

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

30 August 2024

APPENDIX 4E

Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 30 June 2024

Reporting Period

The reporting period is for the year ended 30 June 2024 with the corresponding reporting period being for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Results for announcement to the market

				30 June 2024 A\$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	Down	25%	To	12,664
Profit for the year	Down	180%	To	67
Profit after tax attributable to members	Down	180%	To	67
		<u>30 June 2024</u>		<u>30 June 2023</u>
Net tangible assets per share (cents)		3.26		2.18
Dividends	There is no proposal to pay dividends for the year ended 30 June 2024.			

Audit

This report is based on accounts which have been audited.

Commentary on results for the period

The commentary on the results for the period is contained within the Annual Report and ASX announcement accompanying the report.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting is expected to be held as follows:

Place: Orbital UAV
4 Whipple Street
Balcatta, Western Australia

Date: 16 November 2024

CONTACTS

Announcement authorised by:

John Welborn

Chairman

Tel: +61 8 9441 2311

Email: contact@orbitalcorp.com.au

For further information, contact:

Thomas Spencer

CFO & Company Secretary

Tel: +61 8 9441 2135

Email: tspencer@orbitalcorp.com.au

[About Orbital UAV](#)

Orbital UAV provides integrated propulsion systems and flight critical components for tactical unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs). Our design thinking and patented technology enable us to meet the long endurance and high reliability requirements of the UAV market. We have offices in Australia and the United States to serve our prestigious client base.

[Forward-looking statements](#)

This release includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based upon management's expectations and beliefs concerning future events. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the control of the Company that could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements. Actual results and events may differ significantly from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors including, but not limited to, those detailed from time to time in the Company's Annual Reports. The Company makes no undertaking to subsequently update or revise the forward-looking statements made in this release to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this release.

For personal use only



ORBITAL[®]
UAV

2024 ANNUAL REPORT

Ready to fly...[™]

CONTENTS

Directors' Report	1
Auditor's Independence Declaration	16
Financial Statements	17
Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	18
Consolidated statement of financial position	19
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	20
Consolidated statement of cash flows	21
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	22
Consolidated entity disclosure statement	48
Directors' declaration	49
Independent auditor's report	50
Shareholding details	54
Corporate information	55

CORPORATE PROFILE

Orbital UAV provides integrated propulsion systems and flight critical components for tactical unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs).

Our design thinking and patented technology enable us to meet the long endurance and high reliability requirements of the UAV market. We have offices in Australia and the United States to serve our prestigious client base.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Orbital Corporation Limited (the Company or Orbital) and of the Group, being the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2024 and the auditor's report thereon.

Reference	Contents of Directors' Report	Page
1.	Operating and Financial Review	2
2.	Directors	5
3.	Company Secretary	6
4.	Directors' Meetings	6
5.	Principal Activities	6
6.	Dividends	6
7.	Events Subsequent to Reporting Date	6
8.	Proceedings on Behalf of the Company	6
9.	Likely Developments and Expected Results	6
10.	Environmental Regulation and Performance	6
11.	Directors' Interests	6
12.	Share Options	7
13.	Auditor Independence and Non-Audit Services	7
14.	Indemnification	7
15.	Corporate Governance Statement	7
16.	Rounding Off	7
17.	Remuneration Report	8
18.	Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration	16

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW



John Welborn
Chairman
Non-Executive Director

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors ('the Board'), we are pleased to present the annual report of Orbital Corporation ('Orbital' or 'the Company') and its subsidiaries ('the Group') for the year ended 30 June 2024 ('FY24').

Overview

FY24 highlights

- Delivery of \$15.7M revenue and other income
- Net profit after tax of \$0.1M
- Successful Equity raise of \$4M with new cornerstone shareholders
- Achievement of milestones for WA government loan valuing \$1.5M
- Improved Net Asset position from \$6.9M to \$10.8M
- Closing cash and equivalents position of \$4.8M

Orbital achieved operational revenue of \$12.6M in FY24, with \$9.1M through the export of heavy fuel engine models to core clients in both the US and Singapore. This represents a decrease in the production volumes from prior reporting periods and reflects the transition of export supplies to core client Boeing Insitu, toward pre-production activities for other key customers. Engineering development revenues of \$3.5M is associated with the development of larger capacity engine models under contract and support the new production lines that commenced in the current financial year and predominantly focusses on technical integration works for Orbital core systems into customer supplied airframes.

Other income of \$1.5M was achieved through the successful delivery of key milestones associated with the Company's WA Government Loan agreement as well as \$1.8M Research and Development grants received against the innovation outlays from the previous financial year.

Customer performance

During the year, the Company delivered against mandates for key clients across the globe including:

- engine shipment programs with Boeing Insitu for both the N20 and V3 models,
- the maturity of the development program with DSO National Laboratories to production readiness for its Volace 60 program,
- Production commencement for Textron Systems Aerosonde[®] unmanned aircraft system,
- Finance International to supply units into a south-east Asian defence organisation.

These new or expanded relationships demonstrate Orbital's superior heavy fuel engine capability for uncrewed aerial vehicles ('UAVs') and notably broadens customer relationships across the world.

Equity Offer

In September 2023 the Company announced a \$4M equity offer to new and existing shareholders. The offer was successfully closed in two tranches, in September 2023 and November 2023, with the second tranche subject to and following approval at the Company's November AGM. A total of 28,571,429 new shares were issued pursuant to the prospectus. Orbital's largest shareholder, UIL Limited, participated in the offer. Funds raised from the offer continue to support new engine development programs and to provide general working capital.

Financial results and financial position

The Company reported financial results for the year ended 30 June 2024, with revenue from continuing operations of \$12.6M (2023: \$16.8M), other income of \$3.1M (2023: 5.7M) and a net profit after tax of \$0.1M (2023: \$0.02M).

The Company reported a balance sheet with cash and receivables of \$6.1M (2023: \$5.2M), net current assets of \$3.4M (2023: \$2.2M) and net assets of \$10.8M (2023: \$6.9M).

Net cash outflow from operating activities during the period was \$0.03M (2023: \$3.5M) and net cash inflows from financing activities was \$3.3M (2023: \$3.9M).

The Total Debt position reported for the year ended 30 June 2024 is \$2.4M (2023: \$3.8M) after continued milestone achievements on the WA government loan.

The annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024 contains an independent auditor's report which highlights the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. For further information, refer to Note 1.J to the financial statements, together with the auditor's report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

WA Government loan

In January 2023, the Company agreed a deed of variation with the WA Government, replacing previous repayment schedules and refining milestone deliverables better aligned to industry success. Repayment amounts continue to reduce the loan principal where Orbital demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Minister, that the relevant milestones set out in the deed of variation have been met by Orbital on or before the repayment dates. For FY24, the operational milestones of \$1.5M were achieved and the loan repayments were offset, reducing the outstanding loan value to \$2.4M. The Company expects to have fully repaid the loan by the end of December 2024.

Shareholder returns

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Closing share price (\$)¹	0.08	0.18	0.23	0.83	0.75
Market capitalisation (\$m)	11.68	20.52	20.93	64.46	58.20
Basic EPS (cents) from operations	0.05	0.02	(12.92)	(14.74)	2.40

¹ as at 30 June

Material Business Risks

The Group actively manages risk exposures through a comprehensive risk management framework overseen by the Audit and Risk Committee. Current exposures relevant to the information provided in this report include:

Concentration Risk

The Group's business relies on business relationships, including its relationships with its key suppliers and customers. For the Group's reporting period ended 30 June 2024, the Company's long term agreement (LTA) with Boeing Insitu accounted for approximately 70% of the Company's revenue. Insitu may terminate the LTA for convenience, default or force majeure and this may have a material adverse effect on the financial performance, financial position and/or reputation of the Company. It is anticipated that the concentration risk associated with the Insitu LTA will be reduced as the Group transitions Textron and DSO National Laboratory programs into production, thus reducing the weighting of Insitu related revenues.

Market Risk

The Group currently operates predominantly in the aerospace sector. The level of activity in this sector will be influenced by external factors including supply and demand, competitiveness of manufacturing operations and technology, availability and cost of key resources including people, equipment and critical consumables (among other things). Variations in such factors, which are beyond the control of the Group, may have an adverse effect on future operating results of the Company.

The Group conducts regular market analysis and engages with market leading defence contractors to position its products and services in areas of key demand. Research and Innovation initiatives are designed to maintain the Group's competitiveness in the sector.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates to the Group's operating activities, in which sales and purchases are denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group manages its exposure to foreign currency risk by regularly monitoring and performing sensitivity analysis on the Group's financial position and performance because of movements in foreign exchange rates. The Group holds bank accounts in foreign denominated currencies which are converted to Australian dollars through rate orders for at prevailing rates and maintains hedging facilities for risk mitigation for longer term exposures.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Group's financial position will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash and term deposits with financial institutions. The primary goal of the Group is to maximise returns on surplus cash, using deposits with maturities of 90 days or less. Management continually monitors the returns on funds invested. There is currently no credit interest rate risk exposures on the Group's balance sheet.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating and investing activities, including trade receivables and short-term deposits with financial institutions. Maximum exposure to credit risk equals to the carrying amount of these financial assets. The significant concentration of credit risk within the Group relate to receivable balances from the Group's major customer.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures including an assessment of their independent credit rating, financial position, experience and industry reputation. Key individual customer receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. The significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group relate to receivable balances from the Group's major customer and cash held with investment grade financial institutions.

The investment of surplus cash in short-term deposits is only invested with a major financial institution to minimise the risk of default of counterparties.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Capital Risk Management

For the purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes contributed shareholder equity. When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital, provides a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares or debt from time to time.

Outlook

Entering financial year 2025 ('FY25'), the production teams will be delivering against existing orders for the three engine models. It is anticipated that orders will be expanded for the existing lines and business development activities continue to identify additional demand for Orbital propulsion systems for both new and existing clients.

The Company continues to invest in new products to drive future revenue performance and meet client demands for larger power units with world leading power to weight ratios.

It is expected that the continued success of milestone delivery against the WA government legacy loan will see a full repayment of all outstanding debt by December 2024. The Company's balance sheet has been greatly strengthened by the debt repayments and recent equity raises and positions the company well to execute on the competitive advantage in heavy fuel propulsion for the defence industry.

The Chairman would like to thank the ongoing commitment of the Company's shareholders and staff.

For personal use only

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Mr John Paul Welborn, BCom, FCA, FAIM, MAICD, MAusIMM, JP

Chairman

Joined the Board in June 2014 and appointed as Chairman in March 2015, Mr Welborn is a Chartered Accountant with a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Western Australia and is a Fellow Chartered Accountant of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and New Zealand and holds memberships of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM).

Mr Welborn is a former international rugby union player with extensive experience in the resources sector as a senior executive and in corporate management, finance and investment banking. He has served on the Boards of charitable organisations and is a former Commissioner of Tourism Western Australia.

