | 7% | 710 | (11%) | 1,777 | 2,112 |
| Average realised price Domestic gas (ORG share) | US\$/mmbtu | 12.17 | 11.88 | 3% | 14.50 | (15%) | 11.90 | 14.87 |
| Sales | PJ | 9.9 | 10.0 | (0%) | 8.1 | 23% | 31.2 | 31.2 |
| Commodity revenue | \$m | 69 | 64 | 8% | 50 | 37% | 224 | 285 |
| Average realised price | \$/GJ | 6.90 | 6.39 | 8% | 6.17 | 12% | 7.19 | 9.11 |

| Integrated Gas Other | Unit | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 |
|---|------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Origin only capex and lease costs | \$m | (0) | 1 | (141%) | 4 | (109%) | 7 | 16 |
| Origin oil hedging and LNG trading | | | | | | | | |
| Hedge premium expense | \$m | 0 | (2) | (100%) | 0 | n/a | (2) | (5) |
| Gain / (Loss) on oil hedging | \$m | (14) | 7 | (290%) | (74) | (81%) | (3) | (249) |
| Gain / (Loss) on LNG trading | \$m | (6) | 28 | (120%) | 4 | (238%) | 78 | 4 |
| Total oil hedging and LNG trading gain/(loss) | \$m | (20) | 34 | (158%) | (70) | (72%) | 73 | (250) |



Energy Markets



| | Unit | Mar-24 QTR | Dec-23 QTR | % Change | Mar-23 QTR | % Change | FYTD-24 | FYTD-23 | % Change |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Sales volumes | | | | | | | | | |
| Electricity - Retail | TWh | 4.0 | 3.9 | 2% | 4.0 | 0% | 12.2 | 11.9 | 3% |
| Electricity - Business | TWh | 4.9 | 5.0 | (2%) | 5.1 | (4%) | 14.8 | 15.4 | (4%) |
| Natural gas - Retail | PJ | 4.6 | 6.5 | (29%) | 5.4 | (14%) | 25.3 | 32.0 | (21%) |
| Natural gas - Business | PJ | 23.0 | 32.8 | (30%) | 26.8 | (14%) | 91.2 | 108.6 | (16%) |
| Natural gas - Internal generation | PJ | 7.9 | 6.9 | 15% | 5.9 | 34% | 24.2 | 21.1 | 15% |
| Capex | \$m | 193 | 157 | 23% | 67 | 188% | 489 | 324 | 51% |
| Investments | \$m | 17 | 90 | (81%) | 20 | (11%) | 169 | 191 | (11%) |

| Flactuicity and a scale of (TAME) | Mar-24 QTR | | Dec-23 QTR | | FYTD-24 | | FYTD-23 | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Electricity sales volume (TWh) | Retail | Business | Retail | Business | Retail | Business | Retail | Business |
| New South Wales | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 6.0 |
| Queensland | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 |
| Victoria | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 3.9 |
| South Australia | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
| Total volumes sold | 4.0 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 12.2 | 14.8 | 11.9 | 15.4 |

| Natural gas sales valums (RI) | Mar-24 QTR | | Dec-23 QTR | | FYTD-24 | | FYTD-23 | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Natural gas sales volume (PJ) | Retail | Business | Retail | Business | Retail | Business | Retail | Business |
| New South Wales | 1.5 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 17.2 | 8.7 | 17.4 |
| Queensland | 0.6 | 13.5 | 0.7 | 17.7 | 2.1 | 46.3 | 2.3 | 53.1 |
| Victoria | 1.8 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 12.7 | 22.7 | 16.8 | 29.6 |
| South Australia | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 8.5 |
| External volumes sold | 4.6 | 23.0 | 6.5 | 32.8 | 25.3 | 91.2 | 32.0 | 108.6 |
| Internal sales (generation) | 7 | 7.9 | (| 5.9 | 2 | 4.2 | 2 | 1.1 |
| Total volumes sold | 35.5 | | 46.2 | | 140.7 | | 161.8 | |





Conversion factors and abbreviations



Conversion factors

LNG 0.0554 PJ/ktonnes
LNG 1.0551 GJ/mmbtu

Abbreviations

\$ Australian dollars, unless stated otherwise

APLNG Australia Pacific LNG Pty Limited - an incorporated joint venture between Origin, ConocoPhillips and Sinopec

Barrels (bbl) An international measure of oil production. 1 barrel = 159 litres

E&A Exploration & appraisal gigajoule = 10⁹ joules

JCC Japan Customs-cleared Crude

joule Primary measure of energy in the metric system

kT Lilo tonnes = 1,000 tonnes
LNG Liquefied natural gas

mmbbl Million barrels

mmboe Million barrels of oil equivalent mmbtu Million British thermal units

MMscf/d Million standard cubic feet per day
MWh Megawatt hour = 10³ kilowatt hours

n/m Not meaningful

PJ Petajoule = 10¹⁵ joules

Tonnes

TJ Terajoule = 10^{12} joules
TJ/d Terajoules per day

Terawatt hour = 10⁹ kilowatt hours

TWh