Mr Welborn also serves as a Non-Executive Director of Equatorial Resources Limited (appointed August 2010), and as a Non-Executive Chairman of Athena Resources Ltd (appointed July 2024) and is Executive Chairman of Fenix Resources Limited (appointed November 2021).

Mr Steve Gallagher, B.E (Hons), B.Com, MAICD

Non-Executive Director

Joined the Board in April 2017. Mr Gallagher is Principal of Agere Pty Ltd, an advisory and investment company drawing on his capability and professional networks established over 30 years as a CEO, director, and Executive GM of global businesses with companies including Vix Technology Ltd, Siemens AG, Landis & Gyr AG and CCRTT Ltd.

Mr Gallagher has operated in various business sectors including industrial automation, building technology and power systems, having spent 15 years living and working in Asia (China, Hong Kong and Singapore) and Europe (Switzerland).

Mr Gallagher is currently a Non-Executive Director and Chair of ICM Mobility Ltd (an investment holding company for mobility services companies in transportation including Vix Technology Ltd, Littlepay Ltd, Kuba Payments Ltd, Snapper Services Ltd, Unwire Ltd, DTI Ltd (ASX listed passenger information and surveillance business)).

Mr Gallagher is also the chairman of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee.

Mr Kyle Abbott, B.Com (Hons 1st), CA

Non-Executive Director

Joined the Board in May 2018. Mr Abbott is an experienced aerospace and defence industry executive. Mr Abbott was Managing Director of Western Australian Specialty Alloys (WASA) from 1996 to 2015. During this period WASA grew from a Western Australian specialised alloy manufacturer to become a major supplier to the global aerospace industry, with key customers in the United States, the United Kingdom and Japan. In 2000, Mr Abbott managed the successful sale of WASA to United States-based Precision Castparts Corporation (PCC), an S&P 500 company. PCC was subsequently acquired by Berkshire Hathaway in 2015.

Mr Abbott is also a member of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee.

Dr Grant Lukey, B.E (Hons), Grad Dip (Law), PhD, MAICD

Non-Executive Director

Dr Lukey joined the Board in December 2023. Dr Lukey is the CEO and Managing Director of Coogee Chemicals Pty Ltd and has significant experience in Chemical Engineering. He holds a PhD in Minerals Processing and has completed the Advanced Management Program at Harvard University (AMP 188). Currently a board member on the Kwinana Industries Council, and from 2015-2018 Grant also held the position of director on the board of Chemistry Australia.

Mr Todd Alder, BEc (Acc), CPA, ACIS

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Mr Todd Alder stepped down from his position as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 22 September 2023.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Thomas Spencer, B.Bus, CPA, MAICD

Mr Thomas Spencer was appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in October 2022. Mr Spencer is a seasoned finance executive with multinational experience, leading strategy development, governance and commercial initiatives across a spectrum of industries. He is a qualified CPA and holds a Bachelor of Business degree and is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. In his previous roles with Capital International, McRae Investments and GMP Securities, Mr Spencer was responsible for the success of investment portfolios, commercial operations, financial integrity, acquisitions, dispositions and growth mandates for both institutional and private equity backed assets.

4. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' meetings and the number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the financial year are shown below.

Director	Directors Meetings		Audit and Risk Committee Meetings	
	No. of meetings attended	No. of meetings held ¹	No. of meetings attended	No. of meetings held
J P Welborn	7	7	-	-
T M Alder	2	2	-	-
S Gallagher	7	7	4	4
K Abbott	6	7	4	4
G Lukey	4	4	-	-

¹ Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office during the year.

5. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Orbital's focus is on the revolutionary design, proven manufacturing processes and rigorous testing to deliver superiority in UAV propulsion systems and flight critical components.

The Group drives its UAV-focused strategy from its operations in WA, Australia and Oregon, USA. Our intellectual property, know-how and industry experience, enable us to meet the long endurance and high reliability requirements of the rapidly evolving UAV market.

Working with our international customers and supply chain, we continue to design, develop and manufacture world-leading propulsion system solutions and associated technologies to meet the changing demands and increasing mission parameters of tactical UAVs.

6. DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or proposed in respect of the current financial year.

7. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There were no reportable events subsequent to the reporting date of 30 June 2024.

8. PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

9. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Information as to the likely developments in the operations of the Group is set out in the operating and financial review above.

10. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Directors do not believe that the Group has significant environmental obligations. The Group's policy is to comply with any applicable environmental regulations that are in force during the reporting period.

11. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each Director in the share capital of the Company shown in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings as at 30 June 2024 is as follows:

Director	Ordinary Shares	Options	Performance Rights
J P Welborn	2,216,785	500,000	-
S Gallagher	366,668	50,000	-
K Abbott	105,000	25,000	-
G Lukey	730,726	-	-
Total	3,419,179	575,000	-

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

12. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company issued 17,500,000 options as part of the capital raising activities completed in February 2023. Options were issued for nil cash consideration and were valued at \$1,033,205 using the Black Scholes method of calculation at issue date of 7 February 2023. The options are exercisable at \$0.35 on or before the date that is 3 years after the date of issue.

13. AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company and/or the Group are important. For the year ended June 2024, the Group engaged with Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd in non-audit services that included corporate tax advice. Refer to Note F.6 of the Financial Statements for summary of fees paid. The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with advice received from the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note F.6 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

14. INDEMNIFICATION

Indemnification and insurance of officers

To the extent permitted by law, the Company indemnifies every officer of the Company against any liability incurred by that person:

- (a) in his or her capacity as an officer of the Company; and
- (b) to a person other than the Company or a related body corporate of the Company

unless the liability arises out of conduct on the part of the officer which involves a lack of good faith.

During the year, the Company paid a premium in respect of an insurance contract covering all Directors, Officers and employees of the Company (and/or any subsidiary companies of which it holds greater than 50% of the voting shares) against liabilities that may arise from their positions within the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liabilities arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The Directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance contract as disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

Indemnification of auditors

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Nexia Perth Audit Services during or since the financial year.

15. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Orbital Corporation Limited is responsible for corporate governance. The Board has prepared the Corporate Governance Statement in accordance with the fourth edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations, which is available on the Company's website at www.orbitalluav.com under the About Us/Corporate Governance section.

16. ROUNDING OFF

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016, and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

17. REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND SUMMARY OF ORBITAL'S FIVE-YEAR PERFORMANCE

Key management personnel ("KMP")

This Remuneration Report outlines the remuneration in place and outcomes achieved for KMPs during the year ended 30 June 2024.

KMPs are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any Director, whether executive or otherwise, of the parent company.

The names and positions of the individuals who were KMP during 2024 are set out in Table 1.

Table 1 – KMP

Executive	Non-Executive Directors
<i>Executive Director</i> Todd M Alder ¹ (Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director)	John P Welborn (Chairman) Steve Gallagher (Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee) Kyle Abbott (Member of the Audit & Risk Committee) Grant Lukey
<i>Senior Executives</i> Thomas Spencer ² (Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary) Andrew Mills ³ (Interim Chief Executive Officer)	

¹ Mr Alder resigned as CEO and Managing Director on 27 September 2023

² Mr. Spencer was appointed as CFO & Company Secretary on 31 October 2022

³ Mr. Mills became a KMP on 27 September 2023 and ceased to be a KMP on 31 March 2024

Table 2 – Five-year performance

The table below outlines Orbital's performance over the last five years against key metrics.

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Closing share price (\$)	0.08	0.18	0.23	0.83	0.75
Market capitalisation (\$m)	11.68	20.52	20.93	64.46	58.20
Basic EPS (cents) from operations	0.05	0.02	(12.92)	(14.74)	2.40

Short term incentives were paid in 2020. No short term incentives were paid since 2020.

REMUNERATION OVERVIEW

The Group's remuneration strategy is designed to attract, motivate and retain employees in a globally competitive market. The Board structures remuneration so that it rewards those who perform, is valued by executives, and is strongly aligned to the Company's strategic direction and the creation of returns to shareholders.

Total Fixed Remuneration ("TFR") is determined by the scope of the executive's role and their level of knowledge, skills and experience.

Executive members of the KMP may receive a short-term incentive ("STI") approved by the Board as reward for exceptional performance in a specific matter of importance. No STI was awarded during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

Long-term incentives ("LTI") consisting of performance rights that vest based on attainment of pre-determined performance goals are awarded to selected executives. During the 2018 financial year, the Group introduced new performance milestones under the Performance Rights Plan as part of its long-term incentive arrangements for the Managing Director and CEO, which were approved by shareholders on 27 October 2017 and 23 May 2018 (2018 LTI Plan).

During the 2021 financial year, the first tranche of 475,675 performance rights vested in full under the 2018 LTI Plan and the remaining 342,213 performance rights expired on 10 August 2020. No rights have vested under the 2020 LTI Plan during the year ended 30 June 2024. The 2020 LTI Plan expired on 30 September 2023.

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors of the Company consists only of Directors' fees. Director fees were not reviewed or adjusted during the 2024 financial year.

Remuneration Report at 2023 AGM

The 2023 Remuneration Report received positive shareholder support at the 2023 AGM with more than 98% of votes cast in favour.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Remuneration strategy

The Group's remuneration strategy is designed to attract, motivate and retain employees and Non-Executive Directors by identifying and rewarding high performers and recognising the contribution of each employee to the continued growth and success of the Group.

To this end, key objectives of the Company's reward framework are to ensure that remuneration practices:

- Are aligned to the Group's business strategy;
- Offer competitive remuneration, benchmarked against the external market;
- Provide strong linkage between individual and Group performance and rewards; and
- Align the interests of executives with shareholders through measuring the Company's market capitalisation or share price.

Key changes to remuneration structure in 2024

There were no changes to the remuneration structure of executives or Directors during the 2024 financial year.

REMUNERATION GOVERNANCE

Board of Directors

The Board reviews and approves remuneration packages and policies applicable to Directors, the Company Secretary and the senior executives of the Group.

Data is obtained from independent surveys to ensure that compensation throughout the Group is set at market rates having regard to experience and performance. In this regard, formal performance appraisals are conducted at least annually for all employees. Compensation packages may include a mix of fixed compensation, performance-based compensation and equity-based compensation.

Remuneration approval process

The Board approves the remuneration arrangements of the CEO and executives, and all awards made under LTI plans. The Board also sets the aggregate remuneration of Non-Executive Directors which is then subject to shareholder approval.

The Board approves, having regard to the recommendations made by the CEO, the STI bonus plan and any discretionary bonus payments.

Remuneration structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-Executive Directors and executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

Services from remuneration consultants

From 1 July 2011, all proposed remuneration consultancy contracts (within the meaning of section 206K of the *Corporations Act 2001*) are subject to prior approval by the Board or Human Resources.

No consultants were engaged during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE KMP REMUNERATION

Objective

The Group aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Group and aligned with market practice. The Group undertakes an annual remuneration review to determine the total remuneration positioning against the market.

Structure

Orbital Corporation's remuneration structure for the CEO and executive KMP is comprised of one component that is fixed, being Total Fixed Remuneration (TFR), and two components that are variable, being short-term incentives (STI) and long-term incentives (LTI).

The STI is an annual "at risk" component of remuneration for executives. It is payable based on performance against key performance indicators (KPIs) set at the beginning of the financial year. STIs are structured to remunerate executives for achieving annual Company targets and their own individual performance targets. The net amount of any STI after allowing for applicable taxation, is payable in cash.

LTI targets are set as a percentage of fixed remuneration, converted to performance rights with vesting conditions subject to the Company's share price performance. Vesting of performance rights is subject to share price targets with the overall value exposed to the upside or downside of the share price movement, therefore closely aligning with shareholder interests.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The proportion of fixed remuneration and variable remuneration (potential short-term and long-term incentives) established for each executive is approved by the Board and for the year ended 30 June 2024 was as follows:

	Fixed Remuneration	Variable Remuneration	
CEO	Fixed Remuneration (50%)	Target STI (20%)	Target LTI (30%)
Other executives	Fixed Remuneration (69%)	Target STI (14%)	Target LTI (17%)

The remuneration structure for the 2024 financial year is explained below:

Summary of executive KMP remuneration for the 2024 financial year

Total Fixed Remuneration ("TFR")

TFR consists of base compensation, which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any fringe benefits tax charges related to employee benefits including motor vehicles, as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

Executive contracts of employment do not include any guaranteed base pay increases. TFR is reviewed annually by the Board. The process consists of a review of Company, business division and individual performance, relevant comparative remuneration internally and externally and, where appropriate, external advice independent of management.

The fixed component of executives' remuneration is detailed in the Statutory Table on page 14.

Variable Annual Reward - Short-term incentive ("STI")

Under the STI, all executives have the opportunity to earn an annual incentive award which is delivered in cash. The STI recognises and rewards annual performance.

How is performance measured?

The STI performance measures were chosen as they reflect the core drivers of short-term performance and provide a framework for delivering sustainable value to the Group, its shareholders and customers. Minimum Group performance targets need to be achieved before STI is eligible.

Key performance indicators ("KPIs") are measured covering financial and non-financial measures of performance. For each KPI, a target and stretch objective is set. A summary of the measures and weightings are set out below:

	Financial Earnings	Non-financial Group KPIs
CEO	70%	30%
Other Executives	0%	100%

Earnings is the measure against which management and the Board assess the short-term performance of the Group. If the earnings measure is met, performance against non-financial KPIs are used to determine the STI that the executive is entitled to, as follows:

- Individual performance rating in respect of the quality of work performed in all essential areas of responsibility;
- Individual cultural rating in respect of the extent to which demonstrated behaviour aligns with the Values of the Group.

How much can executives earn?

The maximum STI for the Chief Executive Officer is 40 per cent of fixed remuneration. The maximum STI for other executives is 20 per cent of fixed remuneration.

The minimum STI that may be awarded to the Chief Executive Officer and other executives is nil where the Company performance factor is zero.

When is it paid?

The STI award is determined after the end of the financial year following a review of performance over the year against the STI performance measures by the Executive Team comprising of the CEO, CFO, COO and CEng. The Board approves the final STI award based on this assessment of performance.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Actual STI performance for the year ending 30 June 2024

The following table outlines the proportion of the maximum STI earned in relation to the 2024 financial year. There were no STI amounts paid to KMPs for the year ended 30 June 2024.

	Maximum STI opportunity (Percentage of fixed remuneration)	Percentage of maximum STI earned
Todd M Alder	40%	0%
Andrew Mills	20%	0%
Thomas Spencer	20%	0%

Long-term incentive ("LTI")

Under the LTI, the grant of performance rights and share acquisition performance rights were made to executives to align remuneration with the creation of shareholder value over the long-term.

How is it paid?

Executives are eligible to receive performance rights and share acquisition performance rights; that is, being the right to receive a given number of ordinary shares in the Group if a nominated performance milestone is achieved.

2020 Performance Rights Plan – Long-term incentives

The Company introduced a Performance Rights Plan ("2020 LTI Plan") which was approved by shareholders on 24 November 2020.

Performance rights were issued to the Managing Director and CEO ("CEO LTIs") and other executives ("Executive LTIs") and employees under the 2020 LTI Plan in two tranches, with each tranche subject to a separate performance milestone linked to the volume weighted average share price ("VWAP") of the Company and tested over a three-year period as follows:

Tranche	Performance Condition	Expiry Date	Grant Date (CEO LTIs)	Grant Date (Exec LTIs)	Fair Value/Right (CEO LTIs)	Fair Value/Right (Exec LTIs)	Vesting of Rights
1	The Company having a 90-day VWAP of at least \$1.50 per share between 01 October 2020 and 30 September 2023.	30 September 2023	04 December 2020	28 October 2020	98 cents	97 cents	50 per cent
2	The Company having a 60-day VWAP of at least \$2.50 per share between 01 October 2020 and 30 September 2023.	30 September 2023	04 December 2020	28 October 2020	73 cents	76 cents	50 per cent

The allocation of performance rights to KMPs was as follows:

Executive	Title	Performance rights issued Tranche 1	Performance rights issued Tranche 2	Total
Mr T.Alder	Managing Director and CEO	234,000	140,400	374,400
Total		234,000	140,400	374,400

During year ended 30 June 2024, the performance rights issued to Mr Alder lapsed as he resigned on 22 September 2023.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

When is performance measured?

Performance rights may vest at any time during the three-year period to 30 September 2023, subject to the abovementioned performance milestones. Performance rights lapse if the employment of the executive is terminated with cause, or by resignation, prior to vesting.

Performance rights may vest prior to the satisfaction of the vesting conditions upon a change of control event, or if the Board allows early exercise on cessation of employment or in light of specific circumstances.

No performance rights vested under the 2020 LTI Plan for the year ended 30 June 2024.

How is performance measured?

Awards are subject to the market capitalisation of the Group. The performance rights link the rewards payable to KMPs to the creation of shareholder value by increasing the share price of the Company. The Company's share price at the date of calling the AGM to approve the CEO LTIs was \$1.14 per share. The vesting of performance rights will only occur where the Company's share price increases to \$1.50 and \$2.50 per share as set out in the abovementioned tables.

Actual LTI performance for the year ending 30 June 2024

During the financial year, no rights vested under the 2020 LTI Plan or for any other earlier plans issued in previous financial years.

OTHER EQUITY PLANS

Orbital has a history of providing employees with the opportunity to participate in ownership of shares in the Company using equity to support a competitive base remuneration position.

Employee Share Plan

Eligible employees are offered shares in the Company, at no cost to the employees, to the value of \$1,000 per annum under the terms of the Company's Employee Share Plan. There are no performance conditions, because the plan is designed to align the interests of participating employees with those of shareholders. No Directors or KMPs participated in the share plan in 2024 (2023: Nil).

CONTRACTS FOR KMP

All KMP have a contract for employment. The table below contains a summary of the key contractual provisions of the contracts of employment for the KMP.

	Fixed Remuneration	Contract Duration	Termination Notice Period (Company) ^{1,2}	Termination Notice Period (Executive)
T Alder	\$390,000	Unlimited	3 months	3 months
A Mills ³	\$204,000	Unlimited	6 months	6 months
T Spencer	\$280,000	Unlimited	3 months	3 months

¹ Termination provisions – Orbital may choose to terminate the contract immediately by making a payment in lieu of notice equal to the fixed remuneration the executive would have received during the 'Company Notice Period'. In the event of termination for serious misconduct or other nominated circumstances, executives are not entitled to this termination payment. Any payments made in the event of a termination of an executive contract will be consistent with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

² On termination of employment, executives will be entitled to the payment of any fixed remuneration calculated up to the termination date and any leave entitlement accrued up to the termination date. Unvested LTI awards are forfeited upon termination for serious misconduct or employee initiated termination and at Board discretion if termination is initiated by the Company.

³ Mr Mills' inclusion in the KMP was for part period 22 September 2023 to 31 March 2024.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS REMUNERATION

Objective

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain Directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders.

Structure

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the fee structure is reviewed against fees paid to Non-Executive Directors of comparable companies. The Board considers advice from external consultants when undertaking the review process.

The Company's constitution and the ASX listing rules specify that the Non-Executive Directors' fee pool shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. The latest determination was at the 2001 Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 25 October 2001 when shareholders approved an aggregate fee pool of \$400,000 per year. The Board will not seek any increase for the Non-Executive Director pool at the 2024 AGM.

Fees

Non-Executive Directors do not receive retirement benefits other than statutory superannuation contributions, where required, nor do they participate in any incentive programs.

The Chairman of the Board receives a base fee of \$60,000 (2023: \$121,095) and the Non-Executive Directors receive a base fee of \$30,000 (2023: \$60,000).

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors for the year ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is detailed in Table 1 of this report on page 14.

The maximum annual aggregate fee pool limit is \$400,000 and was approved by shareholders.

OTHER TRANSACTIONS WITH KMP AND THEIR RELATED PARTIES

There were no other transactions with KMPs and their related parties, such as purchases, sales and investments, for the year ended 30 June 2024.

REPORTING NOTES

Reporting in Australian dollars

In this report, the remuneration and benefits reported are in Australian dollars. This is consistent with the functional and presentational currency of the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Statutory tables

Table 1 - Compensation of Non-Executive Directors and executive KMPs for the year ended 30 June 2024 and 2023

		Short Term Benefits				Post-Employment	Long-term Benefits	Share Based Payments	Total	
		Salary & Director's Fees	Cash Bonuses	Non-monetary	Total	Employer Superannuation Contributions	Leave Entitlements	Performance Rights Plan	Total Remuneration	Proportion of remuneration performance related
Non-executive Directors										
J Welborn	2024	70,074	-	-	70,074	7,708	-	-	77,782	-
Chairman and Director (Non-executive)	2023	109,589	-	-	109,589	11,506	-	-	121,095	-
S Gallagher	2024	37,500	-	-	37,500	-	-	-	37,500	-
Director (Non-executive)	2023	60,000	-	-	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	-
K Abbott	2024	37,500	-	-	37,500	-	-	-	37,500	-
Director (Non-executive)	2023	60,000	-	-	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	-
G Lukey³	2024	15,000	-	-	15,000	-	-	-	15,000	-
Director (Non-executive)	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Consolidated, all non-executive directors	2024	160,074	-	-	160,074	7,708	-	-	167,782	-
	2023	229,589	-	-	229,589	11,506	-	-	241,095	-
Executive Directors										
T Alder¹	2024	233,008	-	-	233,008	13,699	(115,011)	-	131,696	0%
Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	2023	364,708	-	-	364,708	25,292	33,954	58,004	481,958	12%
Executive Key Management Personnel										
A Mills²	2024	189,668	-	-	189,668	14,332	8,447	-	212,447	0%
Interim Chief Executive Officer	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
T Spencer	2024	246,772	-	-	246,772	26,862	(2,119)	-	271,515	0%
Chief Financial Officer	2023	146,947	-	-	146,947	14,592	12,608	-	174,147	0%
Total Consolidated, Executive directors, Executive Key Management Personnel	2024	669,448	-	-	669,448	54,893	(108,683)	-	615,658	0%
	2023	511,655	-	-	511,655	39,884	46,562	58,004	656,105	9%
Total Consolidated, Non-executive Directors, Executive directors, and Executive Key Management Personnel	2024	829,522	-	-	829,522	62,601	(108,683)	-	783,440	0%
	2023	741,244	-	-	741,244	80,864	46,562	58,004	926,674	6%

¹ Mr. Alder ceased as a KMP on 22 September 2023.

² Mr. Mills joined as KMP on 22 September 2023 and ceased on 31 March 2024.

³ Dr. Lukey joined as KMP on 1 December 2023.

Table 2 – Summary of CEO and Executive

	Type of equity	Grant date	Expiry date	Awarded but not vested	Vested	% of total vested	Lapsed	Fair value of equity (\$)¹
T Alder	Equity rights	27 October 2017	10 August 2020	255,000	-	-	255,000	0.278
Director and Chief Executive Officer	Equity rights	27 October 2017	10 August 2020	-	340,000	100%	-	0.365
	Equity rights	23 May 2018	10 August 2020	-	647,250	100%	-	0.316
	Equity rights	4 December 2020	30 September 2023	234,000	-	-	234,000	0.808
	Equity rights	4 December 2020	30 September 2023	140,400	-	-	140,400	0.538

¹ In accordance with AASB2 Share-based Payments, the fair value of variable pay rights as at the grant date has been determined by applying the Monte Carlo/trinomial valuation model. For the assumptions used in the valuation of the rights, please refer to note F.3. The amount included as remuneration is not related to or indicative of the benefit (if any) that individual executives may ultimately realise should these equity instruments vest.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Table 3 – KMP share and equity holdings

Details of shares and rights held by KMP including their personally related entities for the 2024 financial year are as follows:

	Type of equity ¹	Opening holding at 1 July 2023	Rights allocated in 2024	Rights lapsed in 2024	Net Changes other	Closing holding at 30 June 2024 ²
Non-executive Directors						
J Welborn	Shares	1,991,667	-	-	225,118	2,216,785
	Options	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
S Gallagher	Shares	216,668	-	-	150,000	366,668
	Options	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
K Abbott	Shares	85,000	-	-	20,000	105,000
	Options	25,000	-	-	-	25,000
G Lukey	Shares	-	-	-	730,726	730,726
	Options	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Directors						
T Alder	Equity Rights	374,400	-	(374,400)	-	-
	Shares	1,471,639	-	-	(1,471,639)	-
	Options	25,000	-	-	-	25,000
Executive Key Management Personnel						
A Mills	Shares	-	-	-	-	-
	Options	-	-	-	-	-
T Spencer	Shares	-	-	-	-	-
	Options	-	-	-	-	-

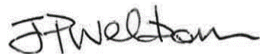
¹ Opening holding represents amounts carried forward in respect of KMP.

² Net Other Changes includes KMP participation in the equity placement during the year and other 'on-market' activity.

³ Closing equity rights holdings represent invested rights held at the end of the reporting period.

End of Remuneration Report

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:



J P Welborn
Chairman

Dated at Perth, Western Australia this 30 August 2024

To the Board of Directors of Orbital Corporation Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Orbital Corporation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely



Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd



Muranda Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen

Director

Perth, Western Australia

30 August 2024

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

ACN 145 447 105

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (ABN 27 145 447 105) is a firm of Chartered Accountants. It is affiliated with, but independent from Nexia Australia Pty Ltd. Nexia Australia Pty Ltd is a member of Nexia International, a leading, global network of independent accounting and consulting firms. For more information please see www.nexia.com.au/legal. Neither Nexia International nor Nexia Australia Pty Ltd provide services to clients.

Liability limited under a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONTENTS

Financial statements

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	18
Consolidated statement of financial position	19
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	20
Consolidated statement of cash flows	21

Notes to the financial statements

1.A About these statements	22
----------------------------	----

A. Current year performance

A.1 Operating segments	26
A.2 Revenue	26
A.3 Other income	28
A.4 Expenses	29
A.5 Taxes	30
A.6 Earnings per share (EPS)	32

B. Growth assets

B.1 Plant and equipment	33
B.2 Intangible assets	35

C. Working capital management

C.1 Inventories	37
C.2 Trade and other receivables	38
C.3 Cash and cash equivalents	38
C.4 Non-cash investing and financing activities	38
C.5 Other financial assets	39
C.6 Trade and other payables	39
C.7 Deferred revenue	39
C.8 Leases	39

D. Debt and capital

D.1 Borrowings	40
D.2 Share capital	41
D.3 Option Reserves	41
D.4 Reserves	42

E. Other assets and liabilities

E.1 Provisions	43
----------------	----

F. Other notes

F.1 Key management personnel compensation	44
F.2 Related parties	44
F.3 Share based payments	45
F.4 Subsidiaries	46
F.5 Parent entity information	46
F.6 Auditor remuneration	47
F.7 Contingent assets	47
F.8 Contingent liabilities	47
F.9 Commitments	47
F.10 Events after the end of the reporting period	47
F.11 Other accounting policies	47
F.12 New accounting standards	47

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement

Directors' declaration

Independent auditor's report

Shareholding details

Corporate information

48
49
50
54
55

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Continuing operations			
Sale of goods		9,110	12,350
Engineering services revenue		3,456	4,426
Interest revenue		98	26
Total revenue	A.2	12,664	16,802
Other income	A.3	3,054	5,711
Materials and consumables expenses	A.4(d)	(5,144)	(8,216)
Recovered excess inventory		372	404
Employee benefits expenses	A.4(a)	(7,496)	(8,648)
Depreciation expenses		(844)	(1,046)
Amortisation of intangibles	B.2	(408)	(276)
Engineering consumables and contractor expenses		(949)	(792)
Occupancy expenses		(446)	(718)
Travel and accommodation expenses		(135)	(255)
Communications and computing expenses		(684)	(744)
Patent expenses		(208)	(191)
Insurance expenses		(688)	(832)
Audit, compliance and listing expenses		(260)	(540)
Finance costs	A.4(b)	(334)	(214)
Bad debts recovered		185	-
Warranty expenses	E.1	1,667	(236)
Other expenses	A.4(c)	(159)	(249)
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)		(120)	60
Profit/(loss) before income tax		67	20
Income tax expense	A.5	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year from		67	20
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		2	2
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year		69	22
Earnings per share			
Basic profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (cents)	A.6	0.05	0.02
Diluted profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (cents)	A.6	0.05	0.02

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	C.3	4,784	2,292
Other financial assets	C.5	748	751
Trade and other receivables	C.2	577	2,125
Contract assets	C.2	890	-
Inventories	C.1	4,020	5,980
Prepayments		322	191
Finance lease receivable	C.8	433	430
Total current assets		11,774	11,769
Non-current assets			
Intangibles	B.2	3,312	3,238
Plant and equipment	B.1	1,138	1,299
Inventories	C.1	2,896	2,238
Right-of-use asset	C.8	2,758	1,141
Finance lease receivable	C.8	332	253
Other receivables	C.2	21	-
Total non-current assets		10,457	8,169
Total assets		22,231	19,938
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and other liabilities	C.6	1,660	1,979
Deferred revenue	C.7	1,330	1,243
Borrowings	D.1	2,438	1,452
Lease liabilities	C.8	690	752
Provisions	E.1	2,265	4,096
Total current liabilities		8,383	9,522
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	C.8	2,945	1,083
Borrowings	D.1	-	2,344
Provisions	E.1	73	51
Total non-current liabilities		3,018	3,478
Total liabilities		11,401	13,000
Net assets		10,830	6,938
Equity			
Share capital	D.2	45,203	41,380
Options reserve	D.3	1,033	1,033
Reserves	D.4	2,596	2,594
Accumulated losses		(38,002)	(38,069)
Total equity		10,830	6,938

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Share capital	(Accumulated losses)	Employee equity benefits reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Option reserve	Total equity
Notes	D.2		D.4	D.4	D.3	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 July 2023	41,380	(38,069)	2,652	(58)	1,033	6,938
Profit for the year	-	67	-	-	-	67
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	2	-	2
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	67	-	2	-	69
Issue of ordinary shares, net of costs	3,787	-	-	-	-	3,787
Issue of share options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	36	-	-	-	-	36
At 30 June 2024	45,203	(38,002)	2,652	(56)	1,033	10,830
At 1 July 2022	37,682	(38,089)	2,665	(60)	-	2,198
Profit for the year	-	20	-	-	-	20
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	2	-	2
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	20	-	2	-	22
Issue of ordinary shares, net of costs	3,662	-	-	-	-	3,662
Issue of share options	-	-	-	-	1,033	1,033
Share based payments	36	-	(13)	-	-	23
At 30 June 2023	41,380	(38,069)	2,652	(58)	1,033	6,938

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers		14,211	12,937
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(15,715)	(16,938)
Cash receipts from R&D rebates		1,442	732
Interest received		98	26
Interest paid		(70)	(251)
Net cash used in operating activities	C.3	(34)	(3,494)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for financial instruments		4	(166)
Purchase of plant and equipment		(311)	(290)
Grant rebates received		364	920
Payments for intangible asset		(847)	(836)
Net cash used in investing activities		(790)	(372)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issues of shares and options	D.2	4,000	5,000
Share issue transaction costs		(213)	(305)
Principal elements of lease payments		(485)	(807)
Net cash from financing activities		3,302	3,888
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		2,478	22
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		2,292	2,363
Effects of exchange rate fluctuations on the balances of cash held in foreign currencies		14	(93)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	C.3	4,784	2,292

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1.A About these statements

Orbital Corporation Ltd ("Orbital" or the "Group") is a for-profit company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange ("ASX"). The registered office is 4 Whipple Street, Balcatta, Western Australia.

The nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group are described in the Directors Report and in the segment information in Note A.1.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 30 August 2024. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

1.B Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Group has not early adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued but not yet effective. The adoption of these standards, interpretations or amendments will not significantly impact the Group's accounting policies, financial position or performance.

1.C Currency

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. Transactions are recorded in the functional currency of the transacting entity using the spot rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rate of exchange at the reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statements of profit or loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (FCTR), via Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of FCTR relating to that particular foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

1.D Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016, and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

1.E Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements comprise the financial results of the Group and its subsidiaries as at 30 June each year. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date at which the Group ceases to have control.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealised profits and losses arising from intra-group transactions, have been eliminated in full.

Comparative information has been reclassified where required for consistency with the current year's presentation.

1.F Other accounting policies

Significant and other accounting policies that summarise the measurement basis used and are relevant to understanding the financial statements are provided throughout the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1.G Financial and capital risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management strategy, policy and key risk parameters. The Board of Directors has oversight of the Group's internal control system and risk management process. The Group's management of financial and capital risks is aimed at ensuring that available capital, funding and cash flows are sufficient to meet the Group's financial commitments as and when they fall due and maintain the capacity to fund its committed project developments. During 2024 the Group's strategy remained unchanged from 2023, the gearing ratio at 30 June 2024 was 23% (2023: 55%). Gearing ratios are calculated by dividing net debt (as per note D.1) by total equity.

The below risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business. Risk information can be found in the following sections:

Section A	Foreign currency risk	Page	25
Section C	Liquidity risk	Page	36
Section C	Interest Rate risk	Page	36
Section C	Credit risk	Page	37
Section D	Capital risk management	Page	40

1.H Key estimates and judgements

In applying the Group's accounting policies, management continually evaluates judgements, estimates and assumptions based on experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have an impact on the Group. Significant judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management in the preparation of these financial statements are found in the following notes:

Note	Key estimate/ judgement		
A.5	Recoverability of deferred tax assets	Page	31
B.1	Impairment of non-current assets	Page	34
C.1	Recoverability of inventories	Page	37

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1.J Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the Group will continue its operations and be able to meet its obligations as and when they become due and payable.

For the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group recorded an after tax profit of \$67,000 (2023: \$20,000) and operating cash outflows of \$34,000 (2023: \$3,494,000). As at 30 June 2024, the Group had net assets of \$10,830,000 (2023: \$6,938,000) and net current assets of \$3,391,000 (2023: 2,247,000). The Group also had cash outflows from investing activities of \$790,000 (2023: 372,000) and cash inflows from financing activities of \$3,302,000 (2023: 3,888,000).

The going concern assumption is based on the Group's cash flow projections and existing cash reserves as at 30 June 2024 and covers a period of at least twelve months from the date of this report.

The projections show that the continuing viability of the Group and its ability to continue as a going concern and meet its debts and commitments as they fall due is dependent upon a number of factors including:

- Successful continued development of new engine models, leading to further committed engineering and production revenues.
- Achieving the milestones required under the terms of the WA government loan, as described in note D.1, such that grants are received and repayments are not required within the forecast period.
- Achieving forecasted operational performance and positive operational cash flows from the existing engine production and engineering programs.
- Reducing overheads through cost saving initiatives.
- Securing funding above and beyond the Group's existing committed facilities if required.

As a result of these matters, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Directors consider that the Group will be successful in the above matters and have therefore prepared the financial report on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

In this section

This section addresses financial performance of the Group for the reporting period including, where applicable, the accounting policies applied and the key estimates and judgements made. The section also includes the tax position of the Group for and at the end of the reporting period.

A.1	Operating segments	Page 26
A.2	Revenue	Page 26
A.3	Other income	Page 28
A.4	Expenses	Page 29
A.5	Taxes	Page 30
A.6	Earnings per share	Page 32

Financial risks in this section

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates to the Group's operating activities, in which sales and purchases are denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group manages its exposure to foreign currency risk by regularly monitoring and performing sensitivity analysis on the Group's financial position and performance as a result of movements in foreign exchange rates. The Group holds bank accounts in foreign denominated currencies which are converted to Australian dollars through rate orders for targeted exchange rates. The Group has foreign currency hedging facilities available as part of its bank facilities. Currently the Group does not directly hedge against its foreign currency exchange risk to a material extent.

Exposure

The Group's exposure to USD at the reporting date for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024 A\$'000	2023 A\$'000
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	476	1,159
Trade and other receivables	140	623
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	220	95

For the year ended 30 June 2024, revenue from external customers denominated in USD was A\$8,344,000 (2023: A\$7,034,000).

Sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. There is no impact on changes in foreign currencies on other comprehensive income. The Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

The Group has used the observed range of actual historical rates for the preceding five year period, with a heavier weighting placed on recently observed market data, in determining reasonably possible exchange movements as part of their sensitivity analysis. Past movements in exchange rates are not necessarily indicative of future movements.

	Change in AUD/USD rate	Increase / (Reduction) on profit before taxes
2024	+10%	(36)
	-10%	44
2023	+10%	(153)
	-10%	187

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.1 Operating segments

Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the executive management team (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

Segment performance is evaluated based on Revenue and Earnings Before Interest and Tax ("EBIT") which is allocated to the reportable segments according to the geographic location in which the item arose or relates to.

The geographical location of the segment assets is based on the physical location of the assets.

Segment information

Year ended 30 June 2024

	Australia		US		Consolidated	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Segment revenue	12,664	16,802	-	-	12,664	16,802
EBIT	569	449	(168)	(215)	401	234
Finance expenses	(265)	(192)	(69)	(22)	(334)	(214)
Profit(loss) before income tax	304	257	(237)	(237)	67	20

	Australia		US		Consolidated	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets	21,125	18,498	1,106	1,440	22,231	19,938
Liabilities	10,237	11,399	1,164	1,601	11,401	13,000
Net assets	10,888	7,099	(58)	(161)	10,830	6,938

A.2 Revenue

	Australia		US		Consolidated	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue	12,664	16,802	-	-	12,664	16,802
Total external revenue	12,664	16,802	-	-	12,664	16,802
Timing of revenue recognition						
<i>At a point in time</i>	9,208	12,376	-	-	9,208	12,376
<i>Over time</i>	3,456	4,426	-	-	3,456	4,426
	12,664	16,802	-	-	12,664	16,802

Revenues of approximately \$9,887,000 (2023: \$7,440,000) were derived from a single external customer.

Recognition and measurement

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.2 Revenue (continued)

Revenue from rendering of services

The Group's general terms and conditions with customers specify a right to payment for work completed, therefore performance obligations are satisfied over time. Using the output method for revenue recognition, the Group recognises revenue based on an appraisal of results achieved or percentage complete.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised on a per-unit basis as the goods are delivered to the customer premise, which is deemed to be the time when the performance obligation is performed.

Revenue for goods sold but not delivered is recognised if:

- (a) the reason for the bill-and-hold arrangement must be substantive;
- (b) the product must be identified separately as belonging to the customer;
- (c) the product currently must be ready for physical transfer to the customer;
- (d) the entity cannot have the ability to use the product or to direct it to another customer.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Interest income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate method ("EIR"). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

The Group has recognised the following assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers:

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Contract Liabilities		
Deferred revenue	1,330	1,243

Refer to Note C.7 deferred revenue for a breakdown of deferred revenue recognised in the current year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.3 Other income

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Grant income	1,500	4,825
Rental income	94	150
Research and development grant	1,442	732
Other	18	4
	3,054	5,711

Recognition and measurement

• Grant income

In FY24, Orbital achieved the relevant operational milestones and reduced the WA government loan value by \$1.5M. Accounting standards require interest to be imputed while the loan is interest free. The benefit of the loan reduction of \$1.5M and it being interest free \$0.1M are recognised as grant income, in accordance with AASB 120 Accounting for Government Grants. Refer to Note D.1 for further details.

• Research and development grant

In accordance with research and development tax legislation the Group is entitled to a refundable R&D tax offset accounted for as research and development grant. Government grants are recognised when it is probable that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as a reduction in the related asset. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

• Other income

The other income represents sales income from asset disposals.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.4 Expenses

(a) Employee benefits expense

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages	5,409	6,351
Defined contribution plans	778	798
Share based payments (Note F.3)	36	23
Annual and long service leave	722	807
Other personnel costs	551	669
	7,496	8,648

(b) Finance costs

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest expense	334	214
	334	214

(c) Other expenses

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Administration	84	119
Marketing and investor relations	5	27
Freight	40	66
Other	30	37
	159	249

(d) Materials and consumable expenses

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Raw materials and consumables	3,184	3,122
Change in inventories	1,960	5,094
	5,144	8,216

Recognition and measurement

• Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds are recognised as an expense as incurred.

The Group contributes to defined contribution plans for the provision of benefits to Australian employees on retirement, death or disability. Employee and employer contributions are calculated on percentages of gross salaries and wages. Apart from contributions required under law, there is no legally enforceable right for the Group to contribute to a superannuation plan.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.5 Taxes

The major components of the income tax expense for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 are:

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred income tax expense	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
Total income tax expense	-	-

The reconciliation of the income tax benefits/(expenses) and accounting profit multiplied by the Australian domestic tax rate for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 are:

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Accounting profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	67	20
Accounting profit/(loss) before income tax	67	20
At Australia's statutory income tax rate of 25.0% (2023: 25.0%)	(17)	(5)
Non assessable income	(736)	(1,389)
Expenses subject to R&D tax incentive	1,175	1,210
Non-deductible expenses	51	52
Deferred tax asset not recognised	(473)	132
Income tax expense	-	-
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	-	-

Deferred tax balances comprise of the following deferred tax assets/(deferred tax liabilities):

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Inventory	416	639
Revenue received in advance	110	311
Plant and equipment	(76)	25
Provisions and accruals	774	1,256
Intangible asset	(828)	(809)
ROU leasing assets	120	(97)
ROU leasing liabilities	(123)	138
Foreign exchange gains/losses	2	29
Other	42	61
Unrecognised temporary differences	(437)	(1,553)
Net deferred tax asset	-	-

The Group has unused tax losses that arose in Australia, for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised of \$52,194,180 (2023: \$52,846,066) and are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Group and its controlled entities in which those losses arose.

Under the tax laws of the United States of America, unused tax losses that cannot be fully utilised for tax purposes during the current period may be carried forward into future periods, subject to statutory limitations. At 30 June 2024, the Group had unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised of US\$4,246,000 (2023: US\$13,764,000).

Recognition and measurement

· Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

· Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided for using the full liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.5 Taxes (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses may be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit or loss.
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences may be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available or allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Key estimate: Recoverability of deferred tax assets

At 30 June 2024, the Group recognised nil (2023: nil) of deferred tax assets after assessing the likelihood of offsetting unused tax losses against future taxable profits.

Offsetting deferred tax balances

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities that the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Tax consolidation

Orbital Corporation Limited and its 100 per cent owned Australian resident subsidiaries formed a tax consolidated group with effect from 1 July 2002. Orbital Corporation Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated group. Members of the tax consolidated group have entered into a tax sharing agreement that provides for the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations. No amounts were recognised in the financial statements in respect of this agreement on the basis that the probability of default was assessed as remote.

Orbital Corporation Limited and its controlled entities continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The Group has applied the 'separate taxpayer within Group' approach by reference to the carrying amount in the separate financial statements of each entity and the tax values applying under tax consolidation. In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, Orbital Corporation Limited also recognised current tax liabilities (or assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses assumed from its controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

A. CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE

A.6 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of Orbital Corporation Limited ("the Parent") by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The following table reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000

Profit/(loss) for the year ended attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent:

Continuing operations	67	20
-----------------------	----	----

	2024	2023
	Number	Number

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic EPS	137,892,988	104,435,036
----------------------------------------------------------	-------------	-------------

Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	137,892,988	104,435,036
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------	--------------------

Earnings per share

	Cents	Cents
Basic profit/(loss) per share	0.05	0.02
Diluted profit/(loss) per share	0.05	0.02

Performance rights granted to key management personnel were deemed potential ordinary shares. Refer to Note F.3 for further details.

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of the financial statements.

The number of potential ordinary shares not considered dilutive and contingently issuable are as follows:

	2024	2023
	Number	Number
Options	17,500,000	17,500,000
Performance rights	-	430,464
Total	17,500,000	17,930,464

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

B. GROWTH ASSETS

In this section

This section addresses the strategic growth and assets position of the Group at the end of the reporting period including, where applicable, the accounting policies applied and the key estimates and judgements made.

B.1	Plant and equipment	Page 33
B.2	Intangible assets	Page 35

B.1 Plant and equipment

	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Gross carrying amount at cost			
At 30 June 2022	13,800	2,588	16,388
Additions	246	44	290
Grant rebate	(196)	-	(196)
At 30 June 2023	13,850	2,632	16,482
Additions	219	92	311
Disposals	(234)	-	(234)
At 30 June 2024	13,835	2,724	16,559
Depreciation and impairment			
At 30 June 2022	(12,305)	(2,378)	(14,683)
Depreciation	(452)	(48)	(500)
At 30 June 2023	(12,757)	(2,426)	(15,183)
Depreciation	(359)	(36)	(395)
Disposals	157	-	157
At 30 June 2024	(12,959)	(2,462)	(15,421)
Net book value			
At 30 June 2024	876	262	1,138
At 30 June 2023	1,093	206	1,299

Recognition and measurement

Plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such costs include the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates those parts separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred to occupancy expenses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of the asset, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets, is included in other income or other expenses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised.

Plant and equipment was pledged as security under the Acknowledgement of Debt entered into with the Department of Jobs, Tourism, Science and Innovation and is subject to floating charges. Refer to Note C.7 for lease disclosure and Note D.1 for further details.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

B. GROWTH ASSETS

B.1 Plant and equipment (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or cash generating unit ("CGU"). The recoverable amount of the asset or the CGU is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposals, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

Key estimate - Impairment of non-current assets

When indicators of impairment are identified, the Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, a strategic decision was made to cease production in the US and transition it to Australia. As a result, the CGUs located in the US became idle and not expected to generate any future cash flow in the short term, the US assets were written down to nil value. There were no indicators of impairment or reversal of impairment in the year ended 30 June 2024, with remaining assets expected to be recovered in full from future business activities.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Plant and equipment: 3 to 15 years
Leasehold improvements: 3 to 15 years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

B. GROWTH ASSETS

B.2 Intangible assets

Consolidated	Model 2019 Development \$'000	Model 2021 Development \$'000	Models 2023 Development \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2024				
Cost	2,611	4,223	542	7,376
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,190)	(365)	-	(1,555)
R&D tax offset recognised	(1,421)	(1,088)	-	(2,509)
Net carrying amount	-	2,770	542	3,312
Movement				
Net carrying amount at the beginning of the year	43	3,195	-	3,238
Additions	-	304	542	846
Amortisation for the year	(43)	(365)	-	(408)
R&D tax offset recognised	-	(364)	-	(364)
Net carrying amount at the end of the year	-	2,770	542	3,312
Year ended 30 June 2023				
Cost	2,611	3,919	-	6,530
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,147)	-	-	(1,147)
R&D tax offset recognised	(1,421)	(724)	-	(2,145)
Net carrying amount	43	3,195	-	3,238
Movement				
Net carrying amount at the beginning of the year	319	3,083	-	3,402
Additions	-	836	-	836
Amortisation for the year	(276)	-	-	(276)
R&D tax offset recognised	-	(724)	-	(724)
Net carrying amount at the end of the year	43	3,195	-	3,238

The intangible assets comprise of capitalised development costs for the advancement of the modular propulsion systems. The intangible assets will be amortised using the straight-line method over a finite period of five years from completion of development.

Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less amortisation, any impairment losses and research and development tax grants received. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over their useful lives and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. The amortisation period and method is reviewed at each financial year end.

Models 2023 are in the early stages of development and so amortisation has not yet commenced.

Intangible asset	Useful life
Internally generated intangible	Finite (up to five years)

Research and development

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures on individual projects are recognised as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- its intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset
- how the asset will generate future economic developments
- the availability of resources to complete the asset
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure incurred during the development of the asset

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

C. WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

In this section

This section addresses inventories, trade and other receivables, cash, other financial assets and trade and other payables of the Group at the end of the reporting period including, where applicable, the accounting policies applied and the key estimates and judgements made.

C.1 Inventories	Page 37
C.2 Trade and other receivables	Page 38
C.3 Cash and cash equivalents	Page 38
C.4 Non-cash investing and financing activities	Page 38
C.5 Other financial assets	Page 39
C.6 Trade and other payables	Page 39
C.7 Deferred revenue	Page 39
C.8 Leases	Page 39

Financial and capital risks in this section

Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk arises from the financial liabilities of the Group and the Group's subsequent ability to meet its obligations to repay financial liabilities as and when they fall due. The liquidity position of the Group is managed to ensure sufficient liquid funds are available to meet its financial commitments in a timely and cost effective manner.

The Group's liquidity position is managed by the Board of Directors who regularly review cash-flow forecasts prepared by management, which includes the Group's short and long-term obligations, cash position and forecast liability position to maintain appropriate liquidity levels. At 30 June 2024, the Group has a total of \$4,784,000 of cash at its disposal (2023: \$2,292,000) and a net current asset position \$3,391,000 (2023 net current asset: \$2,247,000). The remaining contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities are:

	Less than 3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	1-5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cashflows \$'000	Carrying amount (assets)/liabilities \$'000
At 30 June 2024						
Borrowings	-	2,486	-	-	2,486	2,438
Trade payables and other liabilities	1,660	-	-	-	1,660	1,660
Lease liabilities	228	749	4,149	482	5,608	3,635
	1,888	3,235	4,149	482	9,754	7,733
At 30 June 2023						
Borrowings	-	1,500	2,486	-	3,986	3,796
Trade payables and other liabilities	1,979	-	-	-	1,979	1,979
Lease liabilities	314	539	1,221	-	2,074	1,835
	2,293	2,039	3,707	-	8,039	7,610

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Group's financial position will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash and term deposits with financial institutions. The primary goal of the Group is to maximise returns on surplus cash, using deposits with maturities of 90 days or less. Management continually monitors the returns on funds invested. The exposure to interest rate risk as at 30 June 2024 is as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents (Note C.3)	4,784	2,292
Short-term deposits (Note C.5)	748	751
	5,532	3,043

A reasonably possible change in the interest rate (+0.5%/-0.5%) (2023: +0.5%/-0.5%), with all variables held constant, would have resulted in a change in post tax profit/(loss) of \$24,000/(\$24,000) (2023: \$11,000)/(\$11,000) and no impact to other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

C. WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating and investing activities, including trade receivables and short-term deposits with financial institutions. Maximum exposure to credit risk equals to the carrying amount of these financial assets (as outlined in each applicable note). The significant concentration of credit risk within the Group relate to receivable balances from the Group's major customer.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position at 30 June 2024 and 2023 is the carrying amounts as illustrated in Note C.2.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures including an assessment of their independent credit rating, financial position, past experience and industry reputation. Key individual customer receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. The significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group relate to receivable balances from the Group's major customer and cash held with investment grade financial institutions.

The investment of surplus cash in short-term deposits is only invested with a major financial institution to minimise the risk of default of counterparties.

C.1 Inventories

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Raw materials	6,304	8,944
Provision for impairment	(1,664)	(2,558)
Work in progress	2,171	1,832
Finished goods	105	-
	6,916	8,218
Current	4,020	5,980
Non current	2,896	2,238

Recognition and measurement

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- **Raw materials:** weighted average cost
- **Finished goods and work in progress:** weighted average cost of direct materials and direct manufacturing labour and a proportion of manufacturing overhead costs

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Key estimate - Recoverability of inventories

The Group's inventories are predominantly composed of purchased parts used in the construction of engines for sale. The recoverability of inventories is therefore highly dependent on the level of expected future orders of those engines by the Group's customers. The estimate of engine sales used in the calculation of the provision recognised at reporting date is informed by discussions with the Group's customers as to expected volume requirements for the engine programs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

C. WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

C.2 Trade and other receivables

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Trade receivables	392	2,101
Contract assets	890	-
Other receivables	849	873
Impairment of other receivables (a)	(849)	(849)
Recovery of bad debt (a)	185	-
Retention receivable	21	-
	1,488	2,125
Current	1,467	2,125
Non current	21	-

(a) At 30 June 2024, the Group has \$664,000 (2023: \$849,000) as a provision for impaired receivables in respect of an amount receivable from Avidsys Pty Ltd as consideration for the disposal of REMSAFE Pty Ltd on 18 December 2017), where receivables of \$185,000 were recovered as of 30 June 2024. See the "Credit risk management" section on credit risk of trade receivables, which explains how the Group manages and measures the quality of trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired.

The Group's payment terms on trade receivables range from 30 - 35 days. The credit risk of trade receivables neither past due nor impaired was assessed as remote as historical default rates with associated customers are negligible.

Recognition and measurement

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

Trade and other receivables are recognised on initial recognition at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Contract assets are recognised when the consolidated entity has transferred goods or services to the customer but where the consolidated entity is yet to establish an unconditional right to consideration. Contract assets are treated as financial assets for impairment purposes.

Impairment

Trade receivables and contract assets are subject to the expected credit loss model. The Group applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses the lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivable and contract assets. While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of AASB 9, there is no material impairment in the current year.

Fair value

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

C.3 Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash at bank	4,784	2,292
	4,784	2,292

The reconciliation of net loss after tax to net cash flows from operations for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Profit/(loss) after income tax from continuing operations	67	20
Profit/(loss) after income tax	67	20
Depreciation & amortisation (Note B.1)	880	777
Government loan forgiven	(1,358)	(4,690)
Provision for excess stock	(893)	(434)
Warranties (Note E.1)	(1,667)	236
Employee benefits (Note E.1)	(163)	(29)
Provision for doubtful debt	(185)	(75)
Share based payment expense (Note F.3)	36	23
Net foreign exchange gain	108	2
Net cash used in operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities	(3,175)	(4,170)
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities during the year:</i>		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables and prepayments	1,494	(984)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	2,195	5,065
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax assets	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(548)	(3,405)
	3,141	676
Net cash used in operating activities	(34)	(3,494)

Recognition and measurement

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk as to change in value.

Fair value

The carrying amount of short-term deposits approximates their fair value.

C.4 Non-cash investing and financing activities

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Additions to the right-of use assets	1,617	800
Additions to the finance lease receivable	82	499
Changes in borrowings	1,358	4,690
Changes in lease liabilities	(1,800)	(1,069)
Shares issued under employee share plan	36	36
	1,293	4,956

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

C. WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

C.5 Other financial assets

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Short term deposits	748	751
	748	751

The Group has pledged short term deposits of \$748,000 (2023: \$751,000) as collateral for financing and lease facilities.

Short-term deposits

Recognition and measurement

Short-term deposits represent term deposits with financial institutions for periods greater than 90 days and less than 365 days earning interest at the respective interest rate at time of lodgement. Short-term deposits are stated at amortised cost.

Fair value

The carrying amount of short-term deposits approximates their fair value.

C.6 Trade and other payables

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Trade payables	1,552	1,767
Taxes payable	108	212
	1,660	1,979

Recognition and measurement

Trade and other payables are financial liabilities recognised when goods and services are received prior to the end of the reporting period, irrespective of whether or not billed to the Group. Trade and other payables are recognised on initial recognition at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are measured at amortised cost.

Fair value

The carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates their fair value.

C.7 Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes revenue allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations in engineering services contracts with customers, unsatisfied performance obligations on sale of goods to customers and long-term advances received from customers.

A reconciliation of deferred revenue for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
At 1 July	1,243	4,046
Deferred during the year	6,666	7,825
Released to the statement of profit or loss	(6,579)	(10,628)
At 30 June	1,330	1,243

Recognition and measurement

Deferred revenue is recognised as a liability when consideration is received prior to performance obligations being satisfied with a customer. The deferred revenue is recognised as income over the periods that the performance obligations are met.

C.8 Leases

The Group leases various premises. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a range of different terms and conditions.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of variable lease payments that are based on index or a rate.

The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.

A sub lease has been recognised as a Finance Lease Receivable under AASB 16 Leases. This reduced the right-of-use asset on adoption.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Amounts recognised in the balance sheet

Set out below is a summary of the amounts disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position:

Right-of-use assets	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Properties	2,758	1,141
Total right-of-use assets	2,758	1,141

Finance Lease Receivable	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current	433	430
Non Current	332	253
	765	683

Lease Liabilities	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current	690	752
Non Current	2,945	1,083
	3,635	1,835

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	449	546
Impairment	-	-
Interest expense (included in finance cost)	152	57
Interest income	-	-

The total cash outflow for leases in 2024 was \$485,000 (2023: \$807,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

D. DEBT AND CAPITAL

In this section

This section addresses the debt and capital position of the Group at the end of the reporting period including, where applicable, the accounting policies applies and the key estimates and judgements made.

D.1	Borrowings	Page 40
D.2	Share capital	Page 41
D.3	Option reserves	Page 41
D.4	Reserves	Page 42

Financial and capital risks in this section

Capital risk management

For the purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes contributed shareholder equity. When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital, provides a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares or debt.

D.1 Borrowings

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Current	2,438	1,452
Non-current	-	2,344
	2,438	3,796

Changes in borrowings arising from financing activities are as follows:

	\$'000
At 30 June 2023	3,796
Loan forgiveness grant income	(1,500)
Interest expenses	142
At 30 June 2024	2,438
At 1 July 2022	8,486
Loan forgiveness grant income	(4,500)
Grant income (loan deferral)	(325)
Interest expenses	135
At 30 June 2023	3,796

On 25 January 2010, the Department of Jobs, Tourism, Science and Innovation ("JTSI") provided the Group with an interest-free loan of \$14,346,000 under the terms of a Deed (Acknowledgment of Debt) ("the Deed"). The terms and conditions attached to the Deed are as follows:

- The term of the loan was 25 January 2010 to 30 May 2025
- The loan balance \$9.9M was reclassified as current borrowings under the loan terms in place at 30 June 2021 while it was under renegotiation.
- Orbital successfully renegotiated the loan and received formal confirmation of a Deed of Variation on 31 January 2023.
- The Deed of Variation changed the repayment due dates so that the term of the loan was reduced to 31 December 2024.
- The repayment offset options provide the potential to forgive the entire value of the loan. The offset provisions are contingent on the Company achieving operational milestones over the remaining period.
- For the year ended June 2024, Orbital achieved various operational milestones and reduced the loan by \$1.5M.

Accounting standards require interest to be imputed while the loan is interest free. The benefit of extension of interest free terms agreed under the Deed of Variation (\$0.3M) is recognised on contract effective date as grant income, in accordance with AASB 120 Accounting for Government Grants.

The interest-free loan is secured by way of a first ranking floating debenture over the whole of the assets and undertakings of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

D. DEBT AND CAPITAL

D.2 Share capital

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Ordinary shares issued and fully paid	45,203	41,380
Movement in ordinary shares	Number	\$000's
At 1 July 2022	90,996,694	37,682
Issue of ordinary shares	25,000,000	3,968
Share issue transaction costs	-	(306)
Employee Share plan	1,238,610	36
At 30 June 2023	117,235,304	41,380
At 1 July 2023	117,235,304	41,380
Issue of ordinary shares	28,571,429	4,000
Share issue transaction costs	-	(213)
Employee Share plan	250,182	36
At 30 June 2024	146,056,915	45,203

Recognition and measurement

Share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received. The cost of issuing shares is shown in the share capital as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Own equity instruments that are re-acquired are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares.

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings. In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

D.3 Options reserve

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Issued Options	1,033	1,033
Movement in options	Number	\$000's
At 1 July 2022	-	-
Issue of options	17,500,000	1,033
At 30 June 2023	17,500,000	1,033
Movement in options	Number	\$000's
At 1 July 2023	17,500,000	1,033
Issue of options	-	-
At 30 June 2024	17,500,000	1,033

During the 2023 financial year, 17,500,000 new Options were issued for nil cash consideration and were valued at \$1,033,205 using the Black Scholes method of calculation at issue date of 7 February 2023. A volatility rate of 99.8% and a risk-free rate of 3.16% was used in the calculation. The options are exercisable at \$0.35 on or before the date that is 3 years after the date of issue.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

D. DEBT AND CAPITAL

D.4 Reserves

	Employee benefits reserve \$000's	Foreign currency translation reserve \$000's	Total \$000's
At 1 July 2022	2,665	(60)	2,605
Foreign currency translation	-	2	2
Rights issued pursuant to performance rights plan	(13)	-	(13)
At 30 June 2023	2,652	(58)	2,594
At 1 July 2023	2,652	(58)	2,594
Foreign currency translation	-	2	2
Rights issued pursuant to performance rights plan	-	-	-
At 30 June 2024	2,652	(56)	2,596

Nature and purpose of reserves

Foreign currency translation reserve

Used to record foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign entities from their functional currency to the Group's presentation currency.

Employee benefits reserve

The employee benefits reserve records the share-based payments provided to key management personnel as part of their long-term incentive remuneration. Refer to Note F.3 for further details.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

E. OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

In this section

This section addresses the other assets and liabilities position of the Group at the end of the reporting period including, where applicable, the accounting policies applies and the key estimates and judgements made.

E.1 Provisions Page 43

E.1 Provisions

	Warranties	Contract performance liabilities	Employee benefits	Total
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
At 1 July 2023	2,869	-	1,278	4,147
Arising during the year	125	21	483	629
Utilised	-	-	(646)	(646)
Expired	(1,792)	-	-	(1,792)
At 30 June 2024	1,202	21	1,115	2,338
Current	1,202	-	1,063	2,265
Non-current	-	21	52	73
	1,202	21	1,115	2,338
At 1 July 2022	2,633	-	1,307	3,940
Arising during the year	338	-	681	1,019
Utilised	(11)	-	(710)	(721)
Expired	(91)	-	-	(91)
At 30 June 2023	2,869	-	1,278	4,147
Current	2,869	-	1,227	4,096
Non-current	-	-	51	51
	2,869	-	1,278	4,147

Recognition and measurement

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation, legal or construction, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying benefits will be required to settle an obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provision for warranties

The Group provides for a provision for warranties for general repairs for two years after its propulsion system assemblies ("PSA") are sold. The provision for warranties represents the liability for potential warranty claims against the Group and is recognised at the point in time when a PSA is sold. The valuation of the provision for warranties is based on the product of the estimated defect rate, the cost of the PSA and the volume of PSAs sold.

Employee benefits

The Group does not expect its long-service or annual leave benefits to be settled wholly within twelve months of each reporting date. These liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made to the employees using the projected unit credit method. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, estimated future cash flows.

Other employee benefits expected to be wholly settled within one year after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are classified as short-term benefits and are measured at the amount due to be paid.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

F. OTHER NOTES

In this section

This section addresses information on other items which require disclosure to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). This section includes Group structure information and other disclosures.

F.1	Key management personnel compensation	Page 44
F.2	Related parties	Page 44
F.3	Share based payments	Page 45
F.4	Subsidiaries	Page 46
F.5	Parent entity information	Page 46
F.6	Auditor remuneration	Page 47
F.7	Contingent assets	Page 47
F.8	Contingent liabilities	Page 47
F.9	Commitments	Page 47
F.10	Events after the end of the reporting period	Page 47
F.11	Other accounting policies	Page 47
F.12	New accounting standards	Page 47

F.1 Key management personnel compensation

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	829,522	1,061,639
Post-employment benefits	62,601	80,864
Long-term employee benefits	(108,683)	21,029
Share based payments	-	289
	783,440	1,163,821

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognised as an expense during the reporting period related to key management personnel. The compensation of key management personnel is included in the employee benefits expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Refer to table 2 and table 3 of the Remuneration report for KMP share and equity holdings, including performance rights.

F.2 Related parties

Group structure

Note F.4 provides information about the Group's structure, including details of subsidiaries.

Transactions with directors

There were no transactions with directors during the year. Key management personnel compensation is disclosed in Note F.1.

No other director or key management personnel entered into a material contract with the Group from the end of the previous financial year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

F. OTHER NOTES

F.3 Share based payments

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Equity-settled share based payment transactions	36	23
	36	23

There were no cancellations or modifications to awards in the 2024 or 2023 financial years. Share-based payment plans are explained below:

Employee Share Plan

The Group provides benefits to its employees in the form of share based payments in which employees render services for ordinary shares in the Group. Under the plan, each eligible employee is offered fully paid ordinary shares to a maximum value of \$1,000 per annum.

For the year ended 30 June 2024, 250,182 ordinary shares (2023: 231,969 ordinary shares) were issued on 19 March 2024 at a market value on the date of issue of \$35,776 (2023: \$35,955).

2020 Executive LTI Plan and 2020 CEO LTI Plan

On 28 October 2020 and 04 December 2020, the Group issued 717,198 performance rights to key management personnel as part of their long-term incentive plan. The terms of the performance rights are set out on pages 12 of the Directors' Report. During the year ended 30 June 2024, no performance rights issued under the plan vested. The share based payment expense recognised for the year ended 30 June 2024 was \$nil (2023: \$nil).

Movements during the year

The following table illustrates the number of performance rights during the year:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Outstanding at 1 July	430,464	1,549,105
Granted during the year	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	(1,006,641)
Lapsed during the year	(430,464)	(112,000)
Outstanding at 30 June	-	430,464

The weighted average remaining contractual life of performance rights outstanding at 30 June 2024 was 0.00 years (2023: 0.25 years).

The following tables list the inputs into the models used for the plans for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 respectively:

	2020 Executive LTI Plan	2020 CEO LTI Plan
Grant date	28/10/2020	4/12/2020
Expiry date	30/09/2023	30/09/2023
Share price at grant date	\$1.19	\$1.18
Fair value (\$/right) - Tranche 1	0.970	0.980
Fair value (\$/right) - Tranche 2	0.760	0.730
Expected volatility	70%	70%
Risk-free interest rate	0.12%	0.13%
Remaining contractual life	1.25 years	1.25 years
Model used	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo

The expected life of the performance rights is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility of performance rights reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the performance rights is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

Recognition and measurement

Employees, including key management personnel, of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments; that is, equity-settled transactions. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined using the fair value of the equity instrument at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

The cost arising from share-based payments is recognised as an employee benefits expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity over the period in which the service and, where applicable, the performance conditions, are fulfilled; that is, the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of the awards, but the likelihood of the condition being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of shares that will vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

F. OTHER NOTES

F.4 Subsidiaries

The ultimate parent company of the Group is Orbital Corporation Limited. The consolidated financial statements of the Group include:

Entity	Note	Class of shares	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	% equity interest	
					2024	2023
Orbital Australia Pty Ltd	(b) (c)	Ordinary	Australia	Production & Development	100	100
Orbital Australia Manufacturing Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
OEC Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
S T Management Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
OFT Australia Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Investment Development Funding Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Power Investment Funding Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Kala Technologies Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Orbital Autogas Systems Pty Ltd		Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Orbital Share Plan Pty Ltd	(a)	Ordinary	Australia	Dormant	100	100
Orbital Holdings (USA) Inc.		Ordinary	United States	Dormant	100	100
Orbital Fluid Technologies Inc.		Ordinary	United States	Dormant	100	100
Orbital UAV USA, LLC		Ordinary	United States	Production & Development	100	100

(a) Orbital Share Plan Pty Ltd was established on 22 September 2008 and acts as the trustee for Executive Long Incentive Performance Rights Plans.

(b) The Production activities are focussed on the manufacture, assembly and delivery of engines and propulsion systems for unmanned aerial vehicles, and the continuous improvement of propulsion system and component part costs; product quality; and timing of product delivery.

(c) The Development activities specialise in the development of new UAV propulsion systems and flight critical components, including unmanned aerial vehicle engineering studies, engine mapping, maintenance certification and engineering technical support across the Group.

F.5 Parent entity information

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets	-	-
Non-current assets	7,661	7,625
Current liabilities	2,438	1,451
Non-current liabilities	-	2,344
Net assets	5,223	3,830
Issued capital	45,203	41,380
Share Options Reserve	1,033	1,033
Accumulated losses	(43,665)	(41,235)
Employee benefits reserve	2,652	2,652
Total equity	5,223	3,830
Profit / (loss) of the parent	1,541	4,689
Total comprehensive profit/ (loss) of the parent entity	1,541	4,689

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

F. OTHER NOTES

F.6 Auditor remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (2023: PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia (PwC)) as the auditor of the parent entity, Orbital Corporation Limited, by PwC's related network firms and by non-related audit firms:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
(a) Auditors of the Group		
Audit and review of financial reports	97,638	273,138
Tax compliance services	20,000	50,601
Other services	-	20,400
	117,638	344,139

F.7 Contingent assets

The Group had no contingent assets as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

F.8 Contingent liabilities

The Group had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

F.9 Commitments

The Group had no commitments that are not recognised as liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

F.10 Events after the end of the reporting period

There were no reportable events after the reporting period end.

F.11 Other accounting policies

Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amounts of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") is included as a current asset or liability in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

Intangible assets

Patents

Patents, licences and technology development and maintenance costs, not qualifying for capitalisation, are expensed as incurred.

Fair value measurement

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ▶ Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

F.12 New accounting standards

New standards and interpretations

The Group has reviewed new standards and interpretations and none of the new and amended accounting standards and interpretations will significantly affect the Group's accounting policies, financial position or performance.

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

Name of entity	Type of entity	Trustee, partner, or participant in joint venture	% of share capital held	Australian resident or foreign resident (for tax purposes)	Foreign tax jurisdiction(s) of foreign residents
Orbital Corporation Limited	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Orbital Australia Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Orbital Australia Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
OEC Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
S T Management Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
OFT Australia Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Investment Development Funding Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Power Investment Funding Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Kala Technologies Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Orbital Autogas Systems Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Orbital Share Plan Pty Ltd	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Australia	n/a
Orbital Holdings (USA) Inc.	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Foreign	United States
Orbital Fluid Technologies Inc.	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Foreign	United States
Orbital UAV USA, LLC	Body corporate	n/a	100%	Foreign	United States


Orbital Corporation (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Orbital Corporation Limited, I state that:

1. In the opinion of the Directors:
 - (a) The financial statements and notes and the additional disclosures included in the Directors' Report designated as audited, of the Group are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2024 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) Complying with Accounting Standards in Australia and the *Corporations Act 2001*.
 - (b) The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a).
 - (c) Other than the matters raised in Note 1.J here are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
 - (d) The information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declaration required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*, from the Chief Financial Officer for the financial year 30 June 2024.

On behalf of the Board,



JP Welborn
Chairman

Dated at Perth, Western Australia 30 August 2024

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Orbital Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Orbital Corporation Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1.J in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group recorded an after tax profit of \$67,000 (2023: \$20,000) and operating cash outflows of \$34,000 (2023: \$3,494,000). As at 30 June 2024, the Group had net assets of \$10,830,000 (2023: 6,938,000) and net current assets of \$3,391,000 (2023: 2,247,000). The Group also had cash outflows from investing activities of \$790,000 (2023: 372,000) and cash inflows from financing activities of \$3,302,000 (2023: 3,888,000). As stated in Note 1.J, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1.J, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

ACN 145 447 105

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (ABN 27 145 447 105) is a firm of Chartered Accountants. It is affiliated with, but independent from Nexia Australia Pty Ltd. Nexia Australia Pty Ltd is a member of Nexia International, a leading, global network of independent accounting and consulting firms. For more information please see www.nexia.com.au/legal. Neither Nexia International nor Nexia Australia Pty Ltd provide services to clients.

Liability limited under a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Valuation of Inventories</p> <p><i>Refer to note C.1</i></p> <p>As at 30 June 2024, the Group held inventories with a carrying value of \$6,916,000, comprising of raw materials and work in progress which will be used in the construction of engines.</p> <p>In accordance with AASB 102: Inventories ("AASB 102"), inventories shall be measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.</p> <p>As at 30 June 2024, the Group recognised a provision of \$1,664,000 to reduce the carrying value of certain items of inventory to its net realisable value, as required by Australian Accounting Standards.</p> <p>We focused on this matter due to the significance of the Inventories balance to the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and the significant level of estimation in determining the quantum of the provision.</p> <p>There is a risk that inventories are not carried at lower of cost and net realizable value and not recognised and disclosed in accordance with AASB 102.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> assessed the application of inventory costing methodologies and whether this was consistent with the requirements of AASB 102; agreed the cost of a sample of inventory items to supplier invoices; on a sample basis, evaluated the direct labour costs allocated to engines in inventories by inspecting timesheets and agreeing the labour cost to payroll data; on a sample basis, recalculated the mathematical accuracy of weighted average and standard cost and matched to closing cost per the inventory report; checked the accuracy of allocation of overhead costs per the basis of calculation determined by the management; evaluated whether inventories were carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value, by comparing the cost of inventories in each engine's respective final bill of material against sale prices in customer contracts; checked the adequacy for provision for obsolete and slow moving stocks based on future use of those inventory for production or rework; and evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures made in Note C.1 in the light of the requirements of AASB 102.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

For personal use only

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial statements (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i) the financial statements (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2_2020.pdf

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 15 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2024.


In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Orbital Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

N.P.A.S.

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd



Muranda Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen
Director

Perth, Western Australia
30 August 2024

SHAREHOLDING DETAILS

Class of Shares and Voting Rights

As at 5 July 2024 there were 4,831 shareholders of the ordinary shares of the Company. The voting rights attaching to the ordinary shares, set out in Article 8 of the Company's Constitution, subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, are:

- a) at meetings of members or class of members, each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy or representative; and
- b) on a show of hands every person present who is a member has one vote, and on a poll every person present in person or by proxy or representative has one vote for each ordinary share held.

Substantial Shareholders and Holdings as at 5 July 2024

UIL Limited	45,278,204	31.10%
BONEYARD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	21,471,639	14.75%
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	15,869,287	10.90%

Distribution of Shareholdings as at 5 July 2024

1-1,000	2,539
1,001-5,000	1,209
5,001-10,000	432
10,001-100,000	550
100,001 and over	101
Number of shareholders	4,831
Total Shares on Issue	145,584,770
Number of unmarketable parcels	4,820,689

Top 20 Shareholders as at 30 June 2024

		NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	% OF SHARES
1	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	45,278,204	31.10
2	BONEYARD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	21,471,639	14.75
3	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	15,869,287	10.90
4	ANNAPURNA PTY LTD	3,074,167	2.11
5	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED - A/C 2	2,428,507	1.67
6	MR ANTHONY SHANE KITTEL & MRS MICHELE THERESE KITTEL	2,000,000	1.37
7	DEBUSCEY PTY LTD	1,850,000	1.27
8	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,777,347	1.22
9	BIRKETU PTY LTD	1,455,688	1.00
10	MR JOHN PAUL WELBORN	1,199,380	0.82
11	MR KENT MILLER LOGIE	1,049,603	0.72
12	MR MICHAEL WILLIAM FORD & MRS NINA BETTE FORD	1,039,105	0.71
13	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	930,007	0.64
14	VULCAN INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	900,000	0.63
15	MR JOHN PAUL WELBORN & MS CAROLINE ANNE WELBORN	792,287	0.55
16	MAGLO INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	730,726	0.50
17	TJM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	714,286	0.49
18	MR ADRIANO DINO CUGOLA	700,000	0.48
19	MR GEOFFREY VICTOR DAY	600,000	0.41
20	BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED	583,334	0.40
Top 20 Shareholders Total		104,443,567	71.74

The 20 largest shareholders hold 71.74% of the ordinary shares of the Company (2023: 66.74%).

On-market share buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

ABN 32 009 344 058

REGISTERED AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE

4 Whipple Street
Balcatta, Western Australia 6021
Australia

CONTACT DETAILS

Australia

Telephone: 61 (08) 9441 2311
contact@orbitalcorp.com.au

USA

Address: 210 Wasco Loop, Hood River, OR 97031, USA
info@orbitaluav.com

INTERNET ADDRESS

www.orbitaluav.com

DIRECTORS

J.P. Welborn, Chairman
S.B. Gallagher
F.K. Abbott
G. Lukey

COMPANY SECRETARY

T. B. Spencer

SHARE REGISTRY

Link Market Services Limited

Level 12 QV1 Building
250 St Georges Terrace
Perth, Western Australia 6000
Telephone: 61 (08) 9211 6670

SHARE TRADING FACILITIES

Australian Stock Exchange Limited (Code "OEC")

AUDITORS

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

Level 3, 88 William Street
Perth, Western Australia 6